

The Corporation of the TOWN OF MILTON

Report To: Council

From: Linda Leeds, Director, Corporate Services and Treasurer

Date: December 14, 2015

Report No: CORS-088-15

Subject: Development Charges Background Study

Recommendation: THAT Council receive the 2015 Development Charge

Background Study for information purposes;

AND THAT staff be directed to meet with key stakeholders to engage in discussions regarding the Development Charge Background Study prior to holding the required

statutory public meeting.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Town's current Development Charges By-law No. 087-2011 will expire in September, 2016. Prior to Council approval of a new by-law, a background study must be completed in accordance with the provisions of the *Development Charges Act*, 1997 (the "DCA"). Throughout 2015, Town staff and Watson & Associates Economists Ltd. ("Watson") have prepared background information and financial analysis in order to prepare the study. The Town of Milton Development Charge Background Study, dated December 8, 2015 (the "Study") is attached to this report for Council's information and will be used as the basis of future discussions with key stakeholders.

REPORT

Background

Watson was retained to work with Town staff to prepare a background study as required by the DCA. The Study has been completed and is attached to this report for information purposes.

Discussion

Development charges are a source of funding utilized to recover the capital costs of providing infrastructure associated with growth at the same level as historically provided to the community. The DCA gives the authority for municipalities to impose these charges.

The Study includes a historical view of the eligible infrastructure that has been in place over the past ten years to provide the Town's programs and services. Based on this information and the population growth expected over the next ten years, the Study



The Corporation of the TOWN OF MILTON

Report #: CORS-088-15 Page 2 of 2

projects the capital infrastructure required to continue to deliver the Town's programs and services and the eligible capital costs associated with this infrastructure. The Study determines the development charge rates that are required to recover the costs of this infrastructure to the greatest extent permissible in an effort to minimize the financial impact of growth on the existing community.

Over the next several months, staff and Watson will meet with key stakeholders to discuss the results of the Study prior to the statutory public meeting required under the DCA and the subsequent Council approval of the Study and development charges bylaw.

The Province has recently taken steps to update the *Development Charges Act, 1997* through Bill 73, An Act to Amend the *Development Charges Act, 1997* and the *Planning Act.* This Act has been passed by the legislature and received royal assent on December 3, 2015. However, the Bill 73 amendments to the DCA are not yet in force and will take effect when the Lieutenant Governor proclaims them to be in force, a date or dates as yet unknown. In addition, the amendments include several provisions to permit the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing to make regulations. As no regulations have been released as of the date of this report, there is further detail still to come. Once the amendments to the DCA come into effect and the regulations have been released and are deemed to be in force, Staff will consult with Watson and the Town's legal counsel and will advise whether the Town is required to issue an update to the Study to reflect the new amendments and regulations.

Financial Impact

The financial impact is outlined in the Study. The proposed charges result in the recovery of growth related costs to the greatest extent permitted under the *Development Charges Act, 1997*. Staff will meet with key stakeholders in 2016 to discuss the Study prior to the public meeting and by-law approval.

Respectfully submitted, Linda Leeds, CPA, CGA Director, Corporate Services and Treasurer

For questions, please contact: Sheryl Hill CPA, CGA 905-878-7252 ext. 2151

Attachments

2015 Development Charges Background Study

CAO Approval
M. Paul Cripps, P.Eng.
Acting Chief Administrative Officer

Town of Milton Development Charge Background Study

December 8, 2015





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Contents

			Page
Exec	utive S	ummary	i
1.	Introd 1.1 1.2 1.3	luction Purpose of this Document Summary of the Process Proposed Changes to the Development Charges Act: Bill 73, Sma Growth for Our Communities Act, 2015	1-1 1-1 art
2.	Curre 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	ent Town of Milton Policy Schedule of Charges Services Covered Timing of D.C. Calculation and Payment Indexing Redevelopment Allowance Exemptions Reductions	2-1 2-1 2-2 2-2 2-3
3.	Antic 3.1 3.2 3.3	pated Development in the Town of Milton Requirements of the Act Basis of Population, Household and Non-Residential Gross Floor A Forecast Summary of Growth Forecast	3-1 Area 3-1
4.	The A 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9	Introduction Services Potentially Involved Increase in the Need for Service Local Service Policy Capital Forecast Treatment of Credits Eligible Debt and Committed Excess Capacity Existing Reserve Funds Deductions 4.9.1 Reduction Required by Level of Service Ceiling 4.9.2 Reduction for Uncommitted Excess Capacity 4.9.3 Reduction for Benefit to Existing Development 4.9.4 Reduction for Anticipated Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions 4.9.5 The 10% Reduction	4-14-14-64-74-84-94-10
5.	Deve 5.1 5.2	Introduction Service Levels and 10-Year Capital Costs for D.C. Calculation 5.2.1 Services Related to a Highway 5.2.2 Public Works Operations 5.2.3 Fire Protection Services	5-1 5-1 5-1

		5.2.4 Transit Services	5-12
		5.2.5 Parks Development Services	5-14
		5.2.6 Recreation	
		5.2.7 Library Services	
		5.2.8 Administration Studies	
		5.2.9 Parking	
	5.3	Special Area Charges for Stormwater Management Monitoring	
		5.3.1 Sherwood Survey Area	
		5.3.2 Boyne Survey Area	
		5.3.3 Derry Green Area	
6.	Deve	lopment Charge Calculation	6-1
7.		lopment Charge Policy Recommendations and Development Charge E	
	Rules		
	7.1	Introduction	
	7.2	Development Charge By-law Structure	
	7.3	Development Charge By-law Rules	
		7.3.1 Payment in any Particular Case	
		7.3.2 Determination of the Amount of the Charge	
		7.3.3 Application to Redevelopment of Land (Demolition and Conve7-3	rsion)
		7.3.4 Exemptions (full or partial)	7-4
		7.3.5 Phasing in	
		7.3.6 Timing of Collection	7-5
		7.3.7 Indexing	7-5
		7.3.8 The Applicable Areas	7-6
	7.4	Other Development Charge By-law Provisions	7-6
		7.4.1 Categories of Services for Reserve Fund and Credit Purposes	7-6
		7.4.2 By-law In-force Date	7-6
		7.4.3 Minimum Interest Rate Paid on Refunds and Charged for Inter	
		Reserve Fund Borrowing	
	7.5	Other Recommendations	7-7
8.	By-la	w Implementation	8-1
	8.1	Public Consultation Process	
		8.1.1 Introduction	
		8.1.2 Public Meeting of Council	8-1
		8.1.3 Other Consultation Activity	8-1
	8.2	Anticipated Impact of the Charge on Development	8-2
	8.3	Implementation Requirements	8-2
		8.3.1 Introduction	8-2
		8.3.2 Notice of Passage	8-3
		8.3.3 By-law Pamphlet	8-3
		8.3.4 Appeals	
		8.3.5 Complaints	8-4
		8.3.6 Credits	8-4
		8.3.7 Front-Ending Agreements	
		8.3.8 Severance and Subdivision Agreement Conditions	

Appendix A – Background Information on Residential and Non-residential Growth Forecast	A-1
Appendix B – Level of Service	
Appendix C – Long Term Capital and Operating Cost Examination	C-1
Appendix D – Development Charge Reserve Fund Policy	D-1
Appendix E – Local Service Policy	E1
Appendix F – Proposed Development Charge By-law	F-1

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

A.V.L. Automatic Vehicle Location

D.C. Development Charge

D.C.A. Development Charges Act

E.S.A. Environmentally Sensitive Area

G.F.A. Gross floor area

N.F.P.O.W. No Fixed Place of Work

N.H.S. Natural Heritage System

O.M.B. Ontario Municipal Board

O.Reg. Ontario Regulation

P.O.A. Provincial Offences Act

P.P.U. Persons per unit

S.D.U. Single detached unit

s.s. Subsection

S.W.M. Sewer/water management

sq.ft. Square footage

Executive Summary

- 1. The report provided herein represents the Development Charge Background Study for the Town of Milton required by the *Development Charges Act* (D.C.A.). This report has been prepared in accordance with the methodology required under the D.C.A. The contents include the following:
 - Chapter 1 Overview of the legislative requirements of the Act;
 - Chapter 2 Review of present D.C. policies of the Town;
 - Chapter 3 Summary of the residential and non-residential growth forecasts for the Town:
 - Chapter 4 Approach to calculating the development charge;
 - Chapter 5 Review of historic service standards and identification of future capital requirements to service growth and related deductions and allocations;
 - Chapter 6 Calculation of the development charges;
 - Chapter 7 Development charge policy recommendations and rules; and
 - Chapter 8 By-law implementation.
- 2. Development charges provide for the recovery of growth-related capital expenditures from new development. The *Development Charges Act* is the statutory basis to recover these charges. The methodology is detailed in Chapter 4; a simplified summary is provided below:
 - 1) Identify amount, type and location of growth;
 - Identify servicing needs to accommodate growth;
 - Identify capital costs to provide services to meet the needs;
 - 4) Deduct:
 - Grants, subsidies and other contributions;
 - Benefit to existing development;
 - Statutory 10% deduction (soft services);
 - Amounts in excess of 10-year historic service calculation;
 - D.C. reserve funds (where applicable);
 - Net costs are then allocated between residential and non-residential benefit;
 and

- 6) Net costs divided by growth to provide the D.C. charge.
- 3. The growth forecast (Chapter 3) on which the Town-wide development charge is based, projects the following population, housing and non-residential floor area for the 10-year (2015-2024) period, for purposes of calculating the Town-wide development charges. As well, growth forecast for the 10 Year periods specific to the Sherwood, Boyne and Derry Green Secondary Plans have been provided for purposes of calculating the area specific stormwater development charges.

Measure	10 Year	Sherwood	Boyne	Derry Green (BPII)
	2015-2024	2015-2024	2015-2024	2015-2024
(Net) Population Increase	57,149	5,694	48,196	-
Residential Unit Increase	21,598	2,234	17,359	-
Non-Residential Gross Floor Area Increase (ft²)	27,042,270	2,172,150	2,186,100	15,115,550

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd. Forecast 2015

- 4. On September 26, 2011, the Town of Milton passed By-law 087-2011 under the *Development Charges Act, 1997*. The by-law imposes development charges on residential and non-residential uses. The Town is undertaking a development charge public process and anticipates passing a new by-law in advance of the September 27, 2016 expiry date. The mandatory public meeting will be scheduled in 2016 after consultation with stakeholders and legislative notice is provided in accordance with the D.C.A.
- 5. The Town's municipal-wide development charges currently in effect are \$16,025 for single detached dwelling units. Municipal-wide non-residential charges are \$6.76 per square foot of retail development and \$3.49 per square foot of non-retail development. This report has undertaken a recalculation of the charge based on future identified needs (presented in Schedule ES-1 for residential and non-residential). The corresponding municipal-wide single-detached unit charge is \$17,847. The municipal-wide non-residential charge is \$6.58 per square foot of retail development and \$3.02 per square foot of non-retail development. These rates are submitted to Council for its consideration.
- 6. The Town currently has area-specific charges for stormwater management for the Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green areas. These charges are in addition to the Town wide development charges.
 - a. The current single-detached area specific development charges for the Sherwood and Boyne Survey areas are \$66 and \$62, respectively. There

is no residential stormwater management charge applied to the Derry Green area. These charges have also been recalculated and can be found in Table ES-1.

- b. The current area specific non-residential development charges for retail developments for the Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green areas are, \$0.07, \$0.08, and \$0.21 respectively. For non-retail development the current area specific charges are \$0.05, \$0.06, and \$0.10 respectively. These charges have also been recalculated and can be found in Table ES-1.
- 7. The *Development Charges Act* requires a summary be provided of the gross capital costs and the net costs to be recovered over the life of the by-law. This calculation is provided by service and is presented in Table 6-5. A summary of these costs is provided below:

Total gross expenditures planned over the next five years	\$ 310,728,437
Less:	
Benefit to existing development	\$ 32,747,375
Post planning period benefit	\$ 12,053,700
DC Recoverable Service Standard Adjustment ¹	\$ 58,571
Ineligible re: Level of Service	\$ 3,267,575
Mandatory 10% deduction for certain services	\$ 15,207,957
Grants, subsidies and other contributions	\$ 1,509,370
Net Costs to be recovered from development charges	\$ 245,883,888

Hence, \$64.84 million (or an average annual amount of \$12.97 million) will need to be contributed from taxes and rates, or other sources. Of this amount, \$12.11 million will be included in subsequent D.C. study updates to reflect the portion of capital that benefits growth in the post period D.C. forecasts and the amounts that will be included over time as the service standards adjust.

Based on the above table, the Town plans to spend \$310.73 million over the next five years, of which \$245.88 million (79%) is recoverable from development charges. Of this net amount, \$195.02 million is recoverable from residential development and \$50.86 million from non-residential development. It is noted also that any exemptions or reductions in the charges would reduce this recovery further.

8. Considerations by Council – The background study represents the service needs arising from residential and non-residential growth over the forecast periods.

The following services are calculated based on an area specific urban buildout forecast:

 Stormwater Management (for the Sherwood, Boyne and Derry Green Surveys).

All other services are calculated based on 10-year forecast. These include:

- Services Related to a Highway;
- Public Works Operations;
- Fire Protection Services:
- Transit;
- Parks Development;
- Recreation Services;
- Library Services;
- Administration Studies; and
- Parking.

Council will consider the findings and recommendations provided in the report and, in conjunction with public input, approve such policies and rates it deems appropriate. These directions will refine the draft D.C. by-law which is appended in Appendix F. These decisions may include:

- adopting the charges and policies recommended herein;
- considering additional exemptions to the by-law; and
- considering reductions in the charge by class of development (obtained by removing certain services on which the charge is based and/or by a general reduction in the charge).

TABLE ES-1
SCHEDULE OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

			NON-RESIDENTIAL				
Service	Single and Semi- Detached Dwelling	Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	Other Multiples	Special Care/Special Dwelling Units	Retail (per ft ² of Gross Floor Area)	Non-Retail (per ft ² of Gross Floor Area)
Municipal Wide Services:							
Services Related to a Highway	6,036	3,241	2,178	4,321	1,886	4.70	2.15
Public Works Operations	1,004	539	362	719	314	0.33	0.15
Fire Protection Services	392	210	141	281	123	0.43	0.20
Recreation	4,664	2,504	1,683	3,339	1,458	0.29	0.13
Parks Development	4,161	2,234	1,501	2,979	1,300	0.26	0.12
Library	705	379	254	505	220	0.05	0.02
Administration	423	227	153	303	132	0.25	0.12
Transit	174	93	63	125	54	0.10	0.05
Parking	288	155	104	206	90	0.17	0.08
Total Municipal Wide Services	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.58	3.02
Area Specific Services							
Stormwater Management - Sherwood Survey	201	108	73	144	63	0.17	0.11
Stormwater Management - Boyne Survey	73	39	26	52	23	0.09	0.05
Stormwater Management - Derry Green	-	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.07
GRAND TOTAL MUNICIPAL SERVICES (Excluding Stormwater for Areas Noted Below)	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.58	3.02
GRAND TOTAL - SHERWOOD SURVEY	18,048	9,690	6,512	12,922	5,640	6.75	3.13
GRAND TOTAL - BOYNE SURVEY	17,920	9,621	6,465	12,830	5,600	6.67	3.07
GRAND TOTAL - DERRY GREEN	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.74	3.09

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this Document

This background study has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the *Development Charges Act, 1997* (s.10) and, accordingly, recommends new development charges and policies for the Town of Milton.

The Town retained Watson & Associates Economists Ltd. (Watson), to undertake the development charges (D.C.) study process in 2015. Watson worked with Town staff in preparing the D.C. analysis and policy recommendations.

This development charge background study, containing the proposed development charge by-law, will be distributed to members of the public in order to provide interested parties with sufficient background information on the legislation, the study's recommendations and an outline of the basis for these recommendations.

This report has been prepared, in the first instance, to meet the statutory requirements applicable to the Town's development charge background study, as summarized in Chapter 4. It also addresses the requirement for "rules" (contained in Chapter 7) and the proposed by-law to be made available as part of the approval process (included as Appendix F).

In addition, the report is designed to set out sufficient background on the legislation (Chapter 4), Milton's current D.C. policy (Chapter 2) and the policies underlying the proposed by-law, to make the exercise understandable to those who are involved.

Finally, it addresses post-adoption implementation requirements (Chapter 8) which are critical to the successful application of the new policy.

The Chapters in the report are supported by Appendices containing the data required to explain and substantiate the calculation of the charge. A full discussion of the statutory requirements for the preparation of a background study and calculation of a development charge is provided herein.

1.2 Summary of the Process

The public meeting required under Section 12 of the *Development Charges Act, 1997*, will be schedule in 2016 in accordance with the D.C. Act. Its purpose is to present the study to the public and to solicit public input. The meeting is also being held to answer

any questions regarding the study's purpose, methodology and the proposed modifications to the Town's development charges.

To date, the following process has taken place:

- Data collection, staff review, engineering work, D.C. calculations and policy work (March – November, 2015); and
- Background study and draft D.C. by-law prepared (December 8, 2015)
- Background study and draft D.C. by-law received by Council (December 14, 2015)

The process to be followed in finalizing the report and recommendations include:

- Consultation with stakeholders;
- Public meeting advertisement placed in newspaper(s) in accordance with the requirements of the D.C. Act;
- Public meeting of Council;
- Consideration of responses received prior to, at, or immediately following the Public Meeting;
- Council considers adoption of the background study and passage of the D.C. by-law;
- Notice in the newspaper (s) given of by-law passage within 20 days of passage;
- Last day for by-law appeal is 40 days after by-law passage;
- Town makes pamphlet available (where by-law is not appealed) within 60 days after the by-law comes into force.

1.3 Proposed Changes to the Development Charges Act: Bill 73, Smart Growth for Our Communities Act, 2015

The Province has recently taken steps to update the D.C.A. through Bill 73, An Act to Amend the Development Charges Act, 1997 and the Planning Act. This Act has been passed by the legislature and received royal assent on December 3, 2015. However, the Bill 73 amendments to the D.C.A. are not yet in force and will take effect when the Lieutenant Governor proclaims them to be in force, a date or dates as yet unknown. In addition, the amendments include several provisions to permit the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing to make regulations. As no regulations have been released as of the date of this report, there is further detail still to come. Once the amendments to the D.C.A. come into effect and the regulations have been released and are deemed to be in force, we will consider whether we will update this Background Study.

2. Current Town of Milton Policy

2.1 Schedule of Charges

On September 26, 2011, the Town of Milton passed By-law 087-2011 under the *Development Charges Act, 1997*. This by-law imposes development charges for residential and non-residential uses. The table below provides the rates currently in effect, as at June 30, 2015.

Table 2-1
Development Charges
As at June 30, 2015

		Resid	ential			Non-Residential		
Service	Single & Semi Detached	Multiples	Apartments with >= 2 Bedrooms	Apartments with < 2 Bedrooms	Special Care/Speical Dwelling Unit	Retail per ft ²	Non-Retail per ft²	
Roads and Related	5,355	4,052	3,368	2,205	1,707	4.92	2.55	
Public Works Operations	899	682	567	370	286	0.48	0.25	
Fire Protection Services	324	246	205	133	104	0.32	0.16	
Recreation	4,412	3,337	2,776	1,816	1,406	0.32	0.16	
Parks Development	3,726	2,818	2,343	1,535	1,188	0.27	0.14	
Library	624	471	391	256	200	0.04	0.02	
Administration	262	200	165	108	84	0.15	0.08	
Transit	84	63	52	35	26	0.05	0.02	
Parking	339	257	214	140	108	0.21	0.11	
Total	16,025	12,126	10,081	6,598.00	5,109.00	6.76	3.49	
Stormwater Management - Sherwood Survey	66	50	42	26.00	20.00	0.07	0.05	
Stormwater Management - Boyne Survey	62	47	39	25.00	19.00	0.08	0.06	
Stormwater Management - Derry Green	-	-	-	-	-	0.21	0.10	
Total - Sherwood	16,091	12,176	10,123	6,624.00	5,129.00	6.83	3.54	
Total - Boyne	16,087	12,173	10,120	6,623.00	5,128.00	6.84	3.55	
Total - Derry Green	16,025	12,126	10,081	6,598.00	5,109.00	6.97	3.59	

2.2 Services Covered

The following services are covered under By-law 087-2011:

Town-wide Services:

- Roads & Related;
- Public Works Operations;
- Fire Protection Services;
- Recreation;
- Parks Development;
- Library;
- Administration (studies);
- Transit; and
- Parking.

Area Specific Services:

- Stormwater Management Services for Sherwood;
- Stormwater Management Services for Boyne; and
- Stormwater Management Services for Derry Green.

2.3 Timing of D.C. Calculation and Payment

Development charges applicable to residential and non-residential development are calculated, payable and collected as of the date a building permit is issued. For residential development the Roads and Related and Stormwater Management service components are payable, where applicable, prior to the execution of the subdivision agreement.

2.4 Indexing

Rates shall be indexed on April 1st each year, commencing from by-law passage, in accordance with the Statistics Canada Quarterly, Construction Price Statistics, for the most recent year-over-year period.

2.5 Redevelopment Allowance

As a result of the redevelopment of land, a building existing on the same land within 5 years prior to the date of payment of development charges with respect to such redevelopment was, or is to be demolished, in whole or in part, or converted from one principal use to another principal use on the same land, in order to facilitate the redevelopment, the development charges otherwise payable with respect to such redevelopment shall be reduced by the following amounts:

- (a) in the case of a residential building or structure, or in the case of a mixed-use building or structure, the residential uses in the mixed-use building or structure, an amount calculated by multiplying the applicable development charge under section 24 of the By-law by the number, according to type, of dwelling units that have been or will be demolished or converted to another principal use; and
- (b) in the case of a non-residential building or structure or, in the case of mixed-use building or structure, the non-residential uses in the mixed-use building or structure, an amount calculated by multiplying the applicable development charges under section 25 of the By-law by the total floor area that has been or will be demolished or converted to another principal use; provided that such

amounts shall not exceed, in total, the amount of the development charges otherwise payable with respect to the redevelopment.

2.6 Exemptions

The following non-statutory exemptions are provided under By-law 087-2011:

- Places of worship/Cemetery/Burial Ground;
- Creation or addition of an accessory use or accessory building not exceeding 10 square metres of gross floor area;
- Creation or addition of an accessory use or accessory building to a residential use where the accessory use or accessory building is not used for any commercial use or purpose;
- Public hospitals receiving aid under the Public Hospitals Act,
- Buildings owned and used for the purposes of a conservation authority unless such buildings are used primarily or in connection with recreational purposes for which the conservation authority charges admission and/or fee or any commercial purposes;
- Agricultural development (bona fide farms);
- Seasonal structures:
- Temporary venues; and
- Garden suites (within guidelines).

2.7 Reductions

By-law 087-2011 does not provide for any reductions to the applicable development charges.

3. Anticipated Development in the Town of Milton

3.1 Requirements of the Act

Chapter 4 provides the methodology for calculating a development charge as per the Development Charges Act, 1997. Figure 4-1 presents this methodology graphically. It is noted in the first box of the schematic that in order to determine the development charge that may be imposed, it is a requirement of section 5(1) of the Development Charges Act that, "the anticipated amount, type and location of development, for which development charges can be imposed, must be estimated."

The growth forecast contained in this chapter (with supplemental tables in Appendix A) provides for the anticipated development for which the Town of Milton will be required to provide services, over a 10-year time horizon.

3.2 Basis of Population, Household and Non-Residential Gross Floor Area Forecast

The D.C. growth forecast has been derived based on extensive discussions with Town staff regarding historical development trends, phasing, land availability and market demand. In compiling the growth forecast, the following reports were also consulted to help assess residential and non-residential development potential for the Town over the forecast period, including:

- Town of Milton Development Charge Background Study, 2010, by Watson & Associates Economists Ltd.;
- Halton Region June 2011 Best Planning Estimates of Population, Occupied Dwelling Units and Employment, 2011-2031;
- Amendment No. 29 to the Official Plan of the Town of Milton Derry Green Corporate Business Park Secondary Plan and related Official Plan Amendments, June 2010;
- Amendment No. 30 to the Official Plan of the Town of Milton Boyne Survey Secondary Plan and related Official Plan Amendments, June 2010;
- Town of Milton Employment and Commercial/Retail Land Needs Municipal Comprehensive Review 2014, and Employment Land Needs Assessment (in progress); and

• September 28, 2015 Report to Committee of the Whole (ES-022-15) re: Milton Economic Development Advisory Committee (M.E.D.A.C.) update.

In addition to reviewing the above-mentioned documents, the following key demographic and economic data was also considered in generating the population, household and non-residential growth forecast:

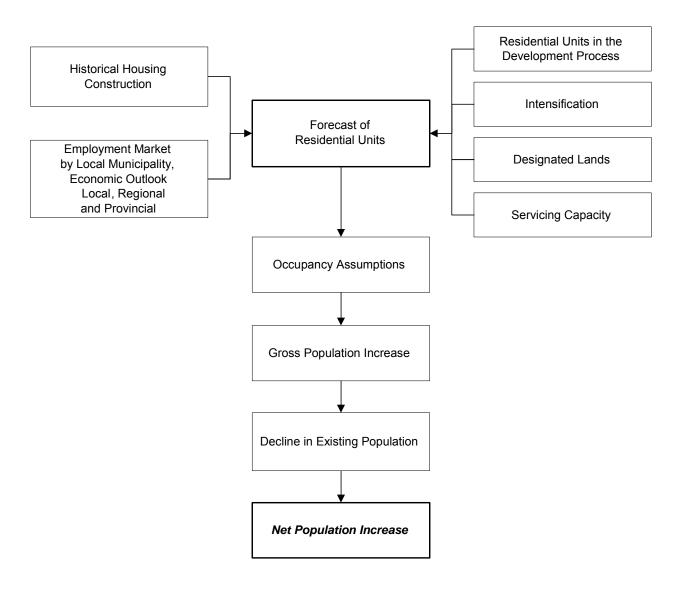
- 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census data;
- historical residential and non-residential development activity over the past 10 years;
- supply of housing units identified in the development approvals process; and
- 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census employment data.

3.3 Summary of Growth Forecast

A detailed analysis of the residential and non-residential growth forecast is provided in Appendix A. The discussion provided herein summarizes the anticipated growth for the Town and describes the basis for the forecast. The results of the residential growth forecast analysis are summarized in Figure 3-1, and Schedule 1 in Appendix A.

Figure 3-1
Household Formation-based Population Forecast Model

<u>DEMAND</u> <u>SUPPLY</u>



As identified in Table 3-1 and Schedule 1, the Town's population is anticipated to reach approximately 159,240 by 2025. This represents an increase of 57,970 persons over the 10-year forecast period. Provided below is a summary of the key assumptions and findings regarding the Town of Milton D.C. growth forecast update.

1. Unit Mix (Appendix A – Schedules 1 through 5)

- The unit mix for the Town was derived from historical development activity (as per Schedule 5) and discussions with planning staff regarding anticipated development trends for the Town.
- Based on the above, the 10-year (2015-2025) household growth forecast is comprised of a housing unit mix of approximately 42% low density (single detached and semi-detached), 36% medium density (multiples except apartments) and 22% high density (bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom apartments).

Geographic Location of Residential Development (Appendix A – Schedule 2)

- Schedule 2 summarizes the anticipated amount, type and location of development for the Town of Milton over the forecast period.
- Map A-1 geographically illustrates the location of the Town's pre-H.U.S.P. and H.U.S.P. urban areas by phase.
- In accordance with forecast demand and available land supply, housing growth has been allocated to the following areas over the 2015 to 2025 forecast period:

	Housing Growth (Units)	%
Pre HUSP Urban Area ¹	291	2%
Phase 1 – Bristol	1,713	8%
Phase 2 – Sherwood	2,234	10%
Boyne – Phase 3a	9,080	42%
Boyne Phase 3b	8,279	38%
Total Town-wide forecast	21,598	100%

Table 3-1 Town of Milton Residential Growth Forecast Summary

Year							Housing Units				Persons Per	
		Total Population ¹	Institutional Population ²	Population in Private Households	Singles & Semi- Detached	Multiple Dwellings ³	Apartments ⁴	Other	Total Households	Equivalent Institutional Households ⁵	Unit (PPU): Total Population / Total Households	Persons in Private Households / Total Households
Historical	Mid 2001	31,471		32,730	7,815	1,295	1,485	85	10,680			3.06
stori	Mid 2006	55,982	732	55,250	14,485	3,063	1,460	58	19,066	665	2.94	2.90
	Mid 2011	84,362	1,020	83,342	20,355	5,385	1,790	35	27,565	927	3.06	3.02
Forecast	Mid 2015	101,266	1,371	99,895	23,639	7,422	2,766	35	33,862	1,246	2.99	2.95
Fore	Mid 2025	159,238	2,194	157,044	32,708	15,128	7,589	35	55,460	1,994	2.87	2.83
ntal	Mid 2001 - Mid 2006	24,511		22,520	6,670	1,768	-25	-27	8,386			
Incremental	Mid 2006 - Mid 2011	28,380	288	28,092	5,870	2,322	330	-23	8,499	262		
	Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	16,904	351	16,553	3,284	2,037	976	0	6,297	319		
<u>=</u>	Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	57,972	823	57,149	9,069	7,706	4,823	0	21,598	748		

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015.

- 1. Population excludes net Census Undercount of approximately 4%. The Mid 2006 Population exceeds the 2006 Census population number of 53,939.
- 2. The institutional population represents collective dwellings. A collective dwelling refers to a dwelling of a commercial, institutional or communal nature.
- 3. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- 4. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.
- 5. Includes special care/special need dwellings. Average occupancy estimates at 1.1 persons per unit (PPU).

3. Planning Period

Short- and longer-term time horizons are required for the D.C. process.
 The D.C.A. limits the planning horizon for certain services, such as parks, recreation and libraries, to a 10-year planning horizon. Services related to a highway, fire and other hard services utilize a buildout forecast period.

4. Population in New Units (Appendix A – Schedules 3, 4, 6a, 6b and 7)

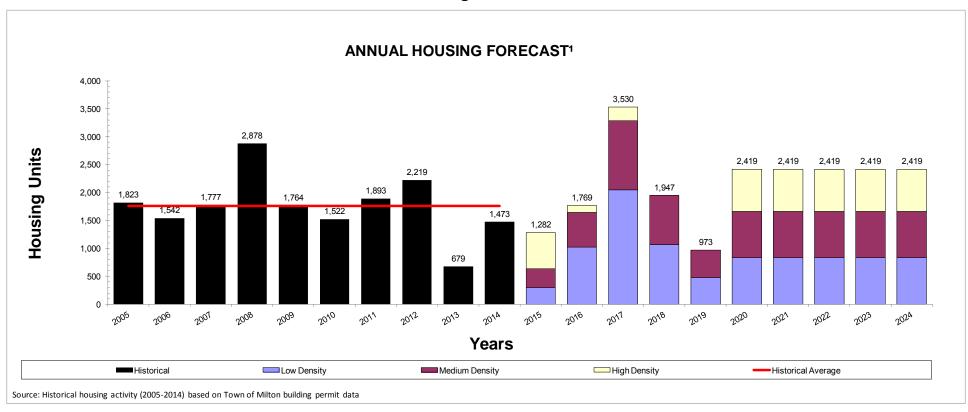
- The number of housing units to be constructed in the Town of Milton during the 10-year period is presented on Figure 3-2. Over the 10-year forecast period, the Town is anticipated to average 2,160 new housing units per year.
- Population in new units is derived from Schedules 3 and 4, which incorporate historical development activity, anticipated units (see unit mix discussion) and average persons per unit by dwelling type for new units.
- Schedule 6a summarizes the average number of persons per unit (P.P.U.) for new housing units by age and type of dwelling, based on 2011 custom Census data for the Town. Generally, it is observed that within the new housing units, housing occupancy levels tend to increase in the short term (i.e. 1-10 years) as new home buyers form families, followed by a decline over the long term (i.e. 10-30 years) as children age and leave home. This trend is then followed by a period of gradual stabilization for housing units 30+years of age. The results of this pattern are that new housing units typically have a higher P.P.U. average in comparison to older units (i.e. 20+ years). P.P.U. data for low- and medium-density dwelling units was derived based on 2011 data for the Town of Milton as outlined in Schedule 6a. Due to data limitations, high-density P.P.U.s were derived from the Town of Oakville as outlined in Schedule 6b. Town of Oakville data was used in lieu of Halton Region data due to the similar demographic trends observed within the Town of Oakville, which are more reflective of the demographic patterns throughout the Town of Milton. The total calculated P.P.U. for all density types has been adjusted to account for the downward P.P.U. trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population. Adjusted 10-year average P.P.U.s by dwelling type are as follows:

Low density: 3.52Medium density: 2.52High density: 1.52

5. Existing Units and Population Change (Appendix A – Schedules 3 and 4)

- Existing households as of 2015 are based on the 2011 Census households, plus estimated residential units constructed between 2011 and 2014, assuming a 6-month lag between construction and occupancy (see Schedule 3).
- The decline in average occupancy levels for existing housing units is calculated in Schedules 3 and 4, by aging the existing population over the forecast period. The forecast population decline in existing households over the 2015 to 2025 forecast period is estimated at approximately 1,520.

Figure 3-2



6. Employment (Appendix A – Schedules 9a through 10)

- Employment projections are largely based on the activity rate method, which is defined as the number of jobs in a Town divided by the number of residents. Consideration has also been given to historical development activity, available designated non-residential land supply within the pre-H.U.S.P. Urban Area, Phase 1 (Bristol), Phase 2 (Sherwood) and Phase 3 (Boyne), as well as future employment prospects by major employment sector. Key employment sectors include primary, industrial, commercial/population-related, institutional and work-at-home, which are considered individually below.
- The Town's 2011¹ employment base by place of work is outlined in Schedule 8a. The 2011 employment base is comprised of the following sectors:
 - 700 primary (approx. 2%);
 - 3,235 work-at-home employment (approx. 11%);
 - o 10,134 industrial (approx. 36%);
 - 8,207 retail² (approx. 29%);
 - o 1,690 non-retail (approx. 6%); and
 - o 4,401 institutional (approx. 16%).
- The 2011 employment base by usual place of work, including work at home, is approximately 28,365 jobs. An additional 4,260 jobs have been identified for the Town of Milton as having no fixed place of work (N.F.P.O.W.).³ The total employment including N.F.P.O.W. in 2011 is 32,625.
- Schedule 9b, Appendix A, summarizes the employment forecast, excluding work-at-home employment and N.F.P.O.W. employment, which is the basis for the D.C. employment forecast. The impact on municipal services from work-at-home employees has already been included in the population forecast. The need for municipal services related to N.F.P.O.W. employees has largely been included in the employment forecast by usual place of work (i.e. employment and G.F.A. in the retail and accommodation sectors generated from N.F.P.O.W. construction

¹ 2011 employment based on Statistics Canada custom employment data.

² The definition of retail employment is consistent with the Town of Milton Development Charge By-Law 087-2011 definition of retail.

³ Statistics Canada defines "No Fixed Place of Work" (N.F.P.O.W.) employees as, "persons who do not go from home to the same work place location at the beginning of each shift. Such persons include building and landscape contractors, travelling salespersons, independent truck drivers, etc."

employment). Furthermore, since these employees have no fixed work address, they cannot be captured in the non-residential gross floor area (G.F.A.) calculation. Accordingly, work-at-home and N.F.P.O.W. employees have been removed from the D.C. employment forecast and calculation.

 Total employment for the Town of Milton (excluding work-at-home and no fixed place of work) in 2025 is forecast to increase to 59,230. This represents an employment increase of 29,990 additional jobs over the 10year forecast period.

Non-Residential Sq.ft. Estimates ((Gross Floor Area (G.F.A.), Appendix A – Schedule 8b)

- Square footage estimates were calculated in Schedule 10b based on the following employee density assumptions:¹
 - 1,750 sq.ft. per employee for industrial;
 - 475 sq.ft. per employee for retail;
 - o 300 sq.ft. per employee for non-retail; and
 - 800 sq.ft. per employee for institutional employment.
- The Town-wide incremental non-residential G.F.A. increase is anticipated to be approximately 27,042,270 sq.ft. over the 10-year forecast period.
- In terms of percentage growth, the 10-year incremental G.F.A. forecast by sector is broken down as follows:
 - o industrial approx. 63%;
 - o retail approx.13%;
 - o non-retail approx. 9%; and
 - institutional approx. 15%.

Watson & Associates Economists Ltd.

¹ Based on Watson & Associates Economists Ltd. employment surveys within the G.T.A.

4. The Approach to Calculation of the Charge

4.1 Introduction

This chapter addresses the requirements of s.s.5(1) of the D.C.A., 1997 with respect to the establishment of the need for service which underpins the development charge calculation. These requirements are illustrated schematically in Figure 4-1.

4.2 Services Potentially Involved

Table 4-1 lists the full range of Town service categories which are provided within the Town.

A number of these services are defined in s.s.2(4) of the D.C.A., 1997 as being ineligible for inclusion in development charges. These are shown as "ineligible" on Table 4-1. Two ineligible costs defined in s.s.5(3) of the D.C.A. are "computer equipment" and "rolling stock with an estimated useful life of (less than) seven years..." In addition, local roads are covered separately under subdivision agreements and related means (as are other local services). Services which are potentially eligible for inclusion in the Town's development charge are indicated with a "Yes."

4.3 Increase in the Need for Service

The development charge calculation commences with an estimate of "the increase in the need for service attributable to the anticipated development," for each service to be covered by the by-law. There must be some form of link or attribution between the anticipated development and the estimated increase in the need for service. While the need could conceivably be expressed generally in terms of units of capacity, s.s.5(1)3, which requires that Town Council indicate that it intends to ensure that such an increase in need will be met, suggests that a project-specific expression of need would be most appropriate.

4.4 Local Service Policy

Some of the need for services generated by additional development consists of local services related to a plan of subdivision. As such, they will be required as a condition of subdivision agreements or consent conditions.

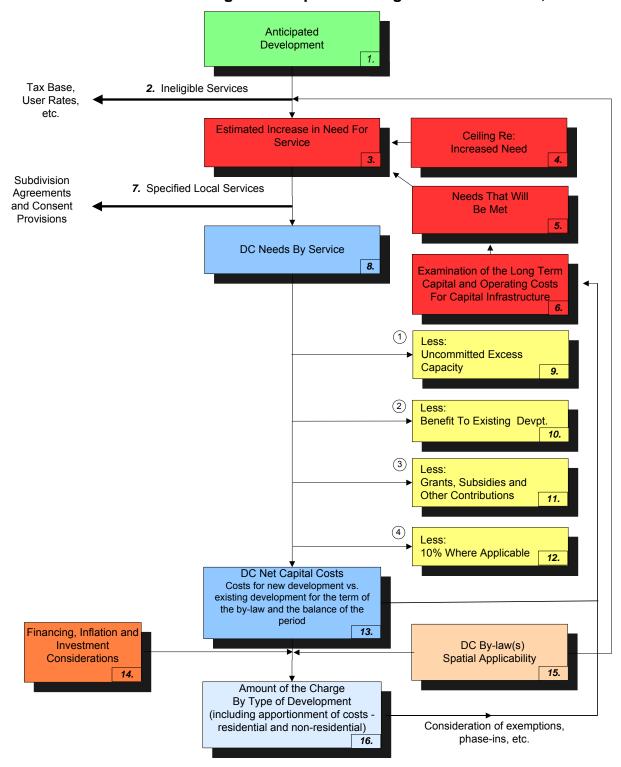


Figure 4-1
The Process of Calculating a Development Charge under the D.C.A., 1997

Table 4-1
Categories of Municipal Services to be Addressed as Part of the Calculation

C	Categories of Municipal Services	Eligibility for Inclusion in the D.C. Calculation		Service Components	Maximum Potential D.C. Recovery %
1.	Services Related to a Highway	Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	Arterial roads Collector roads Bridges, Culverts and Roundabouts Local municipal roads Traffic signals Sidewalks and streetlights Active Transportation	100 100 100 0 100 100
2.	Other Transport- ation Services	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes n/a n/a	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8	Transit vehicles & facilities Other transit infrastructure Municipal parking spaces - indoor Municipal parking spaces - outdoor Works Yards Rolling stock ¹ Ferries Airport	90 90 90 90 100 100 90
3.	Stormwater Drainage and Control Services	No No No Yes	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Main channels and drainage trunks Channel connections Retention/detention ponds Monitoring Programs	100 100 100 100
4.	Fire Protection Services	Yes Yes Yes	4.1 4.2 4.3	Fire stations Fire pumpers, aerials and rescue vehicles Small equipment and gear	100 100 100
5.	Outdoor Recreation Services (i.e. Parks and Open	Ineligible Yes Yes	5.1 5.2 5.3	Acquisition of land for parks, woodlots and E.S.A.s Development of area municipal parks Development of district parks	0 90 90
	Space)	Yes Yes Yes	5.4 5.5 5.6	Development of special purpose parks	90 90 90

¹with 7+ year life time

	ategories of Municipal Services	Eligibility for Inclusion in the D.C. Calculation	Service Components	Maximum Potential D.C. Recovery %
6.	Indoor Recreation Services	Yes Yes	 6.1 Arenas, indoor pools, fitness facilities, community centres, etc. (including land) 6.2 Recreation vehicles and equipment¹ 	90
		163	6.2 Recreation vehicles and equipment ¹	90
7.	Library Services	Yes	7.1 Public library space (incl. furniture and equipment)	90
	OCIVICCS	n/a	7.2 Library Vehicles ¹	90
		Yes	7.3 Library materials	90
8.	Electrical	Ineligible	8.1 Electrical substations	0
	Power Services	Ineligible Ineligible	 8.2 Electrical distribution system 8.3 Electrical system rolling stock¹ 	0 0
9.	Provision of	Ineligible	9.1 Cultural space (e.g. art galleries,	0
	Cultural, Entertain- ment and Tourism Facilities and Convention Centres	Ineligible	museums and theatres) 9.2 Tourism facilities and convention centres	0
10.	Waste-	n/a	10.1 Treatment plants	100
	water Services	n/a n/a	10.2 Sewage trunks 10.3 Local systems	100 0
	OCIVICCS	n/a	10.4 Vehicles and equipment	100
11.	Water Supply Services	n/a n/a n/a n/a	11.1 Treatment plants 11.2 Distribution systems 11.3 Local systems 11.4 Vehicles and equipment	100 100 0 100
12.	Waste Manage-	Ineligible	12.1 Collection, transfer vehicles and equipment	0
	ment Services	Ineligible Ineligible	12.2 Landfills and other disposal facilities 12.3 Other waste diversion facilities	0

¹with 7+ year life time

Categories of Municipal Services	Eligibility for Inclusion in the D.C. Calculation	Service Components	Maximum Potential D.C. Recovery %
13. Police Services	n/a n/a n/a	 13.1 Police detachments 13.2 Police rolling stock¹ 13.3 Small equipment and gear 	100 100 100
14. Homes for the Aged	n/a	14.1 Homes for the aged space	90
15. Child Care	n/a	15.1 Child care space	90
16. Health	n/a n/a	16.1 Health department space 16.2 Health department vehicles¹	90 90
17. Social Housing	n/a	17.1 Social Housing space	90
18 Provincial Offences Act (P.O.A.)	n/a	18.1 P.O.A. space	90
19. Social Services	n/a	19.1 Social service space	90
20. Ambulance	n/a n/a	20.1 Ambulance station space 20.2 Vehicles ¹	90 90
21. Hospital Provision	Ineligible	21.1 Hospital capital contributions	0
22. Provision of Head-quarters for the General Administration of Municipalities and Area Municipal Boards	Ineligible Ineligible Ineligible	22.1 Office space 22.2 Office furniture 22.3 Computer equipment	0 0 0

¹with 7+ year life time

Categories of Municipal Services	Eligibility for Inclusion in the D.C. Calculation	Service Components	Maximum Potential D.C. Recovery %
23. Other	Yes	 23.1 Studies in connection with acquiring buildings, rolling stock, materials and equipment, and improving land² and facilities, including the D.C. background study cost 23.2 Interest on money borrowed to pay for growth-related capital 	0-100
Services	Yes		0-100

¹with a 7+ year life time

²same percentage as service component to which it pertains

Eligibility for	Description	
Inclusion in the		
D.C. Calculation		
Yes	Municipality provides the service – service has been included in the D.C. calculation.	
No	Municipality provides the service – service has not been included in the D.C. calculation.	
n/a	Municipality does not provide the service.	
Ineligible	Service is ineligible for inclusion in the D.C. calculation.	

4.5 Capital Forecast

Paragraph 7 of s.s.5(1) of the D.C.A. requires that "the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services must be estimated." The Act goes on to require two potential cost reductions and the Regulation sets out the way in which such costs are to be presented. These requirements are outlined below.

These estimates involve capital costing of the increased services discussed above. This entails costing actual projects or the provision of service units, depending on how each service has been addressed.

The capital costs include:

- a) costs to acquire land or an interest therein (including a leasehold interest);
- b) costs to improve land;
- c) costs to acquire, lease, construct or improve buildings and structures;

- d) costs to acquire, lease or improve facilities, including rolling stock (with a useful life of 7 or more years), furniture and equipment (other than computer equipment), materials acquired for library circulation, reference or information purposes;
- e) interest on money borrowed to pay for the above-referenced costs;
- f) costs to undertake studies in connection with the above-referenced matters; and
- g) costs of the development charge background study.

In order for an increase in need for service to be included in the D.C. calculation, Town Council must indicate "...that it intends to ensure that such an increase in need will be met" (s.s.5 (1)3). This can be done if the increase in service forms part of a Council-approved Official Plan, capital forecast or similar expression of the intention of Council (O.Reg. 82/98 s.3). The capital program contained herein reflects the Town's approved and proposed capital budgets and master servicing/needs studies.

4.6 Treatment of Credits

Section 8 para. 5 of O.Reg. 82/98 indicates that a development charge background study must set out "the estimated value of credits that are being carried forward relating to the service." s.s.17 para. 4 of the same Regulation indicates that "...the value of the credit cannot be recovered from future development charges," if the credit pertains to an ineligible service. This implies that a credit for <u>eligible</u> services can be recovered from future development charges. As a result, this provision should be made in the calculation, in order to avoid a funding shortfall with respect to future service needs. There are no current credit obligations to be included in the D.C. calculations at this time.

4.7 Eligible Debt and Committed Excess Capacity

Section 66 of the D.C.A., 1997 states that, for the purposes of developing a development charge by-law, a debt incurred with respect to an eligible service may be included as a capital cost, subject to any limitations or reductions in the Act. Similarly, s.18 of O.Reg. 82/98 indicates that debt with respect to an <u>ineligible service</u> may be included as a capital cost, subject to several restrictions.

In order for such costs to be eligible, two conditions must apply. First, they must have funded excess capacity which is able to meet service needs attributable to the anticipated development. Second, the excess capacity must be "committed," that is, either before or at the time it was created, Council must have expressed a clear intention that it would be paid for by development charges or other similar charges; for

example, this may have been done as part of previous development charge processes. It is noted that projects which have been debentured to-date and to which the principal and interest costs need to be recovered are included within the capital detail sheets.

4.8 Existing Reserve Funds

Section 35 of the D.C.A. states that:

"The money in a reserve fund established for a service may be spent only for capital costs determined under paragraphs 2 to 8 of subsection 5(1)."

There is no explicit requirement under the D.C.A. calculation method set out in s.s.5(1) to net the outstanding reserve fund balance as part of making the D.C. calculation; however, s.35 does restrict the way in which the funds are used in future.

For services which are subject to a per capita based, service level "cap," the reserve fund balance should be applied against the development-related costs for which the charge was imposed, once the project is constructed (i.e. the needs of recent growth). This cost component is distinct from the development-related costs for the <u>next</u> 10-year period, which underlie the D.C. calculation herein.

The alternative would involve the Town spending all reserve fund monies prior to renewing each by-law, which would not be a sound basis for capital budgeting. Thus, the Town will use these reserve funds for the Town's cost share of applicable development-related projects, which are required but have not yet been undertaken, as a way of directing the funds to the benefit of the development which contributed them (rather than to future development, which will generate the need for additional facilities directly proportionate to future growth).

The Town's Development Charge Reserve Fund Balance by service at December 31, 2014, adjusted for commitments, are as follows:

¹ Reserve balance to be combined with Administration Studies.

		Adjustments for	2014 Adjusted
Service	2014 Balance	Commitments	Balance
Services Related to a Highway	396,870	(39,427,033)	(39,030,163)
Public Works Operations	(4,752,013)	382,303	(4,369,709)
Fire Protection Services	(1,550,839)	(298,286)	(1,849,126)
Recreation	12,032,900	(2,436,509)	9,596,391
Parks Development	11,600,035	(1,916,638)	9,683,397
Library	6,707,843	(173,436)	6,534,407
Administration	(1,782,847)	(1,308,205)	(3,091,052)
Transit	(617,401)	(20,370)	(637,772)
Parking	1,834,868	-	1,834,868
Stormwater Management - Sherwood Survey	(205,429)	(8,243)	(213,673)
Stormwater Management - Boyne Survey	7,290	386	7,676
Stormwater Management - Derry Green	(8,417)	-	(8,417)
Total	23,662,860	(45,206,032)	(21,543,172)

Note: Amounts in brackets are Deficit balances.

4.9 Deductions

The D.C.A., 1997 potentially requires that five deductions be made to the increase in the need for service. These relate to:

- the level of service ceiling;
- uncommitted excess capacity;
- benefit to existing development;
- anticipated grants, subsidies and other contributions; and
- 10% reduction for certain services.

The requirements behind each of these reductions are addressed as follows:

4.9.1 Reduction Required by Level of Service Ceiling

This is designed to ensure that the increase in need included in 4.3 does "...not include an increase that would result in the level of service (for the additional development increment) exceeding the average level of the service provided in the Municipality over the 10-year period immediately preceding the preparation of the background study..."

O.Reg. 82.98 (s.4) goes further to indicate that "...both the quantity and quality of a service shall be taken into account in determining the level of service and the average level of service."

In many cases, this can be done by establishing a quantity measure in terms of units as floor area, land area or road length per capita and a quality measure, in terms of the average cost of providing such units based on replacement costs, engineering

standards or recognized performance measurement systems, depending on circumstances. When the quantity and quality factor are multiplied together, they produce a measure of the level of service, which meets the requirements of the Act, i.e. cost per unit.

The average service level calculation sheets for each service component in the D.C. calculation are set out in Appendix B.

4.9.2 Reduction for Uncommitted Excess Capacity

Paragraph 5 of s.s.5(1) requires a deduction from the increase in the need for service attributable to the anticipated development that can be met using the Town's "excess capacity," other than excess capacity which is "committed" (discussed above in 4.6).

"Excess capacity" is undefined, but in this case must be able to meet some or all of the increase in need for service, in order to potentially represent a deduction. The deduction of <u>uncommitted</u> excess capacity from the future increase in the need for service would normally occur as part of the conceptual planning and feasibility work associated with justifying and sizing new facilities, e.g. if a road widening to accommodate increased traffic is not required because sufficient excess capacity is already available, then widening would not be included as an increase in need, in the first instance.

4.9.3 Reduction for Benefit to Existing Development

This step involves a further reduction in the need, by the extent to which such an increase in service would benefit existing development. The level of services cap in 4.4 is related, but is not the identical requirement. Sanitary, storm and water trunks are highly localized to growth areas and can be more readily allocated in this regard than other services such as services related to a highway, which do not have a fixed service area.

Where existing development has an adequate service level which will not be tangibly increased by an increase in service, no benefit would appear to be involved. For example, where expanding existing library facilities simply replicates what existing residents are receiving, they receive very limited (or no) benefit as a result. On the other hand, where a clear existing service problem is to be remedied, a deduction should be made accordingly.

In the case of services such as recreation facilities, community parks, libraries, etc., the service is typically provided on a Town-wide system basis. For example, facilities of the

same type may provide different services (i.e. leisure pool vs. competitive pool), different programs (i.e. hockey vs. figure skating) and different time availability for the same service (i.e. leisure skating available on Wednesday in one arena and Thursday in another). As a result, residents will travel to different facilities to access the services they want at the times they wish to use them, and facility location generally does not correlate directly with residence location. Even where it does, displacing users from an existing facility to a new facility frees up capacity for use by others and generally results in only a very limited benefit to existing development. Further, where an increase in demand is not met for a number of years, a negative service impact to existing development is involved for a portion of the planning period.

4.9.4 Reduction for Anticipated Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions

This step involves reducing the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services by capital grants, subsidies and other contributions (including direct developer contributions required due to the local service policy) made or anticipated by Council and in accordance with various rules such as the attribution between the share related to new vs. existing development. That is, some grants and contributions may not specifically be applicable to growth or where Council targets fundraising as a measure to offset impacts on taxes (O.Reg. 82.98 s.6).

4.9.5 The 10% Reduction

Paragraph 8 of s.s.(1) of the D.C.A. requires that, "the capital costs must be reduced by 10 percent." This paragraph does not apply to water supply services, waste water services, storm water drainage and control services, services related to a highway, police and fire protection services. The primary services to which the 10% reduction does apply include services such as parks, recreation, libraries, childcare/social services, the *Provincial Offences Act*, ambulance, homes for the aged, health and transit.

The 10% is to be netted from the capital costs necessary to provide the increased services, once the other deductions have been made, as per the infrastructure costs sheets in Chapter 5.

5. Development Charge Eligible Cost Analysis by Service

5.1 Introduction

This chapter outlines the basis for calculating eligible costs for the development charges to be applied on a uniform basis. In each case, the required calculation process set out in s.5(1) paragraphs 2 to 8 in the D.C.A., 1997 and described in Chapter 4, was followed in determining D.C. eligible costs.

The nature of the capital projects and timing identified in the Chapter reflects Council's current intention. However, over time, Town projects and Council priorities change and accordingly, Council's intentions may alter and different capital projects (and timing) may be required to meet the need for services required by new growth.

5.2 Service Levels and 10-Year Capital Costs for D.C. Calculation

This section evaluates the development-related capital requirements for all of the "softer" services over a 10-year planning period. Each service component is evaluated on two format sheets: the average historical 10-year level of service calculation (see Appendix B), which "caps" the D.C. amounts; and, the infrastructure cost calculation, which determines the potential D.C. recoverable cost.

5.2.1 Services Related to a Highway

Milton owns and maintains 328 km of arterial and collector roads, 81 bridges & culverts, 37,290 linear meters of sidewalks and active transportation amenities and one pedestrian/cycling railway overpass. This provides an average level of investment of \$7,392 per capita, resulting in a D.C. eligible recovery amount of \$422.42 million over the 10-year forecast period for Services Related to a Highway.

With respect to future needs, the identified service related to highways program was reviewed with staff and totals \$320.05 million. The capital projects include various works related to adding capacity to the highway system including new roads, road improvements/expansions, intersection improvements, additional active transportation corridors and complete street additions & modifications. Deductions for existing benefit of \$47.41 million, costs associated with development in the post 10 year forecast period of \$143.55 million and \$439,400 to recognize recoveries from C.P. have been made. In addition to these costs, the deficit balance in the D.C. reserve fund of \$39.03 million has

been included in the D.C. calculations. This results in a net D.C. eligible amount of \$167.68 million to be recovered over the current forecast period (2015-2024).

The residential/non-residential allocation for services related to a highway is consistent with the work undertaken by the Region of Halton (based on the Dillon Report). This results in an allocation of 60% to residential and 40% to non-residential.

Town of Milton

Service: Services Related to a Highway

								Less:	Potentia	al DC Recoverable	e Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 60%	Non-Residential Share 40%
1	Appleby Line (Derry Rd to 14SR)	2016	547,000	0		547,000	492,300		54,700	32,820	21,880
	Gateway Features	2017	221.000	0		221.000	0		221.000	132.600	88.400
3	Thompson Road (Louis St. Laurent Blvd. to Britannia Road)	2017-2019	10,353,000	0		10,353,000	1,035,300		9,317,700	5,590,620	3,727,080
	Bronte St. (Main St. to Steeles Ave.)	2016/17	7,337,000	0	***************************************	7.337.000	1,614,100	***************************************	5,722,900	3,433,740	2,289,160
	Bronte St. S. (Louis St. Laurent Blvd. to Britannia Road)	2015/16	8,744,000	0		8,744,000	874,400		7,869,600	4,721,760	3,147,840
6	Main Street (Bronte to James)	2019	2,770,000	0		2.770.000	1,108,000		1,662,000	997,200	664,800
7	Main Street (Scott Blvd. (incl. CN Crossing) to Bronte St.)	2015	508,750	0	***************************************	508,750	50,900	***************************************	457,850	274,710	183,140
****************	Main Street (James Snow Parkway to 5th Line) (4 lane)	2017	3,248,000	0		3,248,000	0		3,248,000	1,948,800	1,299,200
9	Main Street (5th Line to 258m E of 5th Line) (2 lane)	2021/22	1,001,000	0		1,001,000	100,100		900,900	540,540	360,360
10	Main Street (5th Line to 258m E of 5th Line) (4 lane)	2025+	1,323,000	1,323,000	••••••	0	0	***************************************	0	0	0
11	Main Street (258m E of 5th Line to 6th Line) (structure)	2022/23	3,378,000	0		3,378,000	0		3,378,000	2,026,800	1,351,200
~~~~~~~~~	Main Street (258m E of 5th Line to 6th Line) (2 lane)	2022/23	8,462,000	0	••••••	8,462,000	846,200	***************************************	7,615,800	4,569,480	3,046,320
	Main Street (258m E of 5th Line to 6th Line) (4 lane)	2025+	6,681,000	6,681,000	***************************************	0	0		0	0	0
	5th Line (Derry Road to Louis St. Laurent Blvd.) (2 lane)	2017/18	5,344,000	0		5,344,000	534.400		4,809,600	2,885,760	1,923,840
	5th Line (Derry Road to Louis St. Laurent Blvd.) (4 lane)	2025+	7,938,000	7,938,000		0	0		0	0	0
	6th Line (Hwy 401 to Derry Road) (2 lane)	2018/19	15,536,000	0		15,536,000	1,553,600		13,982,400	8,389,440	5,592,960
	Louis St. Laurent Extension (James Snow Parkway to 5th Line) (2 lane)	2017/18	3,269,000	0		3,269,000	0		3,269,000	1,961,400	1,307,600
18	Louis St. Laurent Extension (James Snow Prwy to 5th Line) (4 lane)	2025+	4,319,000	4,319,000		0	0		0	0	0
19	5th Line (Louis St. Laurent Blvd. to Britannia Road) (2 lane)	2017/18	6,626,000	0		6,626,000	662,600		5,963,400	3,578,040	2,385,360
20	5th Line (Louis St. Laurent Blvd. to Britannia Road) (4 lane)	2025+	8,408,000	8,408,000		0	0		0	0	0
21	5th Line (Britannia Road to Lower Base Line) (4 lane)	2025+	15,536,000	15,536,000		0	0		0	0	0
22	5th Line (Britannia Road to Lower Base Line) (2 lane)	2025+	6,155,000	6,155,000		0	0		0	0	0
23	5th Line (Main Steet to Trudeau Drive Extension)	2024	6,735,000	0		6,735,000	0		6,735,000	4,041,000	2,694,000
24	6th Line (Derry Road to Britannia Road ) (2 lane)	2018/19	6,526,000	0		6,526,000	652,600		5,873,400	3,524,040	2,349,360
25	Main Street (6th Line to Trafalgar) (structure)	2025+	3,378,000	3,378,000		0	0		0	0	0
26	Main Street (6th Line to Trafalgar) (4 lane)	2025+	7,445,000	7,445,000		0	0		0	0	0
27	5th Line (Hwy 401 to Main Street) (2 lane)	2016	564,000	0		564,000	56,400		507,600	304,560	203,040
28	5th Line (Hwy 401 to Main Street) (4 lane)	2025+	3,717,000	3,717,000		0	0		0	0	0
29	6th Line (Derry Road to 1928m S of Derry Road) (4 lane)	2025+	10,639,000	10,639,000		0	0		0	0	0
30	6th Line (1928m S of Derry Road to Britannia Road) (4 lane)	2025+	4,701,000	4,701,000		0	0		0	0	0
	6th Line (Britannia Road to Lower Base Line) (2 lane)	2025+	5,883,000	5,883,000		0	0		0	0	0
	6th Line (Britannia to Lower Base Line) (structure)	2025+	3,378,000	3,378,000		-	-		-	-	-
	Louis St. Laurent Extension (5th Line to 6th Line) (2 lane)	2022	7,883,000	7,883,000		0	0		0	0	0
34	Louis St. Laurent Extension (5th Line to 6th Line) (4 lane)	2025+	8,528,000	8,528,000		0	0		0	0	0
35	Louis St. Laurent Extension (6th Line to Trafalgar) (Bridge)	2022	3,378,000	3,378,000		0	0		0	0	0
36	Louis St. Laurent Extension (6th Line to Trafalgar) (2 lane)	2022	6,648,000	6,648,000		0	0		0	0	0
37	Louis St. Laurent Extension (6th Line to Trafalgar Road) (4 lane)	2025+	8,255,000	8,255,000		0	0		0	0	0
38	Louis St. Laurent Extension (Regional Road 25 to Yates Drive) (incl. deck for bridge)	2016/17	7,136,000	0		7,136,000	0		7,136,000	4,281,600	2,854,400

Town of Milton

Service: Services Related to a Highway

								Less:	Potentia	al DC Recoverable	e Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 60%	Non-Residential Share 40%
<u> </u>					<u> </u>						
39	Louis St. Laurent Extension (Yates Drive to Thompson Road)	2017/18	5,150,000	0		5,150,000	0		5,150,000	3,090,000	2,060,000
40	Louis St. Laurent Extension (Thompson Road to 4th Line)	2019/20	10,267,000	0		10,267,000	0		10,267,000	6,160,200	4,106,800
41	Louis St. Laurent Extension (4th Line to James Snow Parkway) (4 lane)	2019/2020	3,958,000	0		3,958,000	0		3,958,000	2,374,800	1,583,200
42	Louis St. Laurent Blvd (4th Line to James Snow Parkway) (4 lane)	2019/2020	973,000	-		973,000	-		973,000	583,800	389,200
4.3	Green Connectors (Collector Rd 2 to Collector Rd 3 & RR 25 to Collector Rd 8) Land only	2024	4,898,000	4,898,000		0	0		0	0	0
44	Sidewalks and Bikepaths on Regional Roads - BPII	2016/17, 2019/20, 2025+	8,158,400	5,629,000		2,529,400	815,800		1,713,600	1,028,160	685,440
45	Sidewalks and Bikepaths on Regional Roads - Boyne	2016/17, 2019/20, 2025+	14,718,500	8,831,000		5,887,500	1,471,900		4,415,600	2,649,360	1,766,240
	Main Street (CP Crossing to Ontario St.)	2015	3,782,000	-		3,782,000	334,300	439,400	3,008,300	1,804,980	1,203,320
	Asphalt Overlay Program	2015-2024	36,286,000	-		36,286,000	32,657,500		3,628,500	2,177,100	1,451,400
***************************************	New Traffic Signals	2016-2024	1,399,600	-		1,399,600	140,000		1,259,600	755,760	503,840
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Preemption Traffic Control System	2015-2024	349,200	_	***************************************	349,200	34,900	***************************************	314,300	188,580	125,720
	Signal Interconnect Program	2016-2024	447,000			447,000	44,700		402,300	241,380	160,920
	Boyne Pedestrian/Cycling Railway Crossing	2022	4,575,813	_	***************************************	4,575,813	_	***************************************	4,575,813	2,745,488	1,830,325
	Lower Base Line (5th Line to 4th Line)	2017-2019	2,583,900			2,583,900	2,325,500		258,400	155,040	103,360
53	Reserve Fund Adjustment		39,030,163			39,030,163	-		39,030,163	23,418,098	15,612,065
	Total		359,075,326	143,551,000	-	215,524,326	47,405,500	439,400	167,679,426	100,607,656	67,071,770

# 5.2.2 Public Works Operations

The Engineering Department has a variety of fleet and major equipment with a total value of approximately \$12.95 million. The inventory provides for a per capita standard of \$156. Over the forecast period, the eligible amount for inclusion in the D.C. for fleet and equipment is \$8,887,241.

The Town operates their Operations service out of a number of facilities. The facilities provide 123,701 sq.ft. of building area, providing for an average level of service of 0.94 sq.ft. per capita or \$232 per capita. This level of service provides the Town with a maximum D.C.-eligible amount for recovery over the 10 year forecast period of \$13,255,139.

Therefore, total eligible funding available for Public Works Operations equates to \$22,142,380

There have been expansions to the operations facilities included in the forecast along with provision for additional fleet and equipment with a gross total of \$18,343,000. A benefit to existing deduction in the amount of \$987,500 has been made. As well, a deduction for the mandatory statutory deduction of \$243,370, for operations capital related to parks and recreation, has been made. In addition to these costs, the deficit in the 2014 year end D.C. reserve fund, as adjusted for prior commitments, of \$4,369,709 has been included in the D.C. calculations. The net amount included in the D.C. is \$21,481,839.

Since a portion of the facilities and rolling stock is related to parks and recreation, a weighted allocation has been made between roads vs. parks/recreation. The residential/non-residential split has also therefore been based on a weighted allocation resulting in a 78% residential/22% non-residential split.

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Town of Milton

Service: Public Works Operations

								Less:		Less:	Potent	ial DC Recove	rable Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 78%	Non-Residential Share 22%
1	Operations Centre - Ph 2	2019-2022	8,107,000	-		8,107,000	-		8,107,000	-	8,107,000	6,318,393	1,788,607
2	Animal Shelter	2019	1,975,000	-		1,975,000	987,500		987,500	-	987,500	769,633	217,867
3	Operations Equipment - Parks	2015	122,400			122,400	-		122,400	12,240	110,160	85,856	24,304
4	Operations Equipment - Roads	2015	315,700			315,700	-		315,700	-	315,700	246,049	69,651
5	Protective Inspection and Control Vehicle	2020	24,800			24,800	-		24,800	2,480	22,320	17,396	4,924
6	Animal Shelter Vehicle	2020	38,300	-		38,300	-		38,300	-	38,300	29,850	8,450
7	Ice Resurfacers (2)	2017 & 2020	163,000	-		163,000	-		163,000	16,300	146,700	114,334	32,366
8	Provision of Parks Equipment	2016-2024	2,123,500			2,123,500	-		2,123,500	212,350	1,911,150	1,489,503	421,647
9	Provision of Operations Equipment	2016-2024	5,473,300			5,473,300	-		5,473,300	-	5,473,300	4,265,753	1,207,547
10	Reserve Fund Adjustment		4,369,709	-		4,369,709	-		4,369,709	-	4,369,709	3,405,642	964,067
	Total		22,712,709	-	-	22,712,709	987,500	-	21,725,209	243,370	21,481,839	16,742,408	4,739,431

# 5.2.3 Fire Protection Services

Milton currently operates its fire services from 50,485 sq.ft. of facility space located in four stations, providing for a per capita average level of service of 0.54 sq.ft. per capita or \$236 per capita. This level of service provides the Town with a maximum D.C.-eligible amount for recovery over the forecast period of \$13,492,879.

The addition of a fifth station is required to service growth over the forecast as well as the need to renovate station #1 to provide for training facility space. These projects provide for a total cost of \$7,283,000 with a deduction for existing benefit, against the training facility, of \$1,937,500. Along with these projects the outstanding growth related debt, both principal and interest (discounted), for stations #3 and #4 have been included in the D.C. calculations at a cost of \$2,755,081. Further the 2014 year end D.C. adjusted reserve fund deficit, in the amount of \$1,849,126, has been included in the D.C. calculations. Therefore, the net amount to be included in the D.C. for the 10 year forecast period is \$9,949,707.

The fire department has a current inventory of 36 vehicles. The total D.C. eligible amount calculated for fire vehicles over the forecast period is \$7,981,429, based on a standard of \$140 per capita.

The need for three additional fire vehicles for station #5 has been identified, having a gross capital cost of \$2,137,800. In addition, the outstanding debt principal and interest (discounted) of \$141,134 has been included resulting in a grand total of \$2,278,934 being identified for inclusion in the development charge.

The fire department provides 374 items of equipment and gear for the use in fire services. This results in a calculated average level of service for the historic 10 year period of \$45 per capita, providing for a D.C. eligible amount over the forecast period of \$2,551,703 for small equipment and gear.

Based on growth-related needs, the fire department has identified the need for additional equipment and gear for firefighters including defibrillators, hazardous material equipment, a thermal image camera, emergency medical equipment, specialized equipment, fitness equipment, etc. The growth capital cost for the related equipment and net amount included in the development charge totals \$353,700. This amount has been included in the D.C. calculation.

These costs are shared between residential and non-residential based on a weighting of population vs. employment growth and land coverage within the Town over the 10 year

forecast period, resulting in 52% being allocated to residential development and 48% being allocated to non-residential development.

Town of Milton

Service: Fire Facilities

								Less:	Potenti	al DC Recove	erable Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 52%	Non-Residential Share 48%
1	Station 1 Renovations/Training Facility	2017-2018	3,875,000	-		3,875,000	1,937,500		1,937,500	1,007,500	930,000
2	Station #5	2017-2019	3,408,000	-		3,408,000	-		3,408,000	1,772,160	1,635,840
3	Existing Debt - Station 4 - Growth Related Principal	2015-2020	268,282	-		268,282	-		268,282	139,507	128,776
4	Existing Debt - Station 4 - Discounted Growth Related Interest (Discounted)	2015-2020	20,764	-		20,764	-		20,764	10,797	9,967
5	Headquarters Station #3 Replacement and Expansion - Growth Related Principal	2015-2022	2,323,352	-		2,323,352	-		2,323,352	1,208,143	1,115,209
6	Headquarters Station #3 Replacement and Expansion - Discounted Growth Related Interest (Discounted)	2015-2022	142,682	-		142,682	-		142,682	74,195	68,487
7	Reserve Fund Adjustment		1,849,126	-		1,849,126			1,849,126	961,545	887,580
	Total		11,887,207	-	-	11,887,207	1,937,500	-	9,949,707	5,173,847	4,775,859

Town of Milton

Service: Fire Vehicles

								Less:	Potent	ial DC Recove	erable Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 52%	Non-Residential Share 48%
1	Existing Debt - Station 4 Vehicles - Growth Related Principal	2015-2020	130,995	-		130,995	-		130,995	68,117	62,878
2	Existing Debt - Station 4 Vehicles - Discounted Growth Related Interest (Discounted)	2015-2020	10,139	-		10,139	-		10,139	5,272	4,867
3	Station #5:										
4	Pumper Rescue	2018	772,000	-		772,000	-		772,000	401,440	370,560
5	Aerial (100 ft.)	2018	1,309,000	-		1,309,000	-		1,309,000	680,680	628,320
6	Utility Pickup	2018	56,800	-		56,800	-		56,800	29,536	27,264
	Total		2,278,934	-	-	2,278,934	-	-	2,278,934	1,185,045	1,093,888

Town of Milton

Service: Fire Small Equipment and Gear

								Less:	Potent	ial DC Recove	erable Cost
Prj .No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development  2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 52%	Non-Residential Share 48%
1	Full-time Firefighters (20 FTE)	2018-2019	102,000	-		102,000	-		102,000	53,040	48,960
2	Hazardous Material Equipment	2018	37,000	_		37,000	-		37,000	19,240	17,760
3	Defibrillators	2018	5,600	-		5,600	-		5,600	2,912	2,688
4	Vehicle Extrication Equipment	2018	79,000	-		79,000	-		79,000	41,080	37,920
5	Thermal Image Camera	2018	25,400	-		25,400	-		25,400	13,208	12,192
6	Special Operations Equipment for Rescue Van	2018	18,800	_		18,800	-		18,800	9,776	9,024
7	Emergency Medical Equipment	2018	20,800	-		20,800	-		20,800	10,816	9,984
	Training										
8	Specialized Equipment	2016	40,700	-		40,700	-		40,700	21,164	19,536
	All Stations										
9	Fitness Equipment - Station 5	2018	14,200	-		14,200	-		14,200	7,384	6,816
10	Prevention/Support Staff (2)	2018-2019	10,200	-		10,200	-		10,200	5,304	4,896
				-		-	-		-	-	-
	Total		353,700	-	-	353,700	-	-	353,700	183,924	169,776

# 5.2.4 Transit Services

The Town's current transit facility is 10,000 sq.ft. in size. Over the past ten years, the average level of service was 0.08 sq.ft. of space per capita or an investment of \$29 per capita. Based on this service standard, the Town would be eligible to collect approximately \$1.68 million from D.C.s for transit facilities (over the 10-year period).

The Town currently has 21 transit vehicles with a lifespan greater than six years. Over the past ten years, the average level of service was 0.1 vehicles per 1,000 population. This equates to an investment of \$50 per capita. Based on this service standard, the Town would be eligible to collect approximately \$2.88 million from D.C.s for transit facilities (over the 10-year period).

The transit service also includes bus shelters, pads and equipment for a farebox revenue system. This provides the Town with an average level of service of 0.6 other transit infrastructure items per 1,000 population, equating to \$5 per capita and a D.C. eligible amount of \$257,171 over the 10 year forecast period.

It total, the Town's transit service standard provides the Town with a D.C. eligible amount of \$4,816,518 over the 10 year forecast period.

Additional facility space, bus pads, A.V.L. equipment, and vehicles have been identified with a total cost of \$20,862,600. Deductions to this gross cost have been made to recognize benefit to existing development of \$4,683,300 and other contributions anticipated of \$436,900. A further deduction has been made to recognize the D.C. recoverable amount that will be made available over time as the service standards change in the amount of \$1,355,590. Finally, a deduction for the current exceedance of the service standard in the amount of \$10,208,100 has been made. In addition to these costs, the 2014 D.C. reserve fund deficit of \$637,772 has been included in the calculations. The net amount, after the 10% mandatory deduction, which has been included in the D.C. calculation is therefore \$4,398,611.

The growth costs have been allocated 66% residential and 34% non-residential based on the incremental growth in population to employment, for the 10-year forecast period.

Town of Milton

Service: Transit Services

								Le	ss:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoveral	ole Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	DC Recoverable Service Standard Adjustment ¹	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share	Non- Residential Share
	Facilities:	1	 					<u> </u>					00%	3470
	raciilles.				•••••						•			
1	New Facility (Phase 1 & 2)	2021, 2023- 2024	11,240,000	-	1,199,400	2,187,900	7,852,700	4,683,300		3,169,400	316,940	2,852,460	1,882,624	969,836
2	Transit Bus Pads	2015-2024	248,000	-			248,000	-		248,000	24,800	223,200	147,312	75,888
	Vehicles & Equipment:													
3	Accessible Transit - 24ft. Bus (2)	2015	466,600	-		416,000	50,600	-		50,600	5,060	45,540	30,056	15,484
4	Accessible Transit - 40ft. Bus (16)	2017-2024	8,394,000	-	156,190	7,604,200	633,610	-		633,610	63,361	570,249	376,364	193,885
5	AVL Centralized System & Components	2016-2021	514,000	-			514,000	-	436,900	77,100	7,710	69,390	45,797	23,593
6	Reserve Fund Adjustment		637,772	-		***************************************	637,772	-	***************************************	637,772	•	637,772	420,929	216,842
	Total		21,500,372	-	1,355,590	10,208,100	9,936,682	4,683,300	436,900	4,816,482	417,871	4,398,611	2,903,083	1,495,528

# 5.2.5 Parks Development Services

The Town currently has 1,135 acres of parkland within its jurisdiction. This parkland consists of various sized village squares, neighbourhood, district & community parks, passive open space area, linear parks, and parkland shared with others. The Town has sustained the current level of service over the historic 10-year period (2005-2014), with an average of 10.8 acres of parkland and 4.1 parkland amenities items per 1,000 population. The Town also provides 0.12 kilometres of trails per capita. Including parkland, parkland amenities (e.g. ball diamonds, playground equipment, soccer fields, etc.), and parkland trails, the level of service provided is \$1,489 per capita. When applied over the forecast period, this average level of service translates into a D.C. eligible amount of \$85,086,860.

Based on the projected growth over the 10 year forecast period, the Town has identified \$92,801,700 in future growth capital costs for parkland development. These projects include, the development of additional parks including amenities and trails. A deduction has been made for funding anticipated from the school boards and from developers in lieu of base condition, required under the local service policy, in the amount of \$927,710. A further deduction of \$9,683,397 has been made to recognize the balance in the D.C. reserve fund. The net growth capital cost after the mandatory 10% deduction and the allocation of reserve balance of \$73,003,243 for inclusion in the D.C.

As the predominant users of outdoor recreation tend to be residents of the Town, the forecast growth-related costs have been allocated 95% to residential and 5% to non-residential.

Town of Milton

Service: Parkland Development

							Le	ss:		Less:	Potentia	I DC Recoverable	le Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share	Non- Residential Share
	2015-2024							Development				95%	5%
1	Playground Growth-Boyne	2017-2024	650,900	-		650,900	-	286,410	364,490	36,449	328,041	311,639	16,402
2	Jannock Park Development - Phase 1	2018-2020	3,725,400	-		3,725,400	-		3,725,400	372,540	3,352,860	3,185,217	167,643
3	Community Park South Sherwood-Willmott	2015-2017	5,485,800	-		5,485,800	-		5,485,800	548,580	4,937,220	4,690,359	246,861
4	Community Park Derry Green	2019/2020	5,715,700	-		5,715,700	-		5,715,700	571,570	5,144,130	4,886,924	257,207
	Community Park - External to Boyne	2016/2017 Design, 2018- 2020 Construction	26,489,800	-		26,489,800	-		26,489,800	2,648,980	23,840,820	22,648,779	1,192,041
	Sherwood District Park	2016-2017	924,900			924,900	-	34,450	890,450	89,045	801,405	761,335	40,070
	District Park West - Boyne	2018/2019	9,272,000	-		9,272,000	-	6,850	9,265,150	926,515	8,338,635	7,921,703	416,932
	District Park East - Boyne	2021-2022	6,354,400	-		6,354,400	-		6,354,400	635,440	5,718,960	5,433,012	285,948
	Walker Neighbourhood Park - Boyne	2018-2019	1,742,000	-		1,742,000	-		1,742,000	174,200	1,567,800	1,489,410	78,390
	Ford Neighbourhood Park - Boyne	2017-2018	1,881,700	-		1,881,700	-		1,881,700	188,170	1,693,530	1,608,854	84,677
	Cobban Neighbourhood Park - Boyne	2019-2020	1,807,400	-		1,807,400	-		1,807,400	180,740	1,626,660	1,545,327	81,333
12	Bowes Neighbourhood Park - Boyne	2020-2021	1,818,700			1,818,700	_		1,818,700	181,870	1,636,830	1,554,989	81,842
	Cedar Hedge Park East (Neighbourhood Park - Clarke North 1B)	2015	979,730	-		979,730	-		979,730	97,973	881,757	837,669	44,088
14	Willmott Neighbourhood Park (Biason)	2015	989,615	-		989,615	-		989,615	98,962	890,654	846,121	44,533
15	Clarke-VS#6 (13)(Derry Rod/Fourth Line Landowners)	2018-2019	496,000	-		496,000	-		496,000	49,600	446,400	424,080	22,320
16	Featherstone Park (Coates-VS#3 (3)(Mattamy PH 17))	2015	488,110	-		488,110	-		488,110	48,811	439,299	417,334	21,965
17	Harrison Park (Harrison 2B South West)	2017	451,500	-		451,500	-		451,500	45,150	406,350	386,033	20,318
18	Milton Heights 2C - North	2018-2019	496,000	_		496,000	-		496,000	49,600	446,400	424,080	22,320
	Milton Heights 2C - South	2019-2020	496,000	-		496,000	-		496,000	49,600	446,400	424,080	22,320
	Park Development Village Squares - Boyne	2017-2024	3,272,600	-		3,272,600	-		3,272,600	327,260	2,945,340	2,798,073	147,267
21	Ford Village Square #1	2016-2017	363,600	-		363,600	-		363,600	36,360	327,240	310,878	16,362
22	Community Park - Milton Heights	2020-2021	1,929,300	-		1,929,300	-		1,929,300	192,930	1,736,370	1,649,552	86,819
23	New Trail Development	2015 & 2017- 2019	1,575,800	-		1,575,800	-		1,575,800	157,580	1,418,220	1,347,309	70,911
24	Linear Park Multi Use Trail - Coates South (4b)	2015, 2017- 2018	768,700	-		768,700	-		768,700	76,870	691,830	657,239	34,592
25	Willmott Tributary Buffer Trails	2015-2016	518,300	-		518,300	-		518,300	51,830	466,470	443,147	23,324
26	Willmott Pipeline Easement	2015, 2017- 2018	1,099,400	-		1,099,400	-		1,099,400	109,940	989,460	939,987	49,473
27	Milton Heights Tributary Trails	2019-2020	1,027,900	-		1,027,900	-		1,027,900	102,790	925,110	878,855	46,256
	Derry Green Union Gas Pipeline Easement (Asphalt trails and 2 pedestrian bridges)	2017-2018, 2020	2,218,700	-		2,218,700	-		2,218,700	221,870	1,996,830	1,896,989	99,842

Town of Milton

Service: Parkland Development

							Le	ess:		Less:	Potentia	I DC Recoverabl	le Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 95%	Non- Residential Share
1 79	Boyne Multiuse (Asphalt Trails in Greenlands System) Lit (W Side of 16 Mile Creek)	2017-2020	1,635,300	-		1,635,300	-		1,635,300	163,530	1,471,770	1,398,182	73,589
1 .3()	Boyne Limestone Trails in Greenlands System (West, Tremaine to 16 Mile Creek)	2016-2019	914,400	-		914,400	-		914,400	91,440	822,960	781,812	41,148
31	Boyne Pedestrian Bridge-Minor Crossing	2017-2018	307,200	-		307,200	-		307,200	30,720	276,480	262,656	13,824
32	Boyne Framgard Trail	2016	69,100	-		69,100	-		69,100	6,910	62,190	59,081	3,110
1 .3.3	Boyne Limestone Trails in Greenlands System (E 16 Milton Creek to JSP)	2018-2021	728,300	_		728,300	-		728,300	72,830	655,470	622,697	32,774
.34	Boyne Multiuse (Asphalt Trails in Greenlands System ) Lit (East Side 16 Mile Creek)	2017-2022	1,848,900	-		1,848,900	-		1,848,900	184,890	1,664,010	1,580,810	83,201
35	Indoor Soccer - Air supported	2017-2018	4,258,600	-		4,258,600	-	600,000	3,658,600	365,860	3,292,740	3,128,103	164,637
36	Reserve Fund Adjustment			-		-	9,683,397		(9,683,397)		(9,683,397)	(9,199,227)	(484,170)
	Total	-	92,801,755	-	-	92,801,755	9,683,397	927,710	82,190,648	9,187,405	73,003,243	69,353,081	3,650,162

# 5.2.6 Recreation

With respect to recreation facilities, there are currently various facilities provided by the Town, including community centres and halls, arenas, pools, tennis facilities, and a senior centre. These facilities provide for a total of 416,169 sq.ft. of space. The average historic level of service for the previous ten years has been 4.297 sq.ft. of space per capita or an investment of \$1,589 per capita. Based on this service standard, the Town would be eligible to collect \$90,816,047 from D.C.'s for facility space.

The Town has provided for the need for new recreation facilities which will include additional arenas, pools, gymnasiums, multi-purpose space and additional dedicated space for seniors. The cost of these additional facilities total \$95,735,000. From this amount, a deduction of \$1,208,700 has been made to recognize the benefit to growth in the post 10 year forecast period for the additional dedicated space for seniors. Further, the outstanding growth related debt, principal and interest (discounted), in the amount of \$6,350,580, for the Milton Sports Centre has been included. Of this amount \$464,817 relates to debt interest which is added to the D.C. calculations in addition to the amount of the service standard cap. Finally, a deduction of \$9,596,391 has been made to recognize the balance in the D.C. reserve fund. Therefore, the balance before the mandatory 10% deduction is \$91,280,489. The net growth capital cost, after the mandatory 10% deduction, of \$81,827,859 has been included in the development charge.

While indoor recreation service usage is predominately residential-based, there is some use of the facility by non-residential users. To acknowledge this use, the growth-related capital costs have been allocated 95% residential and 5% non-residential.

Town of Milton Service: Recreation

							Le	ss:		Less:	Potentia	al DC Recoverabl	e Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 95%	Non- Residential Share
1	Arena	2016/17 & 2019/20	55,040,000	-		55,040,000	-		55,040,000	5,504,000	49,536,000	47,059,200	2,476,800
2	Indoor Pool	2016/17 & 2019/20	29,250,000	_		29,250,000	_		29,250,000	2,925,000	26,325,000	25,008,750	1,316,250
3	Gymnasium	2019/20	4,310,000	-		4,310,000	-		4,310,000	431,000	3,879,000	3,685,050	193,950
4	Multi-purpose Spaces	2016/17 & 2019/20	5,147,000	-		5,147,000	-		5,147,000	514,700	4,632,300	4,400,685	231,615
5	Seniors Centre Expansion (10,000 sq.ft.)	2017	1,988,000	1,208,700		779,300	-		779,300	77,930	701,370	666,302	35,069
6	Milton Sports Centre Expansion Debt - Growth Related Principal	2015-2021	2,942,857	-		2,942,857	-		2,942,857		2,942,857	2,795,714	147,143
7	Milton Sports Centre Expansion Debt- Discounted Growth Related Interest	2015-2021	237,044	-		237,044	-		237,044		237,044	225,192	11,852
8	Milton Sports Centre Debt - Growth Related Principal	2015-2020	2,942,906	-		2,942,906	-		2,942,906		2,942,906	2,795,760	147,145
9	Milton Sports Centre Debt- Discounted Growth Related Interest	2015-2020	227,773	-		227,773	_		227,773		227,773	216,385	11,389
10	Reserve Fund Adjustment			-		-	9,596,391		(9,596,391)		(9,596,391)	(9,116,571)	(479,820)
	Total		102,085,580	1,208,700	•	100,876,880	9,596,391	-	91,280,489	9,452,630	81,827,859	77,736,466	4,091,393

Note: Interest on Existing Debt is in addition to the service standard

# 5.2.7 Library Services

The Town provides library services from two facilities which total 40,837 sq.ft. in library space. Over the past ten years, the average level of service was 0.398 sq.ft. of space per capita or an investment of \$167 per capita. Based on the service standard over the past ten years, the Town would be eligible to collect a total of \$9,569,600 from D.C.'s for library services.

Two additional library branches as well as an expansion to the main library have been identified for inclusion in the D.C. for library facilities due to growth. The gross cost of the projects have been included at a total of \$18,392,200, with a deduction of \$2,288,200 to recognize the amount that will be recoverable over time as the service standards change. In addition, a deduction of \$6,534,407 has been made based on the balance in the 2014 D.C. reserve fund. The net growth capital cost after the mandatory 10% deduction is therefore \$7,959,193.

The Town has an inventory of library collection items (237,323 items currently). These collection items include various materials including books, periodicals, audio visual materials, electronic resources as well as shelving in the two facilities, all of which have a total value of approximately \$9.09 million. Over the past ten years, the average level of service was 2.25 collection items per capita or an investment of \$86 per capita. Based on this service standard, the Town would be eligible to collect approximately \$4,890,811 from D.C.'s for library collection items (over the 10-year period).

Based on the projected growth over the 10-year forecast period (2015-2024), expansion to the collection has been identified along with additional shelving for the new facility space with a gross cost of \$4,890,800. The net growth-related capital cost to be included in the D.C. is \$4,401,720 (after the mandatory 10% deduction).

While library usage is predominately residential based, there is some use of the facilities by non-residential users, for the purpose of research. To acknowledge this use of the growth-related capital costs have been allocated 95% residential and 5% non-residential.

Town of Milton Service: Library Facilities

								Le	ess:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoveral	ole Cost
Prj.No	Бечеюріпені	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	DC Recoverable Service Standard Adjustment ¹	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share	Non- Residential Share
_	2015-2024	0040 0040	7.400.400				7 400 400		Development	7.400.400	740.040	0.470.400	95%	5%
1	Branch #2 - Sherwood	2016-2018	7,196,100	-			7,196,100	-		7,196,100	719,610	6,476,490	6,152,666	323,825
2	Branch #3 - Boyne	2019-2021	7,196,100				7,196,100	-		7,196,100	719,610	6,476,490	6,152,666	323,825
3	Main Library Expansion	2024	4,000,000	-	2,288,200		1,711,800	-		1,711,800	171,180	1,540,620	1,463,589	77,031
4	Reserve Fund Adjustment							6,534,407		(6,534,407)		(6,534,407)	(6,207,687)	(326,720)
	Total		18,392,200	-	2,288,200	-	16,104,000	6,534,407	-	9,569,593	1,610,400	7,959,193	7,561,233	397,960

¹ These costs are dc recoverable over time as the sevice standards change

Town of Milton

Service: Library Collection Materials

							Le	ess:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoverab	ole Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development		Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share	Non- Residential Share
	2015-2024							Development				95%	5%
1	New Collection Volumes - Sherwood	2016-2018	1,842,900	-		1,842,900	-		1,842,900	184,290	1,658,610	1,575,680	82,931
2	New Collection Volumes - Main Library	2018-2020 2024	921,500	-		921,500	-		921,500	92,150	829,350	787,883	41,468
3	New Collection Volumes - Boyne	2022-2024 2019-2021	1,842,900	-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,842,900	=	***************************************	1,842,900	184,290	1,658,610	1,575,680	82,931
3	Shelving - Shewood	2016-2018	113,400	-		113,400	-		113,400	11,340	102,060	96,957	5,103
4	Shelving - Main Library	2018-2020 2024	56,700	-		56,700	-		56,700	5,670	51,030	48,479	2,552
5	Shelving - Boyne	2022-2024 2019-2021	113,400	-		113,400	-		113,400	11,340	102,060	96,957	5,103
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	Total		4,890,800	-	-	4,890,800	-	-	4,890,800	489,080	4,401,720	4,181,634	220,086

#### 5.2.8 Administration Studies

The D.C.A. permits the inclusion of studies undertaken to facilitate the completion of the Town's capital works program. The Town has made provision for the inclusion of new studies undertaken to facilitate this D.C. process, as well as other studies which benefit growth (in whole or in part). The list of studies includes such studies as the following:

- Strategic Plans;
- Community Plan Updates;
- Ward Boundary Review;
- Feasibility Studies;
- Transportation studies;
- Transit studies:
- Parking studies;
- Parks and recreation studies:
- Library studies;
- · Official plans; and
- Secondary plans.

The cost of these studies, including the reserve fund deficit of \$3,091,052 is \$26,584,952, of which \$14,017,750 is attributable to growth in the post 10 year forecast, \$1,241,990 is attributable to existing benefit and \$30,000 is to be recovered from other municipalities for shared studies. The net growth-related capital cost, after the mandatory 10% deduction and the application of the existing reserve balance, is \$10,673,781 and has been included in the development charge.

These costs have been allocated 66% residential and 34% non-residential based on the incremental growth in population to employment for the 10-year forecast period.

Town of Milton

Service: Administration Studies

								Le	ss:		Less:	Potentia	DC Recoveral	ble Cost
Prj.No	Responsibility	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 66%	Non- Residential Share
1	Town wide	Strategic Plan - Soft Services (Exec Services, Economic Dev, Corp Serv, Planning)	2015 & 2019 & 2023	345,000	-		345,000	172,500		172,500	17,250	155,250	102,465	52,785
2		Strategic Plan - Hard Services (Engineering Services, Fire)	2015 & 2019 & 2023	115,000	_		115,000	57,500		57,500		57,500	37,950	19,550
3	Town wide	Community Plan Update (Destiny Milton)	2019 & 2023	151,000	-		151,000	75,500		75,500	7,550	67,950	44,847	23,103
4	Clerks	Ward Boundary Review	2015	66,000	-		66,000	33,000		33,000	3,300	29,700	19,602	10,098
5		Impact on Regulatory Framework Study	2018	30,500	_		30,500	-		30,500	3,050	27,450	18,117	9,333
6		Feasibility Study and Business Plan-Animal Control Facility	2016	45,800	-		45,800	10,500	30,000	5,300	530	4,770	3,148	1,622
7	Finance	Development Charges Studies	2015, 2019 & 2021	1,000,000	-		1,000,000	-		1,000,000	100,000	900,000	594,000	306,000
8	Finance	Special Financial Studies	2017 & 2020	183,000	-		183,000	-		183,000	18,300	164,700	108,702	55,998
9	Engineering Services	Active Transportation Plan	2018 & 2022	354,000	-		354,000	-		354,000		354,000	233,640	120,360
10	Engineering Services	Downtown Parking Study	2018	80,000	-		80,000	40,000		40,000	4,000	36,000	23,760	12,240
11	Engineering Services	Transportation Master Plan	2016	758,000	-		758,000	75,800		682,200		682,200	450,252	231,948
12	Community Services	Parks Master Plan Updates	2015/2017/2022	102,000	-		102,000	_		102,000	10,200	91,800	60,588	31,212
13	Community Services	Community Centre Implementation Strategy	2018	111,000	_		111,000	_		111,000	11,100	99,900	65,934	33,966
14	Community Services	Recreation Master Plan	2020 & 2024	153,000	-		153,000	38,250		114,750	11,475	103,275	68,162	35,114
15	Engineering Services	Urban Forestry Management Strategy	2019 & 2024	126,000	-		126,000	31,500		94,500	9,450	85,050	56,133	28,917
16	Community Services	Service Strategy	2017 & 2021	111,200	-		111,200	11,120		100,080	10,008	90,072	59,448	30,624
17	Library	Library Services Master Plan	2020 & 2024	91,000	-		91,000	22,750		68,250	6,825	61,425	40,541	20,885
18		Service Delivery Strategy - Library	2017	40,700	_		40,700	4,070		36,630	3,663	32,967	21,758	11,209
19	Transit	Transit Study	2017 & 2022	356,000	_		356,000	_		356,000	35,600	320,400	211,464	108,936
		Development Engineering Standards	2017, 2020 & 2023	183,150	-		183,150	-		183,150		183,150	120,879	62,271
		Residential Infill/Intensification Study	2021	181,000	-		181,000	-		181,000	18,100	162,900	107,514	55,386
~~~~~~		Intensification Study - Parks	2020	68,100	-		68,100	-		68,100	6,810	61,290	40,451	20,839
23	Planning	Intensification Study - Recreation	2020	55,700	_		55,700	-		55,700	5,570	50,130	33,086	17,044
***********		Intensification Study - Roads	2020	44,500	_		44,500	-		44,500		44,500	29,370	15,130
25	Planning	Intensification Study - SWM	2020	44,500	_		44,500	-		44,500		44,500	29,370	15,130

Town of Milton

Service: Administration Studies

								Le	ss:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoveral	ble Cost
Prj.No	Responsibility	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share	Non- Residential Share
26	Planning	Urban Growth Centre Community	2017-2018	560,000	-		560,000	-		560,000	56,000	504,000	332,640	171,360
27	Ü	Business Park #3 - Hard Services (FSEMS, Transporation, Water/Wastewater Servicing)	2021-2022	624,000	-		624,000	-		624,000		624,000	411,840	212,160
28	Planning	Business Park #3 - Soft Services (CFCP, POS, Urban Design Guidelines, Secondary Plan)	2021-2022	752,000	-		752,000	-		752,000	75,200	676,800	446,688	230,112
29	Planning	Business Park #4 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS, Transportation)	2025+	603,000	603,000		-	-		-		-	-	-
30	Planning	Business Park #4 - Soft Services (CFCP, Secondary Plan, POS, Urban Design Guidelines)	2025+	762,000	762,000		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
31	Planning	Business Park #5 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS, Transportation)	2025+	624,000	624,000		-	-		-		-	-	-
32	Planning	Business Park #5 - Soft Services (CFCP, Secondary Plan, POS, Urban Design Guidelines)	2025+	764,000	764,000		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
33	Planning	Urban Residential PH #4 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS, Transportation)	2018-2019	624,000	624,000		-	-		-		-	-	-
34		Urban Residential PH #4 - Soft Services (CFCP, Secondary Plan, Parks/Rec/Trails MP, Urban Design Guidelines)	2018-2019	752,000	752,000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	_		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	_	-		_	_
35	Planning	Urban Residential PH #5 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS, Transportation)	2025+	614,000	614,000		_	_		_		-	-	-
36		Urban Residential PH #5 (CFCPSecondary, Parks/Open Space, Urban Design Guidelines)	2025+	762,000	762,000		_	_		_	-	_	_	-
37	Planning	Mixed Use PH #1 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS, Transportation)	2025+	624,000	624,000		_	_		_		_	_	-
38	Planning	Mixed Use PH #1 - Soft Services (CFCP, Secondary Plan, POS, Urban Design Guidelines)	2025+	764,000	764,000	001-001-001-001-001-001-001-001-001-001	-	-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	-	-	-	-	-

Town of Milton

Service: Administration Studies

								Le	ss:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoverab	ole Cost
Prj.No	Responsibility	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-2024	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 66%	Non- Residential Share
39	Planning	Mixed Use PH #2 - Hard Services (Water/Wastewater, FSEMS,	2025+	624,000	624.000		-	_		_	-	-	-	_
		Transportation)												
		Mixed Use PH #2 - Soft Services (CFCP,											•	
40	Planning	Secondary Plan, POS, Urban Design Guidelines)	2025+	764,000	764,000		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
41	Planning	CIP Campbellville Plan	2018	305,000	-		305,000	228,750		76,250	7,625	68,625	45,293	23,333
42	Planning	Milton Air Photo Mapping	2015, 2017, 2019, 2021 & 2023	113,000	-		113,000	56,500		56,500	5,650	50,850	33,561	17,289
43	Planning	Official Plan Review	2016 & 2021	1,010,000	_		1,010,000	252,500		757,500	75,750	681,750	449,955	231,795
44	Planning	Res/Non-Res Take Up / Land Needs Study	2015 & 2021	424,000	-		424,000	-		424,000	42,400	381,600	251,856	129,744
45	Planning	Comprehensive ICI Study	2020	280,000	140,000		140,000	-		140,000	14,000	126,000	83,160	42,840
46	Planning	Zoning By-Law Review	2019 & 2024	527,000	-		527,000	131,750		395,250	39,525	355,725	234,779	120,947
47	Planning	Urban Design Guidelines	2015	225,000	-		225,000	-		225,000	22,500	202,500	133,650	68,850
48	Planning	Whitebelt Land Base Analysis	2024	244,000	244,000		_	_	***************************************	_	_	_	_	_
49	Planning	Whitebelt Subwatershed Study	2024	2,140,000	2,140,000		_	-			-	_	-	-
50	Planning	Sustainable Halton - Subwatershed Study ¹	2016	2,570,200	2,570,200		_	-		_	_	_	_	-
51	Planning	Sustainable Halton - Land Base Analysis ¹	2016	642,550	642,550		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
51		Reserve Fund Adjustment		3,091,052	-	·	3,091,052	-		3,091,052		3,091,052	2,040,094	1,050,958
		Total		26,584,952	14,017,750	•	12,567,202	1,241,990	30,000	11,295,212	621,431	10,673,781	7,044,695	3,629,086

¹ These costs will be collected from a future Area Specific D.C.

5.2.9 Parking

The Town currently provides 664 parking spaces in the downtown area and Campbellville area. This equates to \$145/capita in parking services which provides \$8,278,033 in D.C. eligible funding over the 10 year forecast period.

The Town has identified the need for a new parking facility as well as new surfaces spaces. Costs for these are estimated at \$14,311,600. Of this amount, \$4.2 million is deducted to recognize the amount that will benefit growth in the post 10 year forecast period. Additional, a deduction of \$1,834,868 has been made based on the D.C. reserve fund balance. After the 10% mandatory deduction, \$7,265,572 has been included in the Development Charge calculations.

The growth-related costs for parking have been allocated 66% residential and 34% non-residential based on the incremental growth in population to employment, for the 10 year forecast period.

Town of Milton Service: Parking

							Le	ss:		Less:	Potential	DC Recoverab	ole Cost
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Subtotal	Other (e.g. 10% Statutory Deduction)	Total	Residential Share 66%	Non- Residential Share
1	New Facility	2022- 2024	12,750,000	4,200,000		8,550,000	-		8,550,000	855,000	7,695,000	5,078,700	2,616,300
2	New Surface Spaces	2018	882,000	-	***************************************	882,000	-		882,000	88,200	793,800	523,908	269,892
3	Civic Parking Lot E	2015	679,600	-		679,600	_		679,600	67,960	611,640	403,682	207,958
4	Reserve Fund Adjustment			-		-	1,834,868		(1,834,868)		(1,834,868)	(1,211,013)	(623,855)
		•••••		***************************************	***************************************								
	Total		14,311,600	4,200,000	-	10,111,600	1,834,868	-	8,276,732	1,011,160	7,265,572	4,795,277	2,470,294

5.3 Special Area Charges for Stormwater Management Monitoring

Presently, there are three (3) special area charges in effect which provide for the specific recovery of stormwater monitoring in the Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green Business Park over a ten year planning period.

5.3.1 Sherwood Survey Area

This study has undertaken a recalculation of the area specific development charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring for the Sherwood Survey. The total cost outstanding for the Monitoring is \$404,050. Further, a reserve fund adjustment has been made to reflect the 2014 year end reserve fund position of negative \$213,673. The total to be included in the D.C. calculation is therefore \$617,723.

The allocation between residential and non-residential development is 55%/45% based on development land areas in the Sherwood Survey area over the forecast period.

5.3.2 Boyne Survey Area

This study has undertaken a calculation of the area specific development charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring for the Boyne Survey. The total cost for the Monitoring is \$1,135,000. A deduction of \$7,676 has been made for the balance in the 2014 year end reserve fund providing a net amount of \$1,127,324 to be included in the D.C. calculation.

The allocation between residential and non-residential development is 89%/11% based on development land areas in the Boyne Survey area over the forecast.

5.3.3 Derry Green Area

This study has undertaken a calculation of the area specific development charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring for the Derry Green Business Park. The total cost for the Monitoring is \$1,135,000 with a deduction of \$8,417 for the 2014 year end reserve fund balance. This provides a net amount of \$1,143,417 for inclusion in the D.C. calculation.

The allocation between residential and non-residential development is 0%/100% based on development land areas in the Derry Green Business Park area over the forecast period.

Town of Milton

Service: Stormwater - Sherwood

								Less:		Total	
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-Sherwood	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 55%	Non-Residential Share 45%
1	Stormwater Monitoring	2015, 2016-2018	404,050	-		404,050	-		404,050	222,228	181,823
2	Reserve Fund Adjustment		213,673	_		213,673	-		213,673	117,520	96,153
***************************************				***************************************				***************************************			***************************************

								***************************************			***************************************
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	Total		617,723	-	-	617,723	-	-	617,723	339,748	277,975

Town of Milton

Service: Stormwater - Boyne

								Less:	Total			
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-Boyne	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 89%	Non-Residential Share 11%	
1	Stormwater Monitoring	2015-2024	1,135,000	-		1,135,000	-		1,135,000	1,010,150	124,850	
2	Reserve Fund Adjustment			-		-	7,676		(7,676)	(6,832)	(844)	
	Total		1,135,000	-	-	1,135,000	7,676	-	1,127,324	1,003,318	124,006	

Town of Milton

Service: Stormwater - Derry Green

			Cross					Less:		Total	
Prj.No	Increased Service Needs Attributable to Anticipated Development 2015-BPII	Timing (year)	Gross Capital Cost Estimate (2015\$)	Post Period Benefit	Other Deductions	Net Capital Cost	Benefit to Existing Development	Grants, Subsidies and Other Contributions Attributable to New Development	Total	Residential Share 0%	Non-Residential Share 100%
1	Stormwater Monitoring	2015-2024	1,135,000	-		1,135,000	-		1,135,000	-	1,135,000
2	Reserve Fund Adjustment		8,417	_		8,417	_		8,417	-	8,417
***************************************		***************************************	***************************************		•		***************************************				•
	Total		1,143,417	-	-	1,143,417	-	-	1,143,417	-	1,143,417

6. Development Charge Calculation

Table 6-1 calculates the proposed uniform development charges to be imposed for infrastructure services based upon a 10 year horizon. Tables 6-2, 6-3, and 6-4 calculate the proposed area specific development charges to be imposed on anticipated development in the Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey, and Derry Green areas over a 10 year planning horizon.

The calculation for residential development is generated on a per capita basis and is based upon five forms of housing types (single and semi-detached, apartments 2+ bedrooms, apartment's bachelor and 1 bedroom, all other multiples and special care/special dwelling units). The non-residential development charge has been calculated on a per sq.ft. of gross floor area basis for two types of non-residential development (retail and non-retail).

The D.C. eligible costs for each service component were developed in Chapter 5 for all Town services, based on their proposed capital programs.

For the residential calculations, the total cost is divided by the "gross" (new resident) population to determine the per capita amount. The eligible D.C. cost calculations set out in Chapter 5 are based on the net anticipated population increase (the forecast new unit population less the anticipated decline in existing units). The cost per capita is then multiplied by the average occupancy of the new units (Appendix A, Schedule 5) to calculate the charge in Tables 6-1 through 6-4.

With respect to non-residential development, the total costs associated with non-residential development have been allocated to those costs associated with retail development and those associated with non-retail development. These costs have then been divided by the anticipated retail and non-retail development, respectfully, over the planning period to calculate a cost per sq.ft. of gross floor area.

Table 6-5 summarizes the total development charge that is applicable for municipal-wide and area-specific services. Table 6-6 summarizes the gross capital expenditures and sources of revenue for works to be undertaken during the 5-year life of the by-law.

TABLE 6-1 TOWN OF MILTON DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION Municipal-wide Services

2015-2026											
	2015 \$ DC	Eligible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eli	gible Cost	2015 \$ DC E	igible Cost	2015 \$ DC I	Eligible Cost			
SERVICE	Residential	Non-Residential	SDU	per ft²	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	Non-Retail			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	per sq. ft. \$	per sq. ft. \$			
Services Related to a Highway											
1.1 Services Related to a Highway	100,607,656	67,071,770	6,036	2.47	16,172,726	50,899,045	4.70	2.15			
Public Works Operations											
2.1 Public Works Operations	16,742,408	4,739,431	1,004	0.18	1,142,798	3,596,632	0.33	0.15			
0.51.0.11.0.1											
3. Fire Protection Services	5 470 047	4 775 050	242	0.40	4 454 500	0.004.077	2.24	0.45			
3.1 Fire facilities	5,173,847	4,775,859	310	0.18	1,151,582	3,624,277	0.34	0.15			
3.2 Fire vehicles	1,185,045	1,093,888	71	0.04	263,765	830,124	0.08	0.04			
3.3 Small equipment and gear	183,924	169,776	11	0.01	40,937	128,839	0.01	0.01			
	6,542,817	6,039,523	392	0.23	1,456,284	4,583,240	0.43	0.20			
4 Transit											
Transit A.1 Transit Facilities and Vehicles	0.000.000	4 405 500	174	0.06	200 040	4 404 040	0.10	0.05			
4.1 Transit Facilities and Venicles	2,903,083	1,495,528	1/4	0.06	360,610	1,134,918	0.10	0.05			
5 Parka Davolanment											
5. Parks Development	60 353 004	2 650 462	4 101	0.14	000 140	2 770 014	0.26	0.12			
5.1 Parkland development, amenities & trails	69,353,081	3,650,162	4,161	0.14	880,148	2,770,014	0.26	0.12			
6. Recreation											
6.1 Recreation facilities	77,736,466	4,091,393	4,664	0.15	986,540	3,104,853	0.29	0.13			
0.1 Recreation facilities	77,730,400	4,091,393	4,004	0.15	960,540	3,104,633	0.29	0.13			
7. <u>Library</u>											
7.1 Library facilities	7,561,233	397,960	454	0.01	95,958	302,001	0.03	0.01			
7.1 Library materials	4,181,634	220,086	251	0.01	53,068	167,018	0.03	0.01			
7.2 Library materials	11,742,867	618,046	705	0.01	149,026	469,019	0.02	0.01			
8. Administration	11,742,007	010,040	705	0.02	149,020	409,019	0.05	0.02			
8.1 Studies	7,044,695	3,629,086	423	0.13	875.066	2,754,020	0.25	0.12			
0.1 Studies	7,044,033	3,023,000	423	0.13	073,000	2,734,020	0.23	0.12			
9. Parking											
9.1 Municipal Parking Spaces	4,795,277	2,470,294	288	0.09	595,651	1,874,643	0.17	0.08			
TOTAL	\$297,468,351	\$93,805,233	\$17,847	\$3.47	\$22,618,849	\$71,186,384	\$6.58	\$3.02			
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DC ELIGIBLE CAPITAL COST	\$297,468,351	\$93,805,233			\$22,618,800	\$71,186,400					
10 Year Gross Population / GFA Growth (ft².)	58,669	27,042,270			3,435,010	23,607,260					
Cost Per Capita / Non-Residential GFA (ft².)	\$5,070.28	\$3.47			\$6.58	\$3.02					
By Residential Unit Type p.p.u											
Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling 3.52	\$17,847										
Apartments - 2 Bedrooms + 1.89	\$9,583										
Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom 1.27	\$6,439										
Other Multiples 2.52	\$12,777										
Special Care/Special Dwelling Units 1.10	\$5,577										

TABLE 6-2 Town of Milton DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION Area Specific Services - Sherwood

			2015-2	026						
		2015 \$ DC	Eligible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eli	gible Cost	2015 \$ DC E	igible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eligible Cost		
SERVICE		Residential	Non-Residential	SDU	per ft²	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	Non-Retail	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	per sq.ft. \$	per sq.ft. \$	
10. Stormwater										
10.1 Monitoring		339,748	277,975	201	0.13	125,369	152,606	0.17	0.11	
TOTAL		\$339,748	\$277,975	\$201	\$0.13	\$125,369	\$152,606	\$0.17	\$0.11	
DC ELIGIBLE CAPITAL COST		\$339,748	\$277,975			\$125,369	\$152,606			
Build out Gross Population / GFA Growth (ft².)		5,952	2,172,150			743,375	1,428,775			
Cost Per Capita / Non-Residential GFA (ft².)		\$57.08	\$0.13			\$0.17	\$0.11			
By Residential Unit Type	p.p.u									
Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling	3.52	\$201								
Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	1.89	\$108								
Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	1.27	\$72								
Other Multiples	2.52	\$144								
Special Care/Special Need Dwelling Uni	1.10	\$63								

TABLE 6-3 Town of Milton DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION Area Specific Services - Boyne

			2015-2	026					
		2015 \$ DC	Eligible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eligible Cost		2015 \$ DC EI	igible Cost	2015 \$ DC I	Eligible Cost
SERVICE		Residential	Non-Residential	SDU	per ft²	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	Non-Retail
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	per sq.ft. \$	per sq.ft. \$
11. Stormwater									
11.1 Monitoring		1,003,318	124,006	73	0.06	38,668	85,338	0.09	0.05
TOTAL		\$1,003,318	\$124,006	\$73	\$0.06	\$38,668	\$85,338	\$0.09	\$0.05
DC ELIGIBLE CAPITAL COST		\$1,003,318	\$124,006			\$38,668	\$85,338		
Build out Gross Population / GFA Growth (ft2.)		48,196	2,186,100			452,200	1,733,900		
Cost Per Capita / Non-Residential GFA (ft².)		\$20.82	\$0.06			\$0.09	\$0.05		
By Residential Unit Type	p.p.u								
Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling	3.52	\$73							
Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	1.89	\$39							
Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	1.27	\$26							
Other Multiples	2.52	\$52							

TABLE 6-4 Town of Milton DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION Area Specific Services - Derry Green 2015-2026

		2015 \$ DC	Eligible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eli	gible Cost	2015 \$ DC EI	igible Cost	2015 \$ DC	Eligible Cost
SERVICE		Residential	Non-Residential	SDU	per ft²	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	Non-Retail
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	per sq.ft. \$	per sq.ft. \$
12. Stormwater									
12.1 Monitoring		0	1,143,417	0	0.08	106,571	1,036,846	0.16	0.07
TOTAL		\$0	\$1,143,417	\$0	\$0.08	\$106,571	\$1,036,846	\$0.16	\$0.07
DC ELIGIBLE CAPITAL COST		\$0	\$1,143,417			\$106,571	\$1,036,846		
Build out Gross Population / GFA Growth (ft².)		0	15,115,550			648,850	14,466,700		
Cost Per Capita / Non-Residential GFA (ft².)		\$0	\$0.08			\$0.16	\$0.07		
By Residential Unit Type	p.p.u								
Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling	3.52	\$0							
Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	1.89	\$0							
Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	1.27	\$0							
Other Multiples	2.52	\$0							
Special Care/Special Need Dwelling Uni	1.10	\$0							

TABLE 6-5 TOWN OF MILTON DEVELOPMENT CHARGE CALCULATION TOTAL ALL SERVICES

	2015 \$ DC	2015 \$ DC Eligible Cost		gible Cost	2015 \$ DC EI	igible Cost	2015 \$ DC Eligible Cost	
	Residential	Non-Residential	SDU	per ft²	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	Non-Retail
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Municipal-wide Services 10 Year	297,468,351	93,805,233	17,847	3.47	22,618,849	71,186,384	6.58	3.02
TOTAL MUNICIPAL-WIDE	297,468,351	93,805,233	17,847	3.47	22,618,849	71,186,384	6.58	3.02
Urban Areas:								
Area Specific Services 10 Year - Sherwood Survey	339,748	277,975	201	0.13	125,369	152,606	0.17	0.11
Area Specific Services 10 Year - Boyne Survey	1,003,318	124,006	73	0.06	38,668	85,338	0.09	0.05
Area Specific Services 10 Year - Derry Green	0	1,143,417	0	0.08	106,571	1,036,846	0.16	0.07
TOTAL - SHERWOOD SURVEY	297,808,099	94,083,208	18,048	3.60	22,744,218	71,338,990	6.75	3.13
TOTAL - BOYNE SURVEY	298,471,669	93,929,238	17,920	3.53	22,657,517	71,271,722	6.67	3.07
TOTAL - DERRY GREEN (BPII)	297,468,351	94,948,650	17,847	3.55	22,725,420	72,223,230	6.735	3.09

Special Care/Special Need Dwelling Uni

Table 6-6 TOWN OF MILTON GROSS EXPENDITURE AND SOURCES OF REVENUE SUMMARY FOR COSTS TO BE INCURRED OVER THE LIFE OF THE BY-LAW

					<u> </u>		F FINANCING		SOURCES OF FINANCING							
				TAX BASE	OR OTHER NON-D	C SOURCE			DC RESER	VE FUND						
	Service	Total Gross Cost	Other Deductions	DC Recoverable Service Standard Adjustment ¹	BENEFIT TO EXISTING	OTHER FUNDING	LEGISLATED REDUCTION	POST DC PERIOD BENEFIT	RESIDENTIAL	NON- RESIDENTIAL						
1.	Services Related to a Highway 1.1 Services Related to a Highway	134,058,565	0	0	29,430,255	439,400	0	10,845,000	56,006,346	37,337,564						
2.	Public Works Operations 2.1 Public Works Operations	7,897,706	0	0	987,500	0	114,768	0	5,296,194	1,499,243						
3.	Fire Protection Services 3.1 Fire facilities 3.2 Fire vehicles 3.3 Small equipment and gear	7,283,000 2,137,800 353,700	0 0 0	0 0 0	1,937,500 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0	2,779,660 1,111,656 183,924	2,565,840 1,026,144 169,776						
4.	Transit 4.1 Transit Facilities and Vehicles	4,081,017	3,267,575	58,571	0	291,267	46,360	0	275,381	141,863						
5.	Parks Development 5.1 Parkland development, amenities & trails	66,746,916	0	0	0	748,704	6,599,821	0	56,428,471	2,969,920						
6.	Recreation 6.1 Recreation facilities	71,220,750	0	0	0	0	7,001,205	1,208,700	59,860,303	3,150,542						
7.	Library 7.1 Library facilities 7.2 Library materials	9,594,800 3,423,550	0	0	0	0	959,480 342,355	0	8,203,554 2,927,135	431,766 154,060						
8.	Administration 8.1 Studies	1,662,000	0	0	392,120	30,000	55,768	0	781,514	402,598						
9.	Parking 9.1 Municipal Parking Spaces	882,000	0	0	0	0	88,200	0	523,908	269,892						
10.	Stormwater - Sherwood 10.1 Monitoring	251,634	0	0	0	0	0	0	138,399	113,235						
11.	Stormwater - Boyne 11.1 Monitoring	567,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	505,075	62,425						
12. TO 1	Stormwater - Derry Green 12.1 Monitoring TAL EXPENDITURES & REVENUES	567,500 \$310,728,437	0 \$3,267,575	0 \$58,571	<u>0</u> \$32,747,375	0 \$1,509,370	0 \$15,207,957	\$12,053,700	0 \$195,021,520	567,500 \$50,862,368						

¹ These costs are dc recoverable over time as the Sevice Standards change

7. Development Charge Policy Recommendations and Development Charge By-law Rules

7.1 Introduction

s.s.5(1)9 states that rules must be developed:

"...to determine if a development charge is payable in any particular case and to determine the amount of the charge, subject to the limitations set out in subsection 6."

Paragraph 10 of the section goes on to state that the rules may provide for exemptions, phasing in and/or indexing of development charges.

s.s.5(6) establishes the following restrictions on the rules:

- the total of all development charges that would be imposed on anticipated development must not exceed the capital costs determined under 5(1) 2-8 for all services involved;
- if the rules expressly identify a type of development, they must not provide
 for it to pay development charges that exceed the capital costs that arise
 from the increase in the need for service for that type of development;
 however, this requirement does not relate to any particular development;
 and
- if the rules provide for a type of development to have a lower development charge than is allowed, the rules for determining development charges may not provide for any resulting shortfall to be made up via other development.

With respect to "the rules," Section 6 states that a D.C. by-law must expressly address the matters referred to above re s.s.5(1) para. 9 and 10, as well as how the rules apply to the redevelopment of land.

The rules provided are based on the Town's existing policies; however, there are items under consideration at this time and these may be refined prior to adoption of the bylaw.

7.2 Development Charge By-law Structure

It is recommended that:

- the Town uses a uniform Town-wide development charge calculation for all Municipal services except stormwater monitoring services;
- stormwater monitoring services be imposed on an area-specific basis in each of the Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green Survey areas of the Town; and
- one Municipal development charge by-law be used for all services.

7.3 Development Charge By-law Rules

The following subsections set out the recommended rules governing the calculation, payment and collection of development charges in accordance with Section 6 of the Development Charges Act, 1997.

It is recommended that the following sections provide the basis for the development charges:

7.3.1 Payment in any Particular Case

In accordance with the Development Charges Act, 1997, s.2(2), a development charge be calculated, payable and collected where the development requires one or more of the following:

- a) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to a zoning by-law under section 34 of the Planning Act;
- b) the approval of a minor variance under Section 45 of the Planning Act;
- c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under section 50(7) of the Planning Act applies;
- d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under Section 51 of the Planning Act;
- e) a consent under Section 53 of the Planning Act;
- f) the approval of a description under section 50 of the Condominium Act; or
- g) the issuing of a building permit under the Building Code Act in relation to a building or structure.

7.3.2 Determination of the Amount of the Charge

The following conventions be adopted:

- Costs allocated to residential uses will be assigned to different types of residential units based on the average occupancy for each housing type constructed during the previous decade. Costs allocated to non-residential uses will be assigned based on the amount of square feet of gross floor area constructed for eligible uses (i.e. industrial, commercial and institutional).
- Costs allocated to residential and non-residential uses are based upon a number of conventions, as may be suited to each municipal circumstance, e.g.
 - for Administration, Parking and Transit, the costs have been based on a population vs. employment growth ratio (66%/34%) for residential and non-residential, respectively) over the 10 year forecast period;
 - for Recreation, Parkland Development and Library services, a 5% nonresidential attribution has been made to recognize use by the nonresidential sector;
 - for Services Related to a Highway, a 60% residential/40% non-residential attribution has been made based upon supporting transportation work undertaken by Dillon Consulting Limited for the Region of Halton, over the 10 year forecast period;
 - for Public Works Operations, a 78%/22% (residential/non-residential) attribution has been made based on the weighted proportion of the operations service related to services related to a highway vs. parks & recreation;
 - for Fire services, a 52% residential/48% non-residential allocation has been made based on a weighting of population vs. employment growth and land coverage within the Town over the 10 year forecast period; and
 - for Stormwater services the following residential/non-residential allocation ratios based on land coverage area:
 - Sherwood 55%/45%
 - Boyne 89%/11%
 - Derry Green 0%/100%

7.3.3 Application to Redevelopment of Land (Demolition and Conversion)

If a development involves the demolition of and replacement of a building or structure on the same site, or the conversion from one principal use to another, the developer shall be allowed a credit equivalent to:

1) the number of dwelling units demolished/converted multiplied by the applicable residential development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable; and/or

2) the gross floor area of the building demolished/converted multiplied by the current non-residential development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable.

The demolition credit is allowed only if the land was improved by occupied structures and if the demolition permit related to the site was issued less than 5 years prior to the issuance of a building permit. The credit can, in no case, exceed the amount of development charges that would otherwise be payable.

7.3.4 Exemptions (full or partial)

- a) Statutory exemptions
 - industrial building additions of up to and including 50% of the existing gross floor area (defined in O.Reg. 82/98, s.1) of the building; for industrial building additions which exceed 50% of the existing gross floor area, only the portion of the addition in excess of 50% is subject to development charges (s.4(3)) of the D.C.A.;
 - buildings or structures owned by and used for the purposes of any municipality, local board or Board of Education (s.3);
 - residential development that results only in the enlargement of an existing dwelling unit, or that results only in the creation of up to two additional dwelling units (based on prescribed limits set out in s.2 of O.Reg. 82/98).
- b) Non-statutory exemptions
 - Places of worship/ Cemetery/ Burial Ground;
 - Creation or addition of an accessory use or accessory building not exceeding 10 square metres of gross floor area;
 - Creation or addition of an accessory use or accessory building to a residential use where the accessory use or accessory building is not used for any commercial use or purpose;
 - Public hospitals;
 - Buildings owned and used for the purposes of a conservation authority unless such buildings are used primarily or in connection with recreational purposes for which the conservation authority charges admission and/or fee or any commercial purposes;
 - Agricultural development;
 - Seasonal structures:
 - Temporary venues; and

 Garden suites (where a by-law has been passed authorizing the temporary use, an agreement is entered into with the Town and evidence is provided of removal in accordance with the D.C. by-law).

7.3.5 Phasing in

No provisions for phasing in the development charge are provided in the development charge by-law.

7.3.6 Timing of Collection

A development charge that is applicable under Section 5 of the Development Charges Act shall be calculated and payable;

- Where a permit is required under the Building Code Act in relation to a building or structure, the owner shall pay the development charge prior to the issuance of a permit or prior to the commencement of development or redevelopment as the case may be;
- Where residential development is under a plan of subdivision, site plan, consent or condo agreement, the Services Related to a Highway and Areaspecific stormwater D.C.'s are payable at time of agreement;
- Where residential development is not under an agreement or is nonresidential development and there are multiple permits, the Services Related to a Highway D.C. component is due at time of first building permit issuance with any adjustments required due to change in development at final building permit issuance; and
- Despite above, Council, from time to time, and at any time, may enter into agreements providing for all or any part of a development charge to be paid before or after it would otherwise be payable.

7.3.7 Indexing

Indexing of the development charges shall be implemented on a mandatory basis annually on April 1st, commencing from by-law passage and each year thereafter, in accordance with the Statistics Canada Quarterly, Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index (CANSIM Table 327-0043)¹ for the most recent year-over-year period.

¹ O.Reg 82/98 referenced "The Statistics Canada Quarterly, Construction Price Statistics, catalogue number 62-007" as the index source. As of the end of December, 2013 this catalogue has been discontinued and replaced by this web based table.

7.3.8 The Applicable Areas

The charges developed herein provide for varying charges within the Town, as follows:

- Sherwood Survey, area specific charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring (see Appendix A - Map A-3);
- Boyne Survey, area specific charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring (see Appendix A - Map A-4);
- Derry Green Business Park, area specific charge for Stormwater Management Monitoring (see Appendix A - Map A-5);
- Remaining Areas of the Town the full residential and non-residential (retail
 and non-retail) charges will be imposed on all other lands within the Town.

7.4 Other Development Charge By-law Provisions

It is recommended that:

7.4.1 Categories of Services for Reserve Fund and Credit Purposes

The Town's development charge collections are currently reserved in 12 separate reserve funds: Roads and Related, Public Works Operations, Fire Protection Services, Recreation Services, Parks Development, Library, Administration (studies), Transit, Parking Services, Stormwater Services (three (3) in total, one for each of the following areas; Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green). It is recommended that the Town continues with their current D.C. reserve funds and updates the name of the "Roads and Related" reserve fund to refer to "Services Related to a Highway". Appendix D outlines the reserve fund policies that the Town is required to follow as per the *Development Charges Act*.

7.4.2 By-law In-force Date

A by-law under the D.C.A., 1997 comes into force on the day after which the by-law is passed by Council.

7.4.3 Minimum Interest Rate Paid on Refunds and Charged for Inter-Reserve Fund Borrowing

The minimum interest rate is the Bank of Canada rate on the day on which the by-law comes into force (as per s.11 of O.Reg. 82/98).

7.5 Other Recommendations

It is recommended that Council:

"Whenever appropriate, request that grants, subsidies and other contributions be clearly designated by the donor as being to the benefit of existing development or new development, as applicable;"

"Adopt the assumptions contained herein as an 'anticipation' with respect to capital grants, subsidies and other contributions;"

"Approve the capital project listing set out in Chapter 5 of the Development Charges Background Study dated December 8, 2015, subject to further annual review during the capital budget process;"

"Approve the Development Charges Background Study dated December 8, 2015, as amended (if applicable);"

"Determine that no further public meeting is required;" and

"Approve the Development Charge By-law as set out in Appendix F."

8. By-law Implementation

8.1 Public Consultation Process

8.1.1 Introduction

This chapter addresses the mandatory, formal public consultation process (Section 8.1.2), as well as the optional, informal consultation process (Section 8.1.3). The latter is designed to seek the co-operation and participation of those involved, in order to produce the most suitable policy. Section 8.1.4 addresses the anticipated impact of the development charge on development from a generic viewpoint.

8.1.2 Public Meeting of Council

Section 12 of the D.C.A., 1997 indicates that before passing a development charge bylaw, Council must hold at least one public meeting, giving at least 20 clear days' notice thereof, in accordance with the Regulation. Council must also ensure that the proposed by-law and background report are made available to the public at least two weeks prior to the (first) meeting.

Any person who attends such a meeting may make representations related to the proposed by-law.

If a proposed by-law is changed following such a meeting, Council must determine whether a further meeting (under this section) is necessary (i.e. if the proposed by-law which is proposed for adoption has been changed in any respect, Council should formally consider whether an additional public meeting is required, incorporating this determination as part of the final by-law or associated resolution. It is noted that Council's decision, once made, is final and not subject to review by a Court or the O.M.B.).

8.1.3 Other Consultation Activity

There are three broad groupings of the public who are generally the most concerned with Town development charge policy:

1. The first grouping is the residential development community, consisting of land developers and builders, who are typically responsible for generating the majority of the development charge revenues. Others, such as realtors, are directly impacted by development charge policy. They are, therefore, potentially interested in all aspects of the charge, particularly the quantum by unit type,

- projects to be funded by the D.C. and the timing thereof, and Town policy with respect to development agreements, D.C. credits and front-ending requirements.
- 2. The second public grouping embraces the public at large and includes taxpayer coalition groups and others interested in public policy.
- 3. The third grouping is the industrial/commercial/institutional development sector, consisting of land developers and major owners or organizations with significant construction plans, such as hotels, entertainment complexes, shopping centres, offices, industrial buildings and institutions. Also involved are organizations such as Industry Associations, the Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade and the Economic Development Agencies, who are all potentially interested in Town development charge policy. Their primary concern is frequently with the quantum of the charge, gross floor area exclusions such as basements, mechanical or indoor parking areas, or exemptions and phase-in or capping provisions in order to moderate the impact.

8.2 Anticipated Impact of the Charge on Development

The establishment of sound development charge policy often requires the achievement of an acceptable balance between two competing realities. The first is that high non-residential development charges can, to some degree, represent a barrier to increased economic activity and sustained industrial/commercial growth, particularly for capital intensive uses. Also, in many cases, increased residential development charges can ultimately be expected to be recovered via higher housing prices and can impact project feasibility in some cases (e.g. rental apartments).

On the other hand, development charges or other Town capital funding sources need to be obtained in order to help ensure that the necessary infrastructure and amenities are installed. The timely installation of such works is a key initiative in providing adequate service levels and in facilitating strong economic growth, investment and wealth generation.

8.3 Implementation Requirements

8.3.1 Introduction

Once the Town has calculated the charge, prepared the complete background study, carried out the public process and passed a new by-law, the emphasis shifts to implementation matters.

These include notices, potential appeals and complaints, credits, front-ending agreements, subdivision agreement conditions and finally the collection of revenues and funding of projects.

The sections which follow overview the requirements in each case.

8.3.2 Notice of Passage

In accordance with s.13 of the D.C.A., when a D.C. by-law is passed, the Town clerk shall give written notice of the passing and of the last day for appealing the by-law (the day that is 40 days after the day it was passed). Such notice must be given no later than 20 days after the day the by-law is passed (i.e. as of the day of newspaper publication or the mailing of the notice).

Section 10 of O.Reg. 82/98 further defines the notice requirements which are summarized as follows:

- notice may be given by publication in a newspaper which is (in the Clerk's opinion) of sufficient circulation to give the public reasonable notice, or by personal service, fax or mail to every owner of land in the area to which the by-law relates;
- s.s.10(4) lists the persons/organizations who must be given notice; and
- s.s.10(5) lists the eight items which the notice must cover.

8.3.3 By-law Pamphlet

In addition to the "notice" information, the Town must prepare a "pamphlet" explaining each development charge by-law in force, setting out:

- a description of the general purpose of the development charges;
- the "rules" for determining if a charge is payable in a particular case and for determining the amount of the charge;
- the services to which the development charges relate; and
- a general description of the general purpose of the Treasurer's statement and where it may be received by the public.

Where a by-law is not appealed to the O.M.B., the pamphlet must be readied within 60 days after the by-law comes into force. Later dates apply to appealed by-laws.

The Town must give one copy of the most recent pamphlet without charge, to any person who requests one.

8.3.4 Appeals

Sections 13-19 of the D.C.A., 1997 set out the requirements relative to making and processing a D.C. by-law appeal and O.M.B. Hearing in response to an appeal. Any person or organization may appeal a D.C. by-law to the O.M.B. by filing a notice of appeal with the Town clerk, setting out the objection to the by-law and the reasons supporting the objection. This must be done by the last day for appealing the by-law, which is 40 days after the by-law is passed.

The Town is carrying out a public consultation process, in order to address the issues which come forward as part of that process, thereby avoiding or reducing the need for an appeal to be made.

8.3.5 Complaints

A person required to pay a development charge, or his agent, may complain to the Town Council imposing the charge that:

- the amount of the charge was incorrectly determined;
- the reduction to be used against the development charge was incorrectly determined; or
- there was an error in the application of the development charge.

Sections 20-25 of the D.C.A., 1997 set out the requirements that exist, including the fact that a complaint may not be made later than 90 days after a D.C. (or any part of it) is payable. A complainant may appeal the decision of Town Council to the O.M.B.

8.3.6 Credits

Sections 38-41 of the D.C.A., 1997 set out a number of credit requirements, which apply where a Town agrees to allow a person to perform work in the future that relates to a service in the D.C. by-law.

These credits would be used to reduce the amount of development charges to be paid. The value of the credit is limited to the reasonable cost of the work which does not exceed the average level of service. The credit applies only to the service to which the work relates, unless the Town agrees to expand the credit to other services for which a development charge is payable.

8.3.7 Front-Ending Agreements

The Town and one or more landowners may enter into a front-ending agreement which provides for the costs of a project which will benefit an area in the Town to which the D.C. by-law applies. Such an agreement can provide for the costs to be borne by one or more parties to the agreement who are, in turn, reimbursed in future by persons who develop land defined in the agreement.

Part III of the D.C.A., 1997 (Sections 44-58) addresses front-ending agreements and removes some of the obstacles to their use which were contained in the D.C.A., 1989. Accordingly, the Town assesses whether this mechanism is appropriate for its use, as part of funding projects prior to Town funds being available.

8.3.8 Severance and Subdivision Agreement Conditions

Section 59 of the D.C.A., 1997 prevents a Municipality from imposing directly or indirectly, a charge related to development or a requirement to construct a service related to development, by way of a condition or agreement under s.51 or s.53 of the *Planning Act*, except for:

- "local services, related to a plan of subdivision or within the area to which
 the plan relates, to be installed or paid for by the owner as a condition of
 approval under section 51 of the *Planning Act*," and
- "local services to be installed or paid for by the owner as a condition of approval under Section 53 of the *Planning Act*."

It is also noted that s.s.59(4) of the D.C.A., 1997 requires that the municipal approval authority for a draft plan of subdivision under s.s.51(31) of the *Planning Act*, use its power to impose conditions to ensure that the first purchaser of newly subdivided land is informed of all the development charges related to the development, at the time the land is transferred.

In this regard, if the Town in question is a commenting agency, in order to comply with subsection 59(4) of the *Development Charges Act, 1997* it would need to provide to the approval authority, information regarding the applicable Town development charges related to the site.

If the Town is an approval authority for the purposes of section 51 of the *Planning Act*, it would be responsible to ensure that it collects information from all entities which can impose a development charge.

The most effective way to ensure that purchasers are aware of this condition would be to require it as a provision in a registered subdivision agreement, so that any purchaser of the property would be aware of the charges at the time the title was searched prior to closing a transaction conveying the lands.

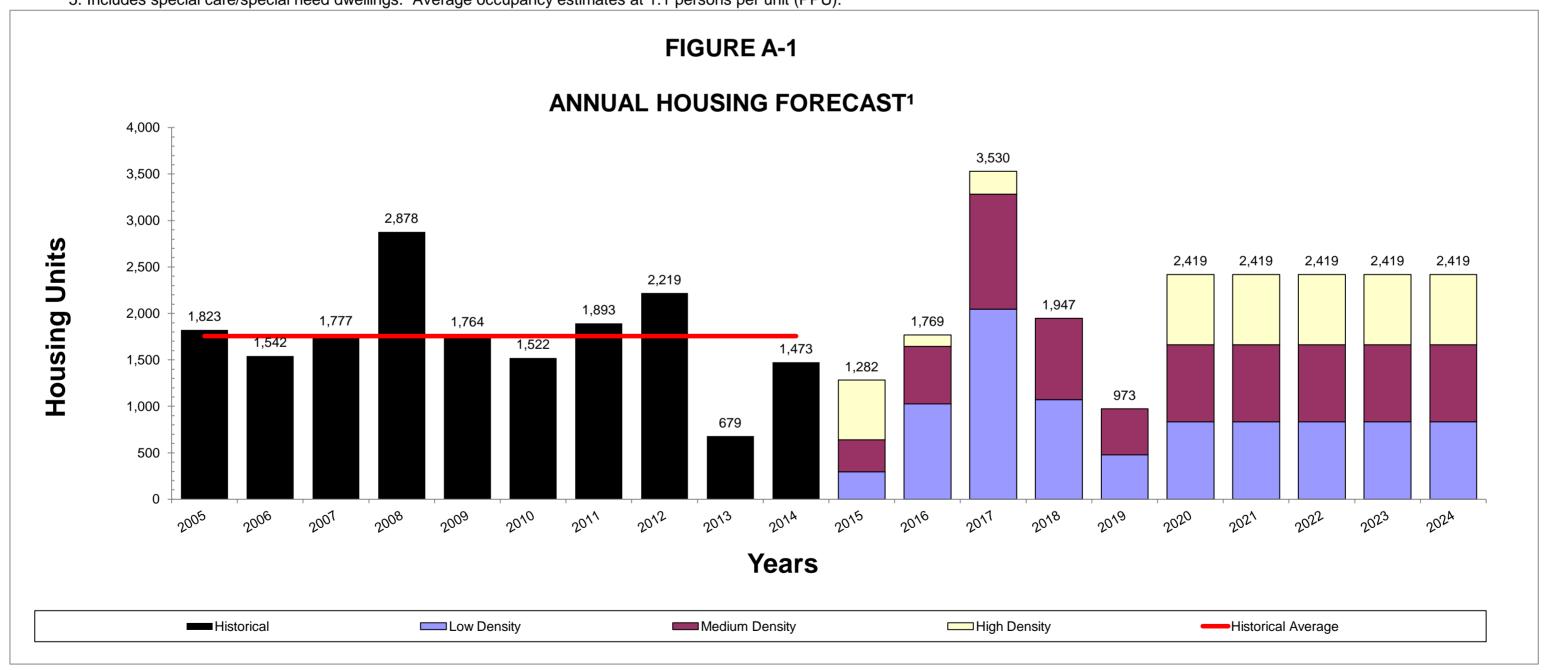
Appendix A – Background Information on Residential and Non-residential Growth Forecast

SCHEDULE 1 TOWN OF MILTON RESIDENTIAL GROWTH FORECAST SUMMARY

							Housing Units				Persons Per	
	Year	Total Population ¹	Institutional Population ²	Population in Private Households	Singles & Semi- Detached	Multiple Dwellings ³	Apartments ⁴	Other	Total Households	Equivalent Institutional Households ⁵	Unit (PPU): Total Population / Total Households	Persons in Private Households / Total Households
cal	Mid 2001	31,471		32,730	7,815	1,295	1,485	85	10,680			3.06
Historical	Mid 2006	55,982	732	55,250	14,485	3,063	1,460	58	19,066	665	2.94	2.90
ij	Mid 2011	84,362	1,020	83,342	20,355	5,385	1,790	35	27,565	927	3.06	3.02
ecast	Mid 2015	101,266	1,371	99,895	23,639	7,422	2,766	35	33,862	1,246	2.99	2.95
Foreca	Mid 2025	159,238	2,194	157,044	32,708	15,128	7,589	35	55,460	1,994	2.87	2.83
ıtal	Mid 2001 - Mid 2006	24,511		22,520	6,670	1,768	-25	-27	8,386			
Incremental	Mid 2006 - Mid 2011	28,380	288	28,092	5,870	2,322	330	-23	8,499	262		
Srer	Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	16,904	351	16,553	3,284	2,037	976	0	6,297	319		
luc	Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	57,972	823	57,149	9,069	7,706	4,823	0	21,598	748		

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015.

- 1. Population excludes net Census Undercount of approximately 4%. The Mid 2006 Population exceeds the 2006 Census population number of 53,939.
- 2. The institutional population represents collective dwellings. A collective dwelling refers to a dwelling of a commercial, institutional or communal nature.
- 3. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- 4. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.
- 5. Includes special care/special need dwellings. Average occupancy estimates at 1.1 persons per unit (PPU).



Source: Historical housing activity (2005-2014) based on Town of Milton building permit data

1. Growth Forecast represents calendar year.

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF MILTON ESTIMATE OF THE ANTICIPATED AMOUNT, TYPE AND LOCATION OF RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FOR WHICH DEVELOPMENT CHARGES CAN BE IMPOSED

DEVELOPMENT LOCATION	TIMING	SINGLES & SEMI- DETACHED	MULTIPLES ²	APARTMENTS ³	TOTAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS	GROSS POPULATION IN NEW UNITS	EXISTING UNIT POPULATION CHANGE	NET POPULATION INCREASE
Pre HUSP Urban Area ¹	2015 - 2025	-	175	116	291	617	(517)	100
Phase 1 - Bristol	2015 - 2025	571	160	982	1,713	3,904	(745)	3,159
Phase 2 -Sherwood	2015 - 2025	780	997	457	2,234	5,952	(258)	5,694
Phase 1 & 2 Total	2015 - 2025	1,351	1,332	1,555	4,238	10,473	(1,520)	8,953
Boyne Phase 3a	2015 - 2025	4,221	2,917	1,942	9,080	25,162	-	25,162
Boyne Phase 3b	2015 - 2025	3,497	3,456	1,326	8,279	23,035	-	23,035
Boyne Total	2015 - 2025	7,718	6,373	3,268	17,359	48,196	-	48,196
Town of Milton	2015 - 2025	9,069	7,706	4,823	21,598	58,669	(1,520)	57,149

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015

Residential distribution based on a combination of historical permit activity, available housing supply and discussions with and Town of Milton staff regarding future development prospects.

- 1. Includes rural area.
- 2. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- 3. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF MILTON CURRENT YEAR GROWTH FORECAST MID 2011 TO MID 2015

			Total Population	Population (Excluding Institutional)
Mid 2011 Population			84,362	83,342
Occupants of New Housing Units,	Units (2) multiplied by persons per unit (3)	6,348 2.86		
Mid 2011 to Mid 2015	gross population increase	18,173	18,173	18,173
Occupants of New Institutional Units	Units multiplied by persons per unit	319 1.10		
Mid 2011 to Mid 2015	gross population increase	351	351	
Decline in Housing Unit Occupancy,	Units (4) multiplied by ppu decline rate (5)	27,565 -0.0588		
Mid 2011 to Mid 2015	total decline in population	-1,620	-1,620	-1,620
Population Estimate to M	101,266	99,895		
Net Population Increase, I	Mid 2011 to Mid 2015		16,904	16,553

- (1) 2011 population based on StatsCan Census unadjusted for Census Undercount.
- (2) Estimated residential units constructed, Mid 2011 to the beginning of the growth period, assuming a six month lag between construction and occupancy.
- (3) Average number of persons per unit (ppu) is assumed to be:

	Persons	% Distribution	Weighted Persons
Structural Type	Per Unit ¹	of Estimated Units ²	Per Unit Average
Singles & Semi Detached	3.53	52%	1.84
Multiples (6)	2.47	32%	0.80
Apartments (7)	1.43	15%	0.22
Total		100%	2.86

¹Based on 2011 Census custom database

- (4) 2011 households taken from StatsCan Census.
- (5) Decline occurs due to aging of the population and family life cycle changes, lower fertility rates and changing economic conditions.
- (6) Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- (7) Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

² Based on Building permit/completion acitivty

SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF MILTON BUILDOUT GROWTH FORECAST MID 2015 2025

			Total Population	Population (Excluding Institutional)
Mid 2015 Population			101,266	99,895
Occupants of New Housing Units,	Units (2) multiplied by persons per unit (3)	21,598 2.72		
Mid 2015 to Buildout	gross population increase	58,669	58,669	58,669
Occupants of New Institutional Units	Units (2) multiplied by persons per unit (3)	748 1.10		
Mid 2015 to Buildout	gross population increase	823	823	
Decline in Housing Unit Occupancy,	Units (4) multiplied by ppu. decline rate (5)	33,862 -0.0449		
Mid 2015 to Buildout	total decline in population	-1,520		-1,520
Population Estimate to Bo	159,238	157,044		
Net Population Increase,	Mid 2015 to Buildout		57,972	57,149

(1) Mid 2015 Population based on:

2011 Population (83,342) + Mid 2011 to Mid 2015 estimated housing units to beginning of forecast period $(6,348 \times 2.86 = 18,173) + (27,565 \times -0.0588 = -1,620) = 99,895$

- (2) Based upon forecast building permits/completions assuming a lag between construction and occupancy.
- (3) Average number of persons per unit (ppu) is assumed to be:

	Persons	% Distribution	Weighted Persons
Structural Type	Per Unit ¹	of Estimated Units ²	Per Unit Average
Singles & Semi Detached	3.52	42%	1.48
Multiples (6)	2.52	36%	0.90
Apartments (7)	1.52	22%	0.34
one bedroom or less	1.27		
two bedrooms or more	1.89		
Total		100%	2.72

Persons per unit based on adjusted Statistics Canada Custom 2011 Census database.

- (4) Mid 2015 households based upon 27,565 (2011 Census) + 6,348 (Mid 2011 to Mid 2015 unit estimate) = 33,913
- (5) Decline occurs due to aging of the population and family life cycle changes, lower fertility rates and changing economic conditions.
- (6) Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- (7) Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

² Forecast unit mix based upon historical trends and housing units in the development process.

SCHEDULE 5

TOWN OF MILTON HISTORICAL RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMITS YEARS 2005 - 2014

		RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMITS							
	Singles & Semi Detached	Multiples ¹	Apartments ²	Total					
2005	1 467	205	E1	4 000					
2005	1,467	305	51	1,823					
2006 2007	1,287 843	255 664	0	1,542					
2007	1,900	907	270 71	1,777 2,878					
2009	1,481	283	0	2,878 1,764					
Sub-total	6,978	2,414	392	9,784					
Average (2005 - 2009)	1,396	483	78	1,957					
% Breakdown	71.3%	24.7%	4.0%	100.0%					
2010	741	437	344	1,522					
2011	1,045	536	312	1,893					
2012	967	1,102	150	2,219					
2013	237	204	238	679					
2014	841	356	276	1,473					
Sub-total	3,831	2,635	1,320	7,786					
Average (2010 - 2014)	766	527	264	1,557					
% Breakdown	49.2%	33.8%	17.0%	100.0%					
2005 - 2014									
Total	10,809	5,049	1,712	17,570					
Average	1,081	505	171	1,757					
% Breakdown	61.5%	28.7%	9.7%	100.0%					

Source: Derived based on Builing Permit information from the Town of Milton

- 1. Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.
- 2. Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

SCHEDULE 6a

TOWN OF MILTON PERSONS PER UNIT BY AGE AND TYPE OF DWELLING (2011 CENSUS)

Age of		SINGLES AND SEMI-DETACHED									
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total	10 Year Average				
1-5	-	-	2.903	3.455	4.893	3.534					
6-10	-	-	1.978	3.502	4.424	3.511	3.52				
11-15	-	-	-	3.625	3.429	3.603					
16-20	-	-	-	3.061	3.000	3.051					
20-25	-	-	-	3.160	4.100	3.317					
25-35	-	-	2.400	2.875	4.182	2.933					
35+	-	-	2.100	2.755	3.851	2.764					
Total	-	-	2.221	3.252	4.350	3.282					

Age of		MULTIPLES ²											
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total	10 Year Average						
1-5	-	-	2.098	2.565	-	2.470							
6-10	-	-	2.000	2.588	-	2.569	2.52						
11-15	-	-	-	3.045	-	3.045							
16-20	-	-	-	2.167	-	2.167							
20-25	-	-	-	-	-	- "							
25-35	-	-	-	2.773	-	2.346							
35+	-	-	-	2.627	3.000	2.644							
Total	-	-	2.089	2.602	1.500	2.530							

Age of							
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total	10 Year Average
1-5	-	1.444	1.400	1.667	-	1.462	
6-10	-	-	1.308	-	-	1.313	1.39
11-15	-	1.688	1.600	-	-	1.667	
16-20	-	-	1.769	-	-	1.688	
20-25	-	-	2.167	-	-	1.778	
25-35	-	1.222	1.611	-	-	1.481	
35+	-	1.188	1.898	1.143	-	1.543	
Total	-	1.293	1.738	1.438	-	1.535	

Age of			ALL DENSI	TY TYPES		
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total
1-5	-	1.636	2.152	3.225	5.143	3.202
6-10	-	#DIV/0!	1.870	3.328	4.457	3.342
11-15	-	2.375	4.400	3.436	3.429	3.321
16-20	-	#DIV/0!	2.231	3.359	3.167	3.172
20-25	-	#DIV/0!	2.833	3.720	4.400	3.788
25-35	-	2.444	1.870	2.903	2.579	2.784
35+	-	1.413	2.135	2.808	3.720	2.694
Total	#DIV/0!	1.858	2.124	3.149	4.290	3.095

^{1.} The Census PPU has been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population

Note: Does not include Statistics Canada data classified as 'Other'

PPU Not calculated for samples less than or equal to 50 dwelling units, and does not include institutional population

^{2.} Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.

^{3.} Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.

SCHEDULE 6b

TOWN OF OAKVILLE PERSONS PER UNIT BY AGE AND TYPE OF DWELLING (2011 CENSUS)

Age of	Age of SINGLES AND SEMI-DETACHED											
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total	10 Year Average					
1-5	-	-	2.667	3.513	4.521	3.641						
6-10	-	-	2.634	3.487	4.376	3.553	3.60					
11-15	-	-	2.458	3.427	4.370	3.522						
16-20	-	-	-	3.457	4.070	3.565						
20-25	-	-	2.063	3.339	3.847	3.419						
25-35	-	-	2.500	3.138	3.421	3.175						
35+	-	1.800	2.224	2.805	3.653	2.843						
Total	-	1.800	2.319	3.182	3.958	3.251						

Age of							
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total	10 Year Average
1-5	-	-	1.977	2.651	-	2.566	
6-10	-	-	2.085	2.611	-	2.551	2.56
11-15	-	-	1.895	2.745	-	2.614	
16-20	-	-	1.727	2.553	-	2.471	
20-25	-	-	2.172	2.565	3.833	2.550	
25-35	-	-	1.917	2.776	-	2.517	
35+	-	2.125	2.000	2.469	4.111	2.461	
Total	-	2.167	1.983	2.610	2.500	2.534	

<u> </u>		Age of APARTMENTS ³											
10 Year Average	Total	5+ BR	3/4 BR	2 BR	1 BR	< 1 BR	Dwelling						
5	1.425	-	-	1.818	1.276	-	1-5						
	1.609	-	3.400	1.730	1.159	-	6-10						
	1.663	-	1.556	1.803	1.360	-	11-15						
,	1.793	-	3.286	1.854	1.316	-	16-20						
	1.724	-	2.889	1.779	1.407	-	20-25						
)	1.936	-	3.192	1.924	1.306	-	25-35						
)	1.670	-	2.325	1.782	1.302	-	35+						
,	1.697	-	2.541	1.806	1.301	-	Total						

Age of			ALL DENS	ITY TYPES		
Dwelling	< 1 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3/4 BR	5+ BR	Total
1-5	-	1.374	2.110	3.243	4.677	3.138
6-10	-	1.545	2.040	3.287	4.489	3.218
11-15	-	1.520	1.959	3.286	4.417	3.213
16-20	-	1.649	1.888	3.201	4.325	3.072
20-25	-	1.778	1.868	3.204	3.905	3.123
25-35	-	1.408	2.057	3.094	3.331	2.903
35+	-	1.396	1.946	2.772	3.769	2.582
Total	#DIV/0!	1.458	1.966	3.077	4.040	2.933

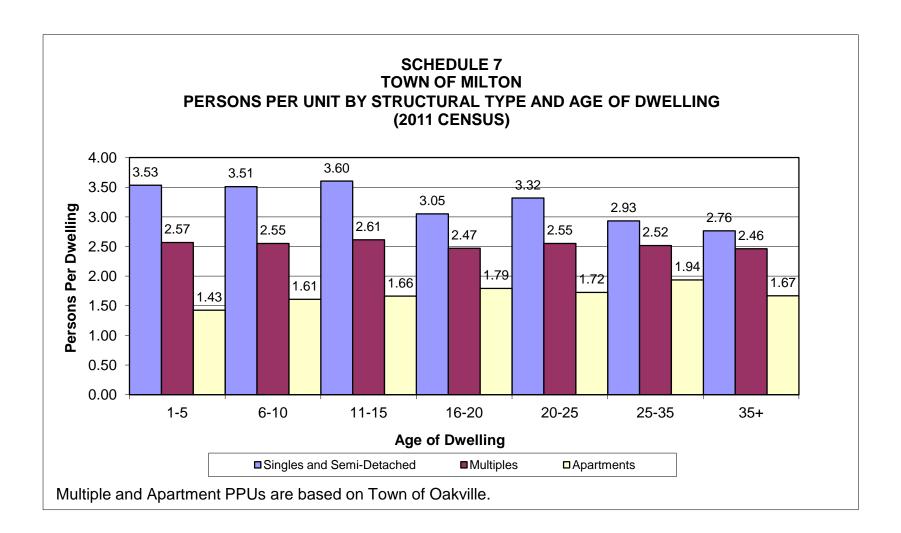
^{1.} The Census PPU has been adjusted to account for the downward PPU trend which has been recently experienced in both new and older units, largely due to the aging of the population

Note: Does not include Statistics Canada data classified as 'Other'

PPU Not calculated for samples less than or equal to 50 dwelling units, and does not include institutional population

^{2.} Includes townhomes and apartments in duplexes.

^{3.} Includes bachelor, 1 bedroom and 2 bedroom+ apartments.



SCHEDULE 8a TOWN OF MILTON EMPLOYMENT FORECAST, 2015 TO BUILDOUT

						Activ	ity Rate									Emp	loyment				
Period	Population	Primary	Work at Home	Ind.	Comm./ Population Related	Retail ¹	Non-Retail	Inst.	Total	NFPOW ²	Total Including NFPOW	Primary	Work at Home	Ind.	Comm./ Population Related	Retail ¹	Non-Retail	Inst.	Total	NFPOW ²	Total Employment (Including NFPOW)
Mid 2001	31,471	0.024	0.048	0.263	0.197	0.163	0.034	0.109	0.641	0.064	0.705	765	1,495	8,283	6,198	5,131	1,068	3,430	20,171	2,017	22,188
Mid 2006 ³	55,982	0.014	0.044	0.171	0.142	0.120	0.022	0.073	0.442	0.051	0.493	760	2,445	9,553	7,928	6,696	1,233	4,065	24,751	2,840	27,591
Mid 2011	84,362	0.008	0.038	0.120	0.117	0.097	0.020	0.052	0.336	0.050	0.387	700	3,235	10,134	9,897	8,207	1,690	4,401	28,367	4,260	32,627
Mid 2015	101,266	0.007	0.038	0.117	0.111	0.093	0.018	0.054	0.326	0.050	0.377	700	3,883	11,831	11,203	9,389	1,814	5,506	33,123	5,114	38,237
Mid 2025	159,238	0.004	0.043	0.136	0.165	0.104	0.060	0.067	0.415	0.057	0.472	700	6,775	21,610	26,216	16,621	9,594	10,706	66,006	9,077	75,083
									Inc	remental Cha	ange										
Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 ³	24,511	-0.011	-0.004	-0.093	-0.055	-0.043	-0.012	-0.036	-0.199	-0.013	-0.212	-5	950	1,270	1,730	1,565	165	635	4,580	823	5,403
Mid 2006 ³ - Mid 2011	28,380	-0.0053	-0.0053	-0.0505	-0.0243	-0.0223	-0.0020	-0.0204	-0.1059	-0.0002	-0.1061	-60	790	581	1,969	1,512	458	336	3,616	1,420	5,036
Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	16,904	-0.0014	0.0000	-0.0033	-0.0067	-0.0046	-0.0021	0.0015	-0.0099	0.0000	-0.0099	0	648	1,697	1,306	1,182	124	1,105	4,756	854	5,610
Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	57,972	-0.0025	0.0042	0.0189	0.0540	0.0117	0.0423	0.0136	0.0881	0.0065	0.0946	0	2,892	9,779	15,013	7,232	7,780	5,200	32,883	3,963	36,846
	Annual Average																				
Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 ³	4,902	-0.00215	-0.00077	-0.01851	-0.01107	-0.00868	-0.00238	-0.00728	-0.03976	-0.00267	-0.04244	-1	190	254	346	313	33	127	916	165	1,081
Mid 2006 ³ - Mid 2011	5,676	-0.0011	-0.0011	-0.0101	-0.0049	-0.0045	-0.0004	-0.0041	-0.0212	0.0000	-0.0212	-12	158	116	394	302	92	67	723	284	1,007
Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	4,226	-0.0003	0.0000	-0.0008	-0.0017	-0.0011	-0.0005	0.0004	-0.0025	0.0000	-0.0025	0	162	424	326	296	31	276	1,189	214	1,403
Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	5,270	-0.00023	0.00038	0.00172	0.00491	0.00106	0.00385	0.00123	0.00801	0.00059	0.00860	0	263	889	1,365	657	707	473	4,354	360	3,350

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015.

^{1.} The definition of Retail employment is consistent with the Town of Milton Development Charge By-Law 087-2011 definition of Retail employment

^{2.} Statistics Canada defines no fixed place of work (NFPOW) employees as "persons who do not go from home to the same work place location at the beginning of each shift". Such persons include building and landscape contractors, travelling salespersons, independent truck drivers, etc.

Note: 2011 industrial employment based on Town of Milton 2013 municipal comprehensive review 2013, by Watson & Associates Economists Ltd.

^{3. 2006} Employment base derived by Watson & Associates as per Town of Milton, draft Employment Land Municipal Comprehensive Review, September, 2014.

SCHEDULE 8b TOWN OF MILTON EMPLOYMENT & GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA) FORECAST, 2015 TO BUILDOUT

				Emp	oloyment				Gross Floor A	rea in Square Feet	t (Estimated) ²	
Period	Population			Comm./ Popu	ulation Related				Comm./ Popu	ulation Related		
. 552	. opaiaiioii	Primary	Ind.	Retail ¹	Non-Retail	Inst.	Total	Ind.	Retail ¹	Non-Retail	Inst.	Total
Mid 2001	31,471	765	8,283	5,131	1,068	3,430	18,676					
Mid 2006 ³	55,982	760	9,553	6,696	1,233	4,065	22,306					
Mid 2011	84,362	700	10,134	8,207	1,690	4,401	25,132					
Mid 2015	101,266	700	11,831	9,389	1,814	5,506	29,240					
Mid 2025	159,238	700	21,610	16,621	9,594	10,706	59,231					
					Increme	ntal Change						
Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 ³	24,511	-5	1,270	1,565	165	635	3,630					
Mid 2006 ³ - Mid 2011	28,380	-60	581	1,512	458	336	2,826					
Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	16,904	0	1,697	1,182	124	1,105	4,108	2,969,500	561,640	37,050	884,390	4,452,580
Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	57,972	0	9,779	7,232	7,780	5,200	29,991	17,113,500	3,435,010	2,334,150	4,159,610	27,042,270
					Annua	I Average						
Mid 2001 - Mid 2006 ³	4,902	-1	254	313	33	127	726					
Mid 2006 ³ - Mid 2011	5,676	-12	116	302	92	67	565					
Mid 2011 - Mid 2015	4,226	0	424	296	31	276	1,027	742,375	140,410	9,263	221,098	1,113,145
Mid 2015 - Mid 2025	5,270	0	889	657	707	473	2,726	1,555,773	312,274	212,195	378,146	2,458,388

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015.

2. Square Foot Per Employee Assumptions

Industrial1,750Retail475Non-Retail300Institutional800

3. 2006 Employment base derived by Watson & Associates as per Town of Milton, draft Employment Land Municipal Comprehensive Review, September, 2014.

^{1.} The definition of Retail employment is consistent with Halton Region's Development Charge Background Study definition of Retail in By-Law No. 62-08

SCHEDULE 8c

ESTIMATE OF THE ANTICIPATED AMOUNT, TYPE AND LOCATION OF

NON-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT FOR WHICH DEVELOPMENT CHARGES CAN BE IMPOSED

Development	Timing Industrial		Commerci	al GFA S.F	Institutional	Total Non-Res	Employment	
Location		GFA S.F. ¹	Retail GFA S.F. 12 Non-Retail GFA S.F. 12		GFA S.F. ¹	GFA S.F. ¹	Increase ³	
Pre HUSP Urban Area ³	2015 - 2025	-	598,500	94,500	426,000	1,119,000	2,143	
Phase 1 - Bristol	2015 - 2025	-	459,800	22,500	256,500	738,800	1,385	
Phase 2 - Sherwood	2015 - 2025	-	743,375	-	1,428,775	2,172,150	3,470	
Boyne Total	2015 - 2025	-	452,200	69,900	1,664,000	2,186,100	3,053	
401 Industrial Business Park	2015 - 2025	4,700,500	532,475	417,900	63,000	5,713,875	5,284	
Derry Green Business Park	2015 - 2025	12,412,750	648,850	1,729,200	324,750	15,115,550	14,656	
Town of Milton	2015 - 2025	17,113,500	3,435,010	2,334,150	4,159,610	27,042,270	29,991	

Source: Watson & Associates Economists Ltd., 2015 figures may not add due to rounding

1. Square feet per employee assumptions:

Industrial 1,750
Retail 475
Non-Retail 300
Institutional 800

- 2. The definition of Retail employment is consistent with the Town of Milton Development Charge By-Law 087-2011 definition of Retail employment
- 3. Employment Increase does not include No Fixed Place of Work or Work at Home Employment

Schedule 9 Town of Milton Non-Residential Construction TFA 2010-2014

Year	Industrial (sq.ft)	Retail (sq.ft)	Non-Retail (sq.ft)	Institutional (sq.ft)	Total (sq.ft)
2010	244,966	58,433	324,926	252,236	880,560
2011	22,907	58,149	14,710	26,822	122,587
2012	2,368,355	56,313	59,252	297,088	2,781,007
2013	371,292	222,400	122,062	260,104	975,857
2014	619,270	195,618	26,008	66,902	907,799
2010-2014 Total	3,626,790	590,913	546,956	903,151	5,667,811
2010-2014 Average	725,358	118,183	109,391	180,630	1,133,562
Breakdown	64%	10%	10%	16%	100%

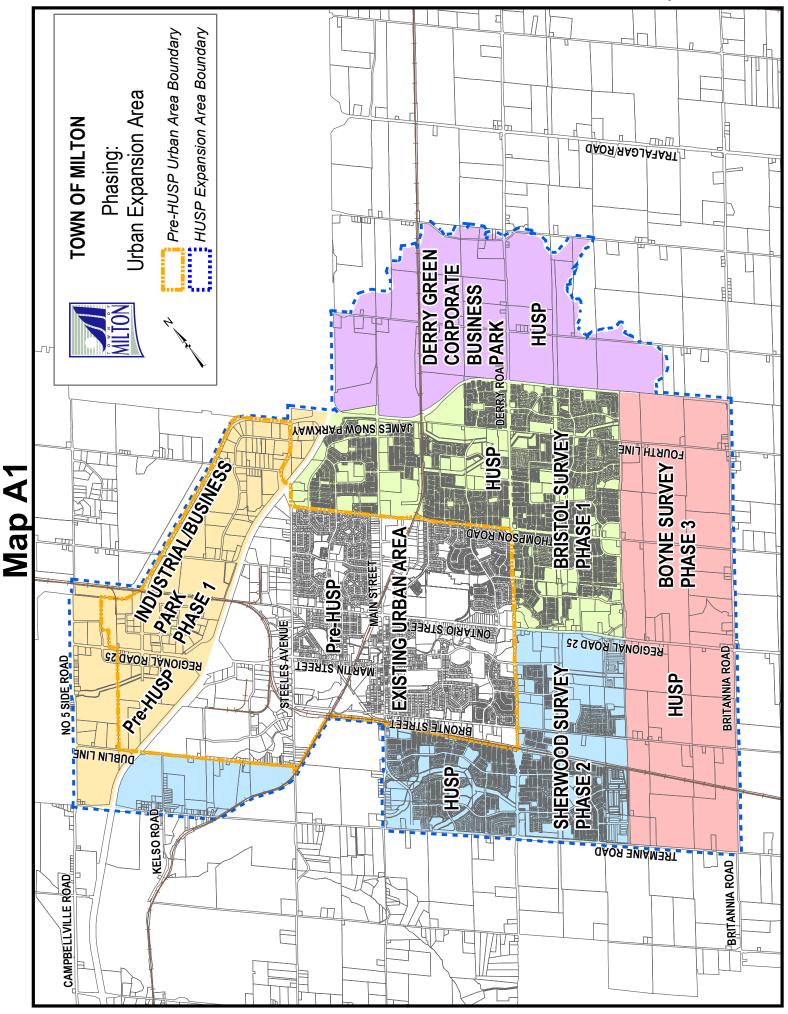
Source: Town of Milton non-residential construction building permit data, 2015

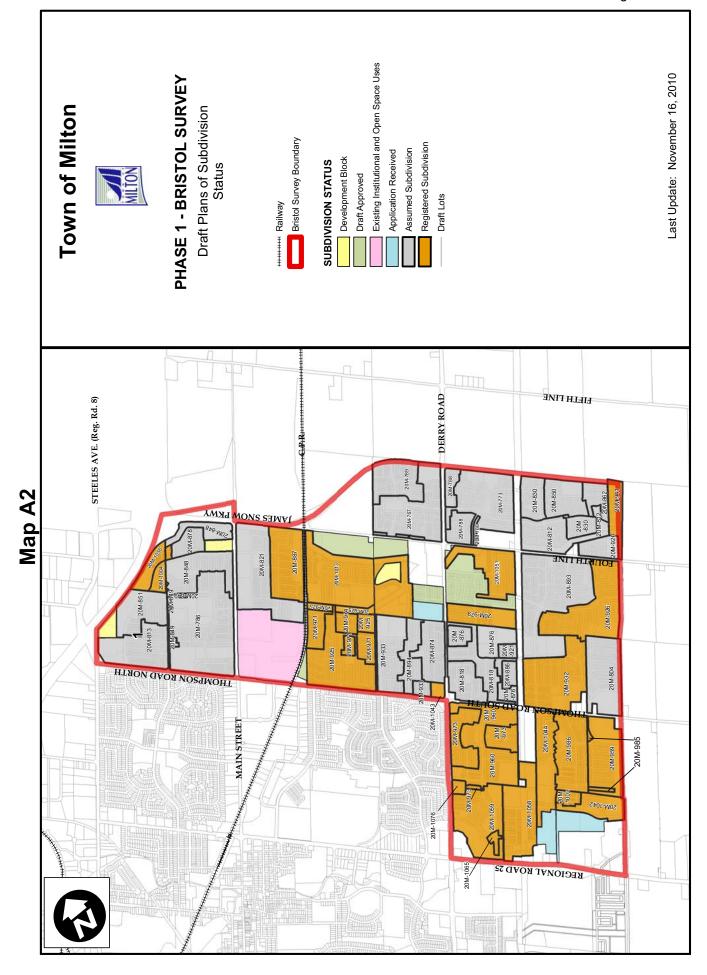
SCHEDULE 10 TOWN OF MILTON

EMPLOYMENT TO POPULATION RATIO BY MAJOR EMPLOYMENT SECTOR, 2001 TO 2011

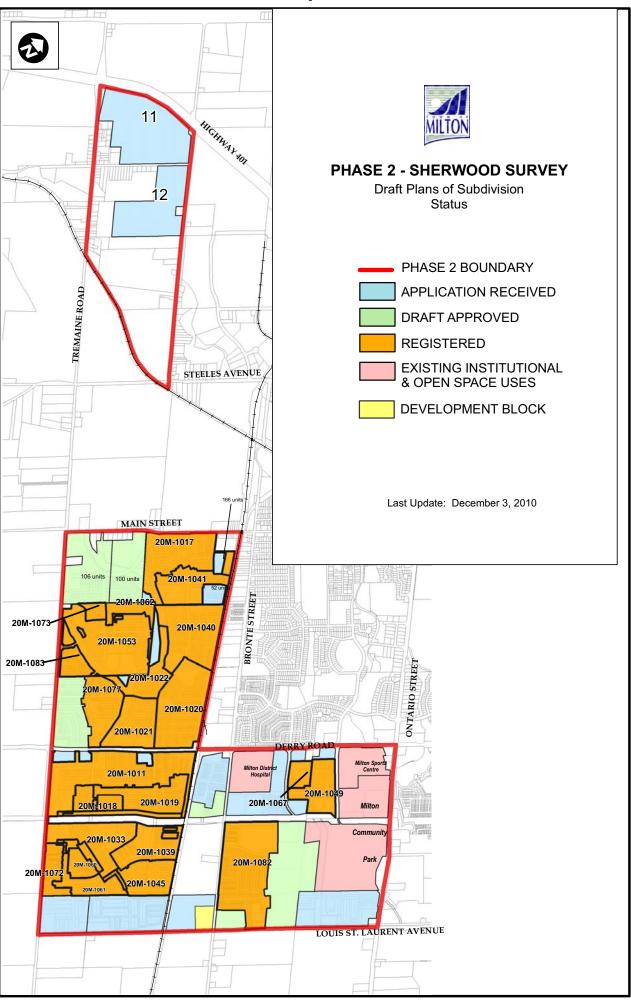
NAIGO			Year		Char	nge	
NAICS		2001	2006	2011	01-06	06-11	Comments
	Employment by industry						
	Primary Industry Employment						
11	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	910	980	790	70	-190	Categories which relate to
21	Mining and oil and gas extraction	140	35	40	-105	5	local land-based resources.
	Sub-total	1,050	1,015	830	-35	-185	
	Industrial and Other Employment						
22	Utilities	105	135	115	30	-20	
23	Construction	590	855	1,150	265	295	Categories which relate
31-33	Manufacturing	4,750	5,120	3,820	370	-1,300	primarily to industrial land
41	Wholesale trade	1,725	2,475	2,845	750	370	supply and demand.
48-49	Transportation and warehousing	1,240	1,260	1,360	20	100	
56	Waste management and remediation services	243	373	455	130	82	
	Sub-total	8,653	10,218	9,745	1,565	-473	
	Population Related Employment						
44-45	Retail trade	1,740	2,860	3,950	1,120	1,090	
51	Information and cultural industries	225	295	265	70	-30	
52	Finance and insurance	315	360	675	45	315	
53	Real estate and rental and leasing	190	345	485	155	140	Categories which relate
54	Professional, scientific and technical services	1,035	1,225	1,690	190	465	primarily to population
55	Management of companies and enterprises	15	25	0	10	-25	growth within the municipality.
56	Administrative and support	243	373	455	130	82	
71	Arts, entertainment and recreation	995	980	1,080	-15	100	
72	Accommodation and food services	1,215	1,455	1,485	240	30	
81	Other services (except public administration)	900	1,240	1,420	340	180	
	Sub-total	6,873	9,158	11,505	2,285	2,347	
	<u>Institutional</u>						
61	Educational services	1,020	1,260	2,065	240	805	
62	Health care and social assistance	1,385	1,595	2,245	210	650	
91	Public administration	1,190	1,505	1,935	315	430	
	Sub-total	3,595	4,360	6,245	765	1,885	
	Total Employment	20,171	24,751	28,325	4,580	3,574	
	Population	31,471	55,982	84,362	24,511	28,380	
	Employment to Population Ratio						
	Industrial and Other Employment	0.27	0.18	0.12	-0.09	-0.07	
	Population Related Employment	0.22	0.16	0.14	-0.05	-0.03	
	Institutional Employment	0.11	0.08	0.07	-0.04	0.00	
	Primary Industry Employment	0.03	0.02	0.01	-0.02	-0.01	
	Total	0.64	0.44	0.34	-0.20	-0.11	

Source: Statistics Canada Employment by Place of Work Note: 2001-2011 employment figures are classified by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code

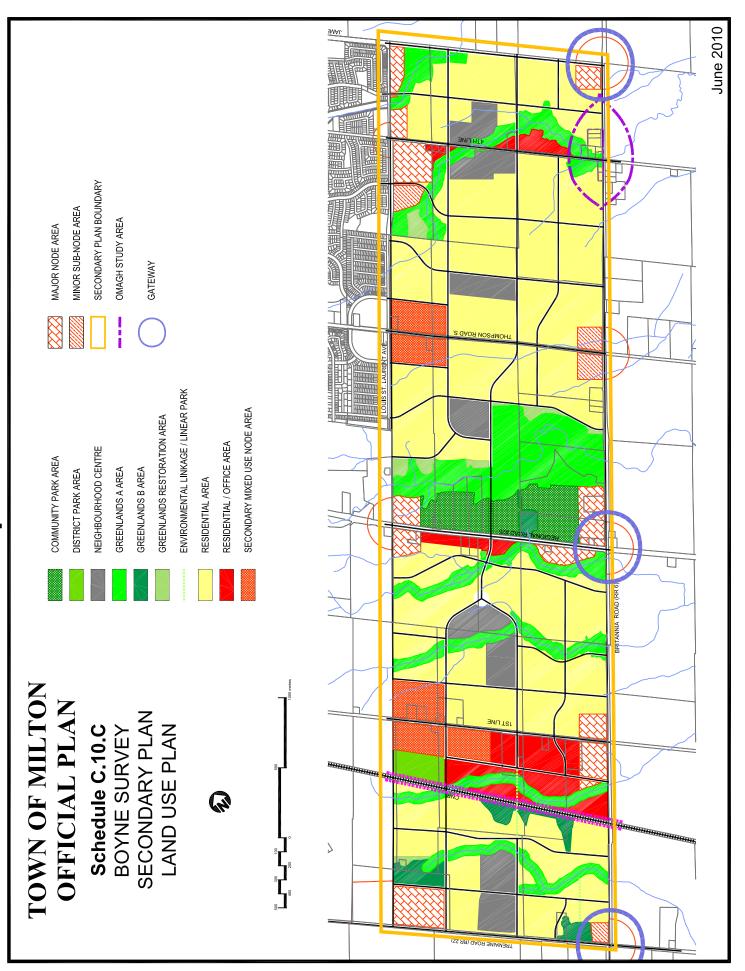


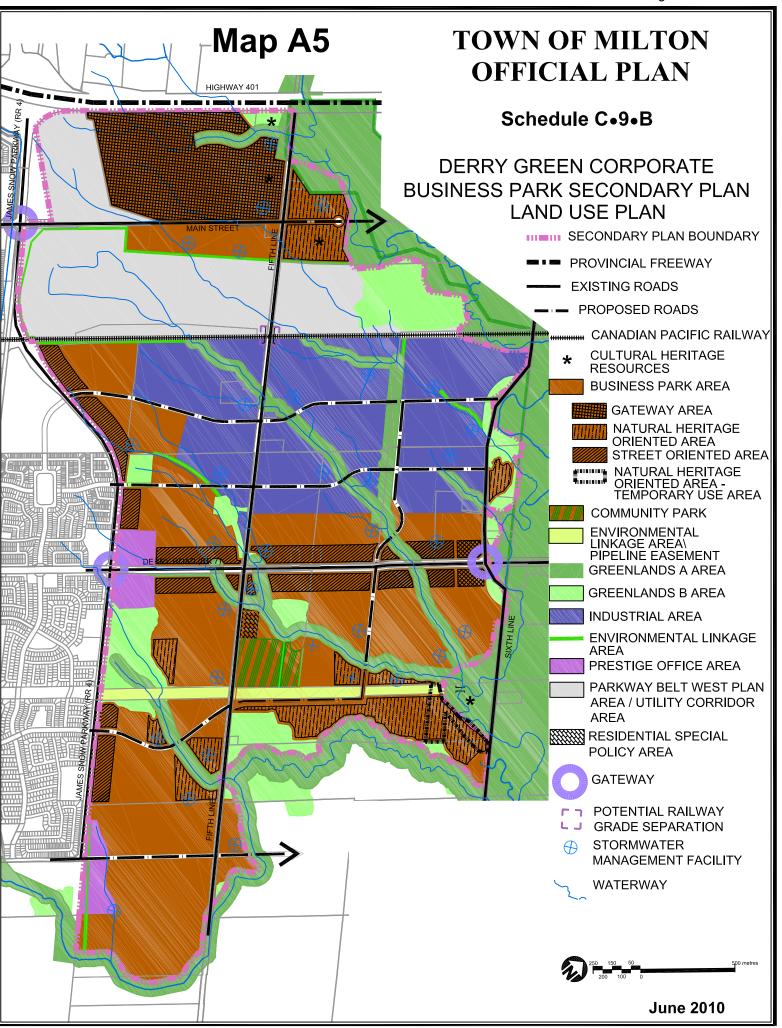


Map A3



Map A4





Appendix B – Level of Service

APPENDIX B - LEVEL OF SERVICE CEILING TOWN OF MILTON

SUMMARY OF SERVICE STANDARDS AS PER DEVELOPMENT CHARGES ACT, 1997

Service Category	Sub-Component	10 Year Average Service Standard					Maximum
		Cost (per capita)		Quantity (per capita)	Qu	ality (per capita)	Ceiling LOS
Services Related to a Highway	Services Related to a Highway - Roads	\$6,719.40	0.0044	km of roadways	1,527,136	per lane km	384,006,991
	Services Related to a Highway - Sidewalks on Regional Roads and Active Transportation Amenities	\$44.20	0.3328	Linear meters of sidewalks and No. of items	133	per km	2,525,986
	Services Related to a Highway - Bridges & Structures	\$628.00	0.0011	No. of Bridges and Structures	570,909	per signal	35,889,572
Public Works Operations	Public Works Operations - Facilities	\$231.94	0.9394	ft ² of building area	247	per ft²	13,255,139
	Public Works Operations - Vehicles & Equipment	\$155.51	0.0020	No. of vehicles and equipment	77,755	per vehicle	8,887,241
Fire	Fire Facilities	\$236.10	0.5386	ft ² of building area	438	per ft²	13,492,879
	Fire Vehicles	\$139.66	0.0004	No. of vehicles	349,150	per vehicle	7,981,429
	Fire Small Equipment and Gear	\$44.65	0.0055	No. of equipment and gear	8,118	per Firefighter	2,551,703
Transit	Transit Facilities	\$29.40	0.0817	ft ² of building area	\$360	per ft²	1,680,181
	Transit Vehicles	\$50.38	0.0001	No. of vehicles	503,800	per vehicle	2,879,167
	Other Transit Infrastructure	\$4.50	0.0006	No. of items	7,500	per vehicle	257,171
Parking	Parking Spaces	\$144.85	0.0093	No. of spaces	15,575	per space	8,278,033
Parks	Parkland Development	\$909.11	0.0108	No. of developed parkland acres	84,177	per acre	51,954,727
	Parkland Amenities	\$509.12	0.0041	No. of parkland amenities	124,176	per amenity	29,095,699
	Parkland Trails	\$70.63	0.1216	Linear Metres of Paths and Trails	581	per lin m.	4,036,434
Recreation	Recreation Facilities	\$1,589.11	4.2970	ft ² of building area	370	per ft²	90,816,047
Library	Library Facilities	\$167.45	0.3977	ft ² of building area	421	per ft²	9,569,600
	Library Collection Materials	\$85.58	2.2512	No. of library collection items	38	per collection item	4,890,811

Service: Services Related to a Highway - Roads

Unit Measure: km of roadways

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/km)
Collectors - Rural Kilometers											
2 lane	244.37	255.68	255.68	266.74	266.74	266.74	266.74	266.74	266.74	266.74	\$1,260,000
Collectors - Urban Kilometers											
2 lane	13.00	13.00	12.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	12.93	\$2,420,000
4 lane	24.00	26.00	25.83	25.83	25.83	25.83	25.83	25.83	25.83	25.83	\$2,810,000
Arterial - Urban Kilometers											
2 lane	11.06	3.80	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.00	0.50	0.50	0.50	\$2,420,000
4 lane - No Noise Barrier	-	4.00	4.39	4.39	4.39	4.39	5.49	8.39	8.39	9.79	\$2,810,000
4 lane - With 1 Side Noise Barrier	1.20	1.00	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	\$4,010,000
5 lane - No Noise Barrier	4.62	6.00	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04	\$3,300,000
5 Iane - With 1 Side Noise Barrier	-	-	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	\$4,500,000
Lower Base Line (6th Line to 5th Line)	-	-	-	-	-	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	\$1,000,000
Total	298.25	309.48	309.45	320.51	320.51	323.91	325.51	326.91	326.91	328.31	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0059	0.0055	0.0051	0.0049	0.0043	0.0040	0.0039	0.0036	0.0034	0.0034

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0044
Quality Standard	\$1,527,136
Service Standard	\$6,719

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$6,719
Eligible Amount	\$384,006,991

Service: Unit Measure: Services Related to a Highway - Sidewalks on Regional Roads and Active Transportation Amenities Linear meters of sidewalks and No. of items

Quantity Measure

Per Capita Standard

Quantity Measure											
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/ Lin. Metre)
Sidewalks on Regional Roads (linear meter)											
Steeles Ave. Martin to Ontario 2 sides (Concrete)	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	\$90
Steeles Ave. Ontario to Thompson Asphalt one side	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	\$90
Steeles Ave - Thompson to James Snow	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224	\$90
Derry Road (Tremaine to Bronte) South side	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,532	1,532	1,532	1,532	\$90
Derry Road (Tremaine to Bronte) North Side	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	\$90
Derry Rd: Bronte to Ontario (Asphalt)	1,395	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	2,790	\$90
Derry Rd: Ontario to Thompson (Asphalt)	1,360	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	2,720	\$90
Derry Rd: Thompson to James Snow (2 sides Asphalt)	-	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	4,130	\$90
Derry Rd: JSP - 5th Line - 1 side (Asphalt)	-	-	-	-	-	-	536	536	536	536	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Derry to LSL-west side	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	1,545	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Derry Rd to Waldie (2 sides concrete)	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Main to Derry (west side asphalt)	-	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Main to 185m North of Main - East Side	-	-	-	-	-	185	185	185	185	185	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Boston Church to Steeles (1 side)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,860	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: Holgate to Boston Church - South Side	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900	900	900	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: RR25 to Holgate - 2 sides	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	\$90
James Snow Pkwy: RR25 west to creek	-	655	655	655	655	655	655	655	655	655	\$90
Guelph Line CPR to 401	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	\$90
Guelph Line Brookville	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	1,735	\$90
RR 25 - Britannia to LSL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,535	1,535	\$90
RR 25 - LSL to Derry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,535	1,535	1,535	\$90
RR 25 - Steeles to Chisholm	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	\$90
Tremaine - South of Derry to Main	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	\$90
Active Transportation:											
Pedestrian/Cycling Railway Overpass	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	\$3,157,000
Asphalt Trails Union Gas Pipeline - Lit	413	413	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	2,774	\$740
Total	12,412	21,922	22,334	22,334	22,334	22,519	28,511	30,946	32,481	37,290	
Deputation	F0.000	EE 000	60.004	6E 770	74.000	00.000	04.000	00.044	0E 7E0 1	07.000	 ī
Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230	

0.37

0.34

0.30

0.28

0.34

0.35

0.34

0.25

0.39

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.3328
Quality Standard	\$133
Service Standard	\$44

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$44
Eligible Amount	\$2,525,986

Service: Unit Measure: Services Related to a Highway - Bridges & Structures No. of Bridges and Structures

Quantity Measure													
Bridge Name	Road Name	Location	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Bridges:													
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Crewson's Line	0.02 km N.of Hwy 7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$73,000
	First Line, Nassagaweya	4.00 km N.of 25 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$206,000
Lot 29, Conc V & VI, Nassagaweya	Fifth Line, Nassagaweya	0.30 km S of 30 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$178,000
Lot 30, Conc II & III, Nassagaweya	Second Line	1.20 km N.of 28 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$280,000
Lot 16, Conc I & II, Nassagaweya	Nassagaweya	0.60 km N.of 15 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$143,000
Lot 4, Conc IV & V, Esquesing	First Line	1.20 km S.of 5 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$329,000
Lot 2, Conc I & II, Esquesing	Nassagaweya	0.90 km N.of Steeles Ave	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$245,000
Lot 5, Conc IV & V, Nassagaweya	Esquesing Line	0.70 km N.of 3 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$235,000
Lot 4, Conc IV & V, Nassagaweya	Peru Rd.	0.06 km N.of 3 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$349,000
Lot 1, Conc I & II, Nassagaweya	Walker's Line	0.35 km N.of Steeles Ave	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$120,000
Lot 1 & 15, Conc I, Nassagaweya/ Nelson	Walker's Line	0.20 km W.of McNiven Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$120,000
	First Line	0.01 km N.of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$197,000
, ,	Nassagaweya	1.10 km S.of 7-Derry Road	 	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$84,000
Lot 12, Conc VI & VII, Trafalgar	Steeles Ave		1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$473,000
, ,	McNiven Road	1.20 km N.of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
, ,		0.60 km S.of 7-Derry Road	1 1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	\$360,000
Lot 7, Conc V & Vi, Trafalgar	Bell School Line	1.10 km N of 6-Britannia Rd	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$251,000
Lot 9, Conc VI & VII, Trafalgar	Sixth Line	0.90 km S.of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$450,000
Lot 7, Conc IV & V, Trafalgar	Fourth Line	2.20 km S of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$257,000
Lot 3, Conc V & VI, Trafalgar	Fifth Line	1.90 km S.of 6-Britannia Rd.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$168,000
Lot 3, Conc VII, Trafalgar - BAILEY BRIDGE	Sixth Line	1.20 km N of Lower Base Line	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$5,157,000
Lot 2, Conc VIII & IX, Trafalgar	Eighth Line	0.50 km N of Lower Base Line	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$272,000
Barnstable Bridge	Lower Base Line	0.40 km S.of Fifth Line	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$326,000
Lot 26, NDS 2, Ward 1	Lower Base Line	1.20 km E.of 25-Reg. Rd. 25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$229,000
Bronte Street Bridge	Bronte St N	0.25 km S.of 8-Steeles Ave.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$262,000
CPR Subway	Ontario St	0.05 km N.of Main St	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$1,484,000
Pine Street Bridge	Pine Street	0.06 km E of Commercial St	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$432,000
Laurier Ave Bridge	Laurier Avenue	0.15 km E.of Commercial St	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$714,000
CNR Underpass	Main Street	0.10 km W of Bronte Street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$163,000
Mill/Martin Street Bridge	Martin Street	0.01 km N of Mill Street	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$626,000
	Main Street East	0.06 km E.of Commercial St.	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	1	\$277,000
Thompson Road/CPR Level Crossing	Thompson Road	0.06 km N of Nipissing Road	1 1	1	'	'	- '	'	'	'	'	'	\$1,548,000
Thompson Road/CPR Grade Separation	·	· ·	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
,	Thompson Road	0.06 km N of Nipissing Road		- 4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$16,457,000
Lot 5, Conc IV & V, Esquesing	Esquesing Line	0.40 km S of 5 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$140,000
McGeachie Drive Culvert	McGeachie Drive	0.60 km W.of Harrop Drive	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$168,000
Chisholm Drive	Chisholm Drive	0.01 km W of Martin St	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$260,000
Lot 3&4, Conc I, Esquesing	3 Side Road	0.25 km W.of Peru Rd	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$92,000
Lot 2, Conc I & II, Esquesing	Peru Road	1.60 km N.of 8-Steeles Ave	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$63,000
Milton Creek	Highside Dr	0.01 km S.of W.I.Dick School	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$166,000
Milton Creek	Woodward Ave	0.05 km W.of Riverplace Cr	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$149,000
Childs Drive Bridge	Childs Dr	0.01 km W of Thompson Rd	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$349,000
Nipissing Rd Bridge	Nipissing Road	0.01 km W of Thompson Rd	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$212,000
Lot 5/6, Conc IVE	5 Side Road	0.6 km E.of Boston Church Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$94,000
Lot 13, Conc VI & VII, Nassagaweya	Sixth Line Nassagaweya	4.20 km N of 5 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$86,000
Lot 20 & 21, Conc VI, Nassagaweya	20 Side Road	1.05 km W of Sixth Line	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$85,000
Lot 27, Conc I & II, Nassagaweya	First Line Nassagaweya	0.95 km N.of 25 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$94,000
Lot 25 & 26, Conc III, Nassagaweya	25 Side Road	0.10 km W.of Guelph Line	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$71,000
Lot 13, Conc II & III, Nassagaweya	Second Line Nassagaweya	1.50 km N.of 10 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$101,000
Lot 6, Conc IV & V, Trafalgar	Fourth Line	2.90 km S of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$212,000
Lot 10, Conc IV & V, Trafalgar	Fourth Line	0.30 km S of 7-Derry Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$251,000
Lot 5, Conc VI & VII, Trafalgar	Sixth Line	0.30 km S.of 6-Britannia Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$108,000
Lot 8, Conc VIII & IX, Trafalgar	Eighth Line	1.60 km S of 7-Derry Road	1 1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	\$109,000
	Sixth Line Nassagaweya	3.60 km N of 5 Side Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$103,000
Milton Channel Bridge	Millside Dr	0.20 km N of Main St E	1 1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	\$418,000
ŭ	Britannia Road	0.01 km E of Bell School Line South	1	1			+	1		1	1	1	
Lot 5/6, Conc VII West			1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$214,000
Lot 5/6, Conc V West	5 Side Road	1.20 km W of Appleby Line	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1	1	1	\$343,000
Lot 15/16, Conc I West	15 Side Road	0.50 km W of First Line	1 1	1] 1	<u> </u>	1 1	1	<u> 1</u>	1	1	1	\$117,000

Service: Unit Measure:
Quantity Measure Services Related to a Highway - Bridges & Structures No. of Bridges and Structures

Bridge Name	Road Name	Location	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Lot 3/4, Conc VII West	Kelso Road	0.30 km W of 22-Tremaine Road	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$268,000
Lot 8, Conc V, Trafalgar	Louis St. Laurent Avenue	0.25 km E of Fourth Line	-	ı	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$1,483,000
Louis St. Laurent Extension Structure (4 Lanes)	Regional Road 25	Yates Drive	-	,		,		1	1	1	1	1	\$6,615,000
Louis St. Laurent	Louis St. Laurent Avenue	CNR Crossing	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	\$4,600,000
Culverts:													
LOT 8 CONC 6/7 TRAFALGAR	SIXTH LINE	1.9 km N of 6-BRITANNIA ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$452,480
LOT 13, CONC 6/7, TRAFALGAR	SIXTH LINE	1.3 km N of 7-DERRY ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$440,360
LOT 1, CONC 6/7, NELSON	BELL SCHOOL LINE	3.1 km S of BRITANNIA ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$941,320
LAURIER AVENUE CULVERT	LAURIER AVENUE	0.3 km E of ONTARIO STREET	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$624,180
WOODWARD AVENUE CULVERT	WOODWARD AVENUE	0.1 km E of ONTARIO STREET NORTH	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$513,080
WHEELABRATOR WAY CULVERT	WHEELABRATOR WAY	0.2 km N of 8-STEELES AVENUE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$613,070
CHISHOLM DRIVE CULVERT	CHISHOLM DRIVE	0.9 km W of 25-MARTIN STREET	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$695,890
SOUTHCOTT DRIVE CULVERT	SOUTHCOTT DRIVE	0.4 km S of 5 SIDE ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$610,040
LOT 18, CONC 2/3, NASSAGAWEYA	SECOND LINE, NASSAGAWEYA	1.4 km S of 34-20 SIDE ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$314,110
LOT 27 CONC 2/3 NASSAGAWEYA	SECOND LINE, NASSAGAWEYA	0.3 km S of 28 SIDE ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$326,230
LOT 29 CONC 4/5 NASSAGAWEYA	FOURTH LINE, NASSAGAWEYA	0.8 km S of 30 SIDE ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$460,560
LOT 31, CONC 6/7, NASSAGAWEYA	SIXTH LINE, NASSAGAWEYA	0.8 km S of HIGHWAY 7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$275,730
KELSO STRUCTURE	APPLEBY LINE	0.5 km S of HIGHWAY 401	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$489,850
MAIN STREET EAST CULVERT	MAIN STREET EAST	0.01 km W of FOURTH LINE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$640,340
CLARK BOULEVARD CULVERT	CLARK BOULEVARD	0.05 km E of FOURTH LINE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$887,790
SPRUCEDALE LANE CULVERT	SPRUCEDALE LANE	0.1 km E of THOMPSON ROAD NORTH	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$768,610
SIXTH LINE NASSAGAWEYA	SIXTH LINE CULVERT	0.98 km S of Highway 7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$273,000
LOT 2, CONC V/VI	APPLEBY LINE	1.95 km S of HIGHWAY 401	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$196,950
LOT 5/6, CONC VI	5 SIDE ROAD	0.1 km E of APPLEBY LINE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$381,780
LOT 15/16, CONC VI	15 SIDE ROAD	0.3 km E of FIFTH LINE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$274,720
LOT 3/4, CONC VII	KELSO ROAD	0.1 km W of 22 - TREMAINE ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$227,250
LOT 5/6, CONC II	5 SIDE ROAD	1 km W of 25 - REGIONAL ROAD 25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$263,610
LOT 5/6, CONC II	5 SIDE ROAD	0.6 km W of 25 - REGIONAL ROAD 25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$290,880
Louis St. Laurent	Louis St. Laurent Avenue	0.50 km W of Highway 25					1	1	1	1	1	1	\$1,857,372
Total			79	79	77	78	79	80	80	80	81	81	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0016	0.0014	0.0013	0.0012	0.0011	0.0010	0.0009	0.0009	0.0008	0.0008

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0011
Quality Standard	\$570,909
Service Standard	\$628

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$628
Eligible Amount	\$35,889,572

Service: Unit Measure: **Quantity Measure** Public Works Operations - Facilities ft² of building area

Quantity incusure												
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Bld'g Value (\$/ft²)	Value/ft² with land, site works, etc.
Nippising Yard - Building	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	19,600	\$173	\$280
Nippising Yard - Sand/Salt Dome	7,800	7,800	7,800	7,800	7,800	-	-	-	-	-	\$49	\$111
Nippising Yard - Coverall	-	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	2,560	\$67	\$135
Nippising Yard - Sign Shop	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	-	-	-	\$73	\$144
Brookville Yard - Building	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	\$111	\$210
Brookville Yard - Salt Dome	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,900	\$36	\$89
Steeles Ave Domes	16,816	16,816	16,816	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$49	\$111
Campbellville Community Centre	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	-	-	-	1	\$182	\$292
5600 Regional Road 25 - Land Only (acres) - Excluding												
land in use for Existing Buildings	-	-	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	39	\$99,607	\$99,607
Milton Operations Centre Main Building (5600 Regional												
Road 25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,090	\$216	\$388
Milton Operations Centre Covered Storage (5600												
Regional Road 25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,100	\$70	\$133
Milton Operations Centre Truck Wash (5600 Regional												
Road 25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,720	\$279	\$405
Milton Operations Centre Cold Storage (5600 Regional												
Road 25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,980	\$91	\$160
Milton Operations Centre Sand/Salt Facility (5600												
Regional Road 25)	-	-	-	-	-	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	\$72	\$136
Storage behind Memorial Arena	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	\$73	\$144
McGeachie Drive - Sign Shop (lease)	-	-					2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	\$73	\$144
Storage Facility at Old Fire Station #3 (Derry Road)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,200	5,200	5,200	\$213	
Animal Shelter	1,100	1,216	1,324	1,428	1,621	1,745	1,832	1,946	2,080	2,112	\$313	\$472
Total	66,216	68,892	69,040	52,328	52,521	62,045	64,232	65,646	65,780	123,701		

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	1.3070	1.2306	1.1325	0.7956	0.7037	0.7720	0.7614	0.7325	0.6869	1.2722

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.9394
Quality Standard	\$247
Service Standard	\$232

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$232
Eligible Amount	13,255,139

Public Works Operations - Vehicles & Equipment No. of vehicles and equipment Service:

Unit Measure:

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
Operations Equipment											
Services Related to a Highway:											
Operations Vehicles Only											
Trailers & Water Tank/Trailers	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$9,000
Spreaders	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,700
Sweepster	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$16,800
Thompson A - Culvert Steamer	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$21,000
Machinability V Plow	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$23,000
1-Ton Roller	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$26,200
Asphalt Hot Box	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$30,600
Air Compressor	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$31,700
Windrow Eliminator	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$31,700
Pickup Trucks 1/2 Ton	5.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	\$35,000
Portable Roller	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$73,300
Sign Truck	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$125,000
Tractors	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$110,000
Snow blade	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$30,900
Roto Tiller	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$6,000
Backhoes	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$122,500
Ho Pack Tamper	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	1.0	\$6,500
High-Ram hammer	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.0	\$12,000
Bucket Truck	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	\$132,300
Single Axle Trucks Dump Trucks	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	2.0	3.0	-	-	-	1	\$187,000
Loader Attachments	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$21,300
Tandem Axle Trucks Dump Trucks	8.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	\$256,900
2000 Gallon Flusher Truck	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$303,900
Road Sweeper	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$322,500
Road Grader	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$343,300
Gradall	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$361,900
Gradall - Brush Cutter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	\$48,000
Tri Edge Poly Plow	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	\$10,900
Single Axle Trucks	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	\$233,000
Champion Road Grader	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$343,000
Machinability Plow 2 Way Angle	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	\$7,000
Arctic Plow	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	\$6,600

Public Works Operations - Vehicles & Equipment No. of vehicles and equipment Service:

Unit Measure:

<u>Quantity Weasure</u>	1			1							2045 Value
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
Roll off - Flat deck	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	\$4,500
Hotsy2000 Pressure Washer	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$13,100
Cargo Vans	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	\$35,400
Operations Vehicles (shared with											
Parks and Recreation)											
Sweeper	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	\$9,000
Angle Plow	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	4.0	4.0	\$7,000
Snowblower w Sidewalk Chute	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	\$12,000
Sander	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	4.0	4.0	\$8,500
Cold Planer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	\$35,000
Skidsteer	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	8.0	0.8	0.8	\$58,400
Loaders	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	\$190,200
Brush Chipper	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	\$44,800
Pickup Trucks 3/4 Ton	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	\$53,600
Trackless Tractors	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.5	\$137,800
Garbage Packer	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$102,500
Haul All	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	\$136,700
Roll Off Chassis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	\$70,000
Trailers and Water Tank/Trailers	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	7.5	\$8,700
Pickup Trucks 1/2 Ton	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	\$35,000
1 Ton Dump Trucks & Crew Cabs	3.0	3.3	3.6	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	\$70,000
Parks and Recreation Equipment											
Parks and Recreation Vehicles Only											
Roll off - Water Tanker attachment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	\$26,000
Roll off - landscape dump body	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	\$7,500
Roll off - chipper body	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	\$17,000
Harley rake	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$9,200
Overseeder	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$10,000
Fertilizer spreader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	\$4,500
Antonio SP4400 tractor	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	\$51,400
Flail mounter	_	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	\$9,700
14 ft. Cutting Deck (parks)	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	\$22,500
Walk Behind Mowers	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	\$6,700
Mowers	3.0	6.0	10.0	13.0	13.0	-	-	-	-	-	\$20,600

Public Works Operations - Vehicles & Equipment No. of vehicles and equipment Service:

Unit Measure:

<u>Quartity Weasure</u>											2015 Value
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	(\$/Vehicle)
Finishing Mower Deck				_	_		_	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$71,200
Tracaire12WCoreAerator	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$8,700
Ball Diamond Groomers	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$9,800
Ball Diamond Groomers (motorized)	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	\$25,000
Zero Radius Mowers	5.0	6.0	7.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	16.0	\$23,000
Top Dresser	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	12.0	14.0	1.0	1.0	\$25,000
Trimax Stealth Cutting Deck	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	- 1.0	\$28,400
	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-		\$20,400
Progressive Mower	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$31,700
Batwing Core Aerator Front Mount Mowers	4.0	4.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$31,700
	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$38,300
Van Tractor with Loader	1.0	1.0		-		-		1.0	1.0	- 1.0	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	\$78,700
Kut-Kwick Mower	1.0	- 10	-	-	- 4.0	- 4.0	-	-	-	- 10	\$82,000
Tractors Ice Resurfacers	4.0 3.0	4.0 3.0	3.0	4.0 3.0	4.0 3.0	4.0 3.0	4.0 4.0	4.0 4.0	4.0 5.0	4.0 5.0	\$91,800
	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0						\$81,500
Dodge Facility Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$49,700
Gator XUV Utility Vehicle	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	\$21,400
Gator Plow Parks and Recreation Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	\$6,000
(shared with Operations)		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	#0.000
Sweeper	- 0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4 1.0	\$9,000
Angle Plow	0.4						0.6	0.6	1.0		\$7,000
Snowblower w Sidewalk Chute	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	\$12,000
Sander	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.0	\$8,500
Cold Planer	-	-	0.2	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	0.2	\$35,000
Skidsteer	0.2	0.2		0.2					0.2		\$58,400
Loaders	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4 0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6 0.5	0.6 0.5	0.6	\$190,200
Brush Chipper	0.5	0.5	0.5		0.5	0.5	0.5			0.5	\$44,800
Pickup Trucks 3/4 Ton	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	\$53,600
Trackless Tractors	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.5	\$137,800
Garbage Packer	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	\$122,500
Haul All	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	\$136,700
Roll Off Chassis	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	\$70,000
Trailers and Water Tank/Trailers	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	7.5	\$8,700
Pickup Trucks 1/2 Ton	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	\$35,000

Public Works Operations - Vehicles & Equipment No. of vehicles and equipment Service:

Unit Measure:

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
1 Ton Dump Trucks & Crew Cabs	7.0	7.7	8.4	9.8	9.8	9.8	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	\$70,000
By-law Enforcement											
By-law Cars	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	\$29,100
Pickup Trucks 1/2 Ton	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	\$33,200
Total	115.0	123.0	128.0	143.0	143.0	141.0	140.0	149.0	170.0	184.0	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0023	0.0022	0.0021	0.0022	0.0019	0.0018	0.0017	0.0017	0.0018	0.0019

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0020
Quality Standard	\$77,755
Service Standard	\$156

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$156
Eligible Amount	\$8,887,241

Service: Fire Facilities
Unit Measure: ft² of building area

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Bld'g Value (\$/ft²)	Value/ft² with land, site works, etc.
Station # 1 (Steeles)	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	15,900	\$192	\$365
Station #2 (Campbellville) Town Portion	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	9,760	\$268	\$536
Old Station #3 (Derry Road)	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	-	-	ı	\$213	\$399
Fire Training (2 offices & Traning rooms - Industrial Drive)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	\$221	\$339
Station #4 (James Snow Parkway)	-	-	-	-	-	10,835	10,835	10,835	10,835	10,835	\$298	\$488
Station #3 Headquarters (610 Savoline)								13,990	13,990	13,990	\$303	\$511
Station #5 (acres - land only)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.52	1.52	1.52		\$209,430
Total	32,860	32,860	32,860	32,860	32,860	43,695	43,695	50,485	50,485	50,485		

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.6486	0.5870	0.5390	0.4996	0.4403	0.5437	0.5179	0.5634	0.5272	0.5192

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.5386
Quality Standard	\$438
Service Standard	\$236

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$236
Eligible Amount	13,492,879

Service: Fire Vehicles
Unit Measure: No. of vehicles

Quantity Measure											
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
Station #1:											
Aerial (100 ft. with Platform)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,367,000
Pumper Rescue	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	\$562,000
Tanker	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$514,000
Support Van	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$296,000
Van	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$68,900
Fire Prevention Car	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$43,700
Deputy Chief's Car	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	\$62,200
Chief's Car	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$62,200
Platform 16	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$1,686,000
Support 1 ton	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$100,500
Support 3/4 ton	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$137,000
Support 1.5 ton & utility bos	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$268,000
Heavy Rescue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$547,000
Hazmat Trailer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$39,600
Public Education Van	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$54,700
Fire Safety Education Trailer*	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	\$35,500
Utility Pickup	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	\$49,200
Utility Pickup - EVT	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	\$66,800
Station #2:											
Pumper Rescue	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	\$562,000
Tanker	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$514,000
Rescue Van	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$405,000
Support - 3/4 Ton	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$74,300
Hazmat Trailer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$39,600
Station #3:											
Pumper Rescue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$562,000
Aerial	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$896,000
Tanker	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$514,000
Rescue Van	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$296,000
Trailer #101	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$16,400
Off road Unit #33	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$50,900
Support Unit #30	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$74,300

Service: Fire Vehicles
Unit Measure: No. of vehicles

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
Station #4:											
Pumper Rescue	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	\$607,000
Pumper/Tanker	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	\$514,000
Utility Pickup	-	-	ı	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$49,200
Total	26	29	29	29	30	35	35	36	36	36	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0004
Quality Standard	\$349,150
Service Standard	\$140

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$140
Eligible Amount	\$7,981,429

^{*} Fire Safety Education Trailer is shared with Halton Hills

Service: Fire Small Equipment and Gear Unit Measure: No. of equipment and gear

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Part-time Firefighters	70	82	83	83	83	75	70	67	65	65	\$5,100
Full-time Firefighters	27	27	27	32	34	40	42	47	52	52	\$5,100
Senior Officers	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	\$5,100
Auxiliary Staff	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	\$5,100
Air Cylinders	130	130	130	143	144	144	110	110	110	110	\$900
Breathing Apparatus	102	102	102	112	113	113	86	86	86	86	\$6,200
Radiation Detector	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$10,900
Resquman Accountability Equipment	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	\$8,200
Thermal Image Cameras	5	6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	\$12,100
Hazard House Simulator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$12,700
Station 1											
Vehicle Extrication Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$79,000
Hazardous Material Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$54,800
Special Operations Equip (Rescue)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$28,200
Emergency Medical Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$30,500
Rapid Intervention Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$13,700
Radio Communiciations Equipment -	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	_	_	\$38,300
Recording System	ı	ı	ı	1		'	1	ı	_		
Fire fighting Hose (not on trucks)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$14,500
Defibrillators	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	. ,
Air Monitoring Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$11,700
Station 2											
Vehicle Extrication Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$79,000
Special Operations Equip (Rescue)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$28,200
Emergency Medical Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$30,500
Rapid Intervention Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$13,700
Fire fighting Hose (not on trucks)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$14,500
High Angle Confined Space Rescue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$21,900
Defibrillators	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Air Monitoring Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$11,700
Station 3											
Vehicle Extrication Equipment	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Special Operations Equip (Rescue)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$28,200
Emergency Medical Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$30,500
Rapid Intervention Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$13,700

Service: Fire Small Equipment and Gear Unit Measure: No. of equipment and gear

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Radio Communiciations Equipment - Recording System	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	\$38,300
Trunk Radio System	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$863,800
Fire fighting Hose (not on trucks)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$14,500
Defibrillators	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	\$5,600
Specialized Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1	-	-	\$15,500
Air Monitoring Equipment	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$11,700
Station 4											
Other Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	\$188,400
Vehicle Extrication Equipment	·		·		•	1	1	1	1	1	\$79,000
Total	377	390	396	425	430	430	367	369	373	374	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0074	0.0070	0.0065	0.0065	0.0058	0.0053	0.0044	0.0041	0.0039	0.0038

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0055
Quality Standard	\$8,118
Service Standard	\$45

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$45
Eligible Amount	\$2,551,703

Service: Transit Facilities
Unit Measure: ft² of building area

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Bld'g Value (\$/ft²)	Value/ft² with land, site works, etc.
Existing Facility	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	\$328	\$406
Contracted Facility Space	2,500	2,500	2,500	3,500	5,000	ı	-	-	-	-	\$194	\$258
Total	2,500	2,500	2,500	3,500	5,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000		
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Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0493	0.0447	0.0410	0.0532	0.0670	0.1244	0.1185	0.1116	0.1044	0.1028

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0817
Quality Standard	\$360
Service Standard	\$29

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$29
Eligible Amount	\$1,680,181

Service: Transit Vehicles
Unit Measure: No. of vehicles

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Vehicle)
40 ft. Orion	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$522,000
24 ft. Community Bus	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$216,000
Accessible Transit - 24 ft. Bus	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	\$216,000
Accessible Transit - 40 ft. Bus	-		-	-	3	5	5	8	8	11	\$522,000
30 ft. Low Floor Buses	-		-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	\$447,000
Community Bus	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	\$51,400
Support Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	\$26,600
Total	5	5	5	7	10	14	12	15	18	21	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0001
Quality Standard	\$503,800
Service Standard	\$50

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$50
Eligible Amount	\$2,879,167

Service: Other Transit Infrastructure

Contact:

Unit Measure: No. of items

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Existing Shelters	12	14	16	17	19	21	25	29	33	33	\$10,900
Existing Bus Pads	12	14	16	17	19	21	25	29	33	33	\$2,200
Farebox Revenue System Equipment						1	1	1	1	1	\$141,000
Total	24	28	32	34	38	43	51	59	67	67	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0006
Quality Standard	\$7,500
Service Standard	\$5

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$5
Eligible Amount	\$257,171

Service: Parking Spaces
Contact: Heide Schlegl
Unit Measure: No. of spaces

Caurity models											
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/space)
Downtown On-Street Parking	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	\$15,600
Downtown Municipal Parking	253	253	253	253	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$15,600
Munic. Parking Lot #1 - Main Street & Brown Street	-	-	-	-	37	37	37	37	37	37	\$15,600
Munic. Parking Lot #2 - Mary Street	-	-	-	-	55	55	55	55	55	55	\$15,600
Munic. Parking Lot #3 - Mary Street	-	-	-	-	109	109	109	109	109	109	\$15,600
Munic. Parking Lot #4 - Mary Street	-	-	-	-	26	26	26	26	26	26	\$15,600
Munic. Parking Lot #5 - Mary Street	-	-	-	-	11	11	11	11	11	11	\$15,600
Town Hall/Hugh Foster Hall	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	10	10	\$15,600
Downtown Campbellville On-Street Parking	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	\$15,600
Downtown Campbellville Municipal Parking Lot	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	\$15,600
Main Street Parking (new lot - land value only)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	\$525,600
Total	669	669	669	669	664	664	664	664	664	664	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0093
Quality Standard	\$15,575
Service Standard	\$145

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$145
Eligible Amount	\$8,278,033

Service: Parkland Development

Unit Measure: No. of developed parkland acres

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/Acre)
Parkland (acres)											
Village Squares - Existing Milton	30.00	30.00	33.34	36.33	43.51	44.18	46.03	46.03	46.03	46.03	\$173,000
District Park - Existing Milton	168.91	168.91	186.18	186.18	186.18	186.18	190.23	190.23	190.23	204.78	\$118,500
Neighbourhood Parks - Existing Milton	93.02	93.27	110.11	110.11	119.50	148.27	159.14	160.94	160.94	179.58	\$133,500
Community Parks - Existing Milton	28.05	28.05	28.05	33.24	33.24	33.24	62.71	64.95	69.82	91.15	\$144,800
Schools (50%)	41.81	41.81	44.03	44.03	48.32	52.43	53.56	57.69	62.07	66.81	\$67,100
Schools (75%) - J Vanier	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.31	1.31	\$67,100
Woodlots	49.29	57.68	64.15	76.12	81.31	81.33	83.34	85.02	89.49	89.49	\$7,700
Passive Open Space	180.48	195.34	175.83	230.72	229.12	221.97	168.51	202.38	197.51	403.28	\$7,700
Linear Parks	38.94	40.57	40.57	41.47	41.47	41.47	43.03	43.03	43.03	43.03	\$184,100
Non-Town Sites (50%) - Croatian Club	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.13	\$67,100
Non-Town Sites (100%) - Maplehurst Diamond	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97	\$67,100
Total	639.60	664.73	691.36	767.30	791.75	818.17	815.65	859.37	869.53	1,134.56	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0126	0.0119	0.0113	0.0117	0.0106	0.0102	0.0097	0.0096	0.0091	0.0117

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.0108
Quality Standard	\$84,177
Service Standard	\$909

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$909
Eligible Amount	\$51,954,727

Service: Unit Measure: Parkland Amenities
No. of parkland amenities

Quantity Measure											
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Playground Equipment - Traditional	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	\$46,000
Playground Equipment - School Site (50%)	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	14.00	14.00	\$34,000
Playground Equipment - Village Square	16.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	25.00	26.00	28.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	\$110,000
Playground Equipment - Neighbourhood Park	13.00	13.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	17.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	20.00	\$215,000
Playground Equipment - District Park	4.00	4.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	\$332,000
Playground Equipment - Community Park	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$318,000
Accessable Playground Equipment - Community Park	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	\$498,000
Premier Hardball/Baseball - Lit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	\$811,000
Hardball/Baseball - (lit) (Maplehurst)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	\$443,000
Hardball/Baseball - (unlit)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$200,000
Slo-Pitch/Softball - (lit)	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	\$286,000
Slo-Pitch/Softball - (unlit)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	\$223,000
Slo-Pitch/Softball - (unlit) - Shared (3)	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	\$223,000
Pitching Cage/Batting Cage	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$151,000
Minor Diamond (unlit)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	\$77,000
Minor Diamond (unlit) - Shared (8)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	\$77,000
Major Soccer Field - (lit)	4.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	\$508,000
Major Soccer Field - (unlit)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	\$243,000
Major Soccer Field - (unlit) - Shared (7)	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	\$243,000
Minor Soccer Field - (unlit)	11.00	11.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	19.00	19.00	20.00	21.00	21.00	\$106,000
Minor Soccer Field - (unlit) - Shared (2)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$106,000
Multi-purpose field - Lit	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	\$403,000
Multi-purpose Field - Unlit - Shared (2)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$49,000
High School Artifical Turf - Lit (Bishop Reding - 50%)	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	\$1,212,000
High School Artifical Turf - Lit (Jean Vanier - 75%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.75	0.75	\$1,212,000
High School Artifical Turf - Unlit (Craig Kielburger - 50%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.50	0.50	\$960,000
High School Sports Dome (Jean Vanier - 100%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	\$3,176,000
Running Track	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	\$146,000
Beach Volleyball - Unlit	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	\$35,000
Beach Volleyball - Lit	-	-	-	-	-	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	\$48,000
Cricket pitch - (Softball)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	\$266,000
Tennis Courts - Lit	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	16.00	\$99,000
Tennis Courts - Unlit	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.00	\$67,000
Multi-Purpose Court - (lit)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	\$42,000
Multi-Purpose Court - (unlit)	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	\$36,000

Service: Unit Measure: Parkland Amenities No. of parkland amenities

Quantity Measure											
Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Multi-use Half Court	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	6.00	\$24,000
Basketball Courts - Unlit (school sites - 50%)	10.00	10.00	12.00	12.00	15.00	17.00	18.00	18.00	19.00	19.00	\$19,000
Hard Surface - (asphalt play area)	15.00	15.00	17.00	17.00	19.00	20.00	21.00	21.00	22.00	25.00	\$14,000
Washrooms - in building (base cost)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	\$38,000
Washrooms (temporary port-o-lets)	20.00	18.00	24.00	24.00	25.00	29.00	31.00	33.00	36.00	36.00	\$1,200
Brookville Concession	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$283,000
Campbellville Concession (New)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$259,000
Campbellville Concession (Old)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$190,000
Lion Sport Park Concession #1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$244,000
Lion Sport Park Concession #2 (Next to Splah Pad)	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$406,000
Omagh Concession	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$67,000
Bronte Meadows Park Washrooms	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$153,000
Shower/Changeroom	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	\$41,000
Port-o-let Shelter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	2.00	\$13,000
Community Park Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	\$1,162,000
Shelter - Major	5.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	\$139,000
Shelter - Minor	14.00	14.00	18.00	20.00	22.00	25.00	27.00	28.00	30.00	32.00	\$93,000
Shelter - Pergola	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	\$68,000
Skateboard Area - Minor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$585,000
BMX Track	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$239,000
BMX Track Freestyle	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$357,000
Spray Pad (minor)	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	9.00	\$160,000
Spray Pad (major)	1.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	\$385,000
Off-leash Dog Area	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	\$34,000
Pedestrian Bridge - Major	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	\$276,000
Pedestrian Bridge - Minor	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	\$164,000
Park Feature	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	\$22,000
Horticultural Display	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	\$12,000
Horticultural Display - irrigated	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	\$57,000

Service: Unit Measure: Parkland Amenities
No. of parkland amenities

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Water Feature	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	\$35,000
Total	236.00	238.00	271.00	274.00	290.50	314.50	338.50	348.00	367.75	388.75	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.0047	0.0043	0.0044	0.0042	0.0039	0.0039	0.0040	0.0039	0.0038	0.0040

10 Year Average	2005-2014			
Quantity Standard	0.0041			
Quality Standard	\$124,176			
Service Standard	\$509			

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$509
Eligible Amount	\$29,095,699

Service: Parkland Trails

Unit Measure: Linear Metres of Paths and Trails

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/ Lin. Metre)
Existing											
Trails (linear meters)											
Asphalt Trails - Lit	4,405.87	4,405.87	5,213.63	5,553.60	5,553.60	5,553.60	5,553.60	5,553.60	5,553.60	5,553.60	\$763
Asphalt Trails - Unlit	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	846.98	\$131
Mulch Trails - Unlit	343.25	343.25	343.25	343.25	343.25	569.25	569.25	819.25	819.25	819.25	\$49
Limestone Trails - Unlit	506.83	506.83	506.83	506.80	544.80	544.80	2,678.13	3,423.13	3,423.13	4,729.38	\$281
Asphalt Trails Union Gas Pipeline - Lit	0	413	413	825	825	825	825	825	825	2,774	\$763
Total	6,102.93	6,515.43	7,323.19	8,075.63	8,113.63	8,339.63	10,472.96	11,467.96	11,467.96	14,723.21	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.15

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.1216
Quality Standard	\$581
Service Standard	\$71

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$71
Eligible Amount	\$4,036,434

Service: Recreation Facilities Unit Measure: ft² of building area

Quantity Measure

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Bld'g Value (\$/ft²)	Value/ft² with land, site works, etc.
Liesure Centre	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	45,605	\$340	\$499
Campbellville Lions Centre	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	6,700	\$196	\$313
Seniors Centre	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	22,200	\$168	\$274
John Tonelli Arena	31,175	31,175	31,175	31,175	31,175	33,875	33,875	33,875	33,875	33,875	\$214	\$338
Nassagaweya Comm. Cen.	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	5,905	\$170	·
Memorial Arena	34,970	34,970	34,970	34,970	34,970	37,250	37,250	37,250	37,250	37,250	\$207	\$326
Rotary Park Building (new bldg)	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	\$251	\$387
Rotary Park Pool (Item)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$510,188	\$1,055,000
Boyne Comm. Cen.	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	\$176	
Hugh Foster Hall	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	3,730	\$386	\$546
Nassagaweya Tennis Club (formerly												
Campbellville Comm. Cen.)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,210	4,210	4,210	4,210	4,210	\$327	\$492
Milton Tennis Club	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	\$177	\$286
Milton Sports Centre	102,500	102,500	102,500	102,500	102,500	102,500	240,850	240,850	240,850	248,350	\$225	\$346
School Gymnasiums (No. of Gyms)	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.7		\$1,000,000
Total	262,127	262,127	262,127	262,128	262,128	270,318	408,668	408,668	408,668	416,169		
											-	
Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230		
Per Capita Standard	5.1739	4.6823	4.2997	3.9854	3.5123	3.3635	4.8442	4.5603	4.2677	4.2802		

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	4.2970
Quality Standard	\$370
Service Standard	\$1,589

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$1,589
Eligible Amount	\$90,816,047

Service: Library Facilities
Unit Measure: ft² of building area

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Bld'g Value (\$/ft²)	Value/ft² with land, site works, etc.
Main Branch (45 Bruce Street)	16,900	16,900	16,900	16,900	16,900	16,900	-	-	-	-	\$228	\$351
Library Annex Building (407 Pine St.)	-	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	3,900	-	-	-	-	\$212	\$331
Branch #1 - Beaty	-	-	-	-	11,251	11,251	11,251	11,251	11,251	11,251	\$284	\$430
Main Library	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,586	29,586	29,586	29,586	\$361	\$523
Total	16,900	20,800	20,800	20,800	32,051	32,051	40,837	40,837	40,837	40,837		

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	0.3336	0.3715	0.3412	0.3162	0.4295	0.3988	0.4841	0.4557	0.4265	0.4200

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	0.3977
Quality Standard	\$421
Service Standard	\$167

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$167
Eligible Amount	\$9,569,600

Service: Library Collection Materials
Unit Measure: No. of library collection items

Description	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 Value (\$/item)
Collection volume	96,619	99,761	111,155	101,256	162,436	162,436	205,788	214,471	226,928	229,104	\$37
Uncatalogued Material	12,495	12,744	12,872	13,001	12,507	12,507	12,507	11,500	10,000	8,000	\$21
Electronic Resources*	13	13	13	13	17	17	22	32	38	38	\$1,460
Periodical and Newspaper Titles	230	201	213	230	277	277	250	225	200	181	\$66
Central Library Shelving	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\$266,200
Beaty Branch Shelving					1	1	1	1	1	1	\$111,800
			·		·			·			
Total	109,357	112,719	124,253	114,500	175,237	175,237	218,567	226,228	237,166	237,323	

Population	50,663	55,982	60,964	65,772	74,632	80,369	84,362	89,614	95,758	97,230
Per Capita Standard	2.16	2.01	2.04	1.74	2.35	2.18	2.59	2.52	2.48	2.44

10 Year Average	2005-2014
Quantity Standard	2.2512
Quality Standard	\$38
Service Standard	\$86

DC Amount (before deductions)	10 Year
Forecast Population	57,149
\$ per Capita	\$86
Eligible Amount	\$4,890,811

Appendix C – Long Term Capital and Operating Cost Examination

Appendix C – Long Term Capital and Operating Cost Examination

Town of Milton Annual Capital and Operating Cost Impact

As a requirement of the Development Charges Act, 1997 under subsection 10(2)(c), an analysis must be undertaken to assess the long-term capital and operating cost impacts for the capital infrastructure projects identified within the development charge. As part of this analysis, it was deemed necessary to isolate the incremental operating expenditures directly associated with these capital projects, factor in cost saving attributable to economies of scale or cost sharing where applicable, and prorate the cost on a per unit basis (i.e. sq.ft. of building space, per vehicle, etc.). This was undertaken through a review of the Town's approved 2014 Financial Information Return (FIR).

In addition to the operational impacts, over time the initial capital projects will require replacement. This replacement of capital is often referred to as life cycle cost. By definition, life cycle costs are all the costs which are incurred during the life of a physical asset, from the time its acquisition is first considered, to the time it is taken out of service for disposal or redeployment. The method selected for life cycle costing is the sinking fund method which provides that money will be contributed annually and invested, so that those funds will grow over time to equal the amount required for future replacement. The following factors were utilized to calculate the annual replacement cost of the capital projects (annual contribution = factor X capital asset cost) and are based on an annual growth rate of 2% (net of inflation) over the average useful life of the asset:

	Lifecycle C	ost Factors
Asset	Average Useful Life	Factor
Roads & Related	20	0.04116
Facilities	40	0.01656
Vehicles	15	0.05783
Fire Small equipment and gear	8	0.11651
Parkland development, amenities & trails	30	0.02465
Library materials	10	0.09133
Parking	40	0.01656
Stormwater Management Monitoring	40	0.01656

Table C-1 depicts the annual operating impact resulting from the proposed gross capital projects at the time they are all in place. It is important to note that, while Town program expenditures will increase with growth in population, the costs associated with the new infrastructure (i.e. facilities) would be delayed until the time these works are in place.

Table C-1 TOWN OF MILTON

OPERATING AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE IMPACTS FOR FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

	SERVICE	NET GROWTH RELATED EXPENDITURES	ANNUAL LIFECYCLE EXPENDITURES	ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURES
1.	Services Related to a Highway				
	1.1 Services Related to a Highway	167,679,426	6,901,100	1,146,874	8,047,974
2.	Public Works Operations				
	2.1 Public Works Operations	21,481,839	355,600	146,929	502,529
3.	Fire Protection Services				
	3.1 Fire facilities	9,949,707	164,700	466,755	631,455
	3.2 Fire vehicles	2,278,934	131,800	106,908	238,708
	3.3 Small equipment and gear	353,700	41,200	16,593	57,793
4.	Transit				
	4.1 Transit Facilities and Vehicles	4,398,611	254,400	2,844,683	3,099,083
5.	Parks Development	***************************************			
	5.1 Parkland development, amenities & trails	73,003,243	1,799,500	4,262,992	6,062,492
6.	Recreation				
	6.1 Recreation facilities	81,827,859	1,354,700	6,067,564	7,422,264
7.	Library				
	7.1 Library facilities	7,959,193	131,800	1,868,535	2,000,335
	7.2 Library materials	4,401,720	402,000	1,033,367	1,435,367
8.	Administration				
	8.1 Studies	10,673,781	0	0	0
9.	Parking				
	9.1 Municipal Parking Spaces	7,265,572	120,300	323,289	443,589
10.	Stormwater - Sherwood				
	10.1 Monitoring	617,723	10,200	234,805	245,005
11.	Stormwater - Boyne				
	11.1 Monitoring	1,127,324	18,700	428,512	447,212
12.	Stormwater - Derry Green	***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	12.1 Monitoring	1,143,417	18,900	434,629	453,529

Appendix D – Development Charge Reserve Fund Policy

Appendix D – Development Charge Reserve Fund Policy

D.1 Legislative Requirements

The D.C.A., 1997 requires development charge collections (and associated interest) to be placed in separate reserve funds. Sections 33 through 36 of the Act provide the following regarding reserve fund establishment and use:

- a Town shall establish a reserve fund for each service to which the D.C. by-law relates; s.7(1), however, allows services to be grouped into categories of services for reserve fund (and credit) purposes, although only 100% eligible and 90% eligible services may be combined (minimum of two reserve funds);
- the Town shall pay each development charge it collects into a reserve fund or funds to which the charge relates;
- the money in a reserve fund shall be spent only for the "capital costs" determined through the legislated calculation process (as per s.5(1) 2-8);
- money may be borrowed from the fund but must be paid back with interest (O.Reg. 82/98, s.11(1) defines this as the Bank of Canada rate either on the day the by-law comes into force or, if specified in the by-law, the first business day of each quarter); and
- D.C. reserve funds may not be consolidated with other Town reserve funds for investment purposes (s.37).

Annually, the Treasurer of the Town is required to provide Council with a financial statement related to the D.C. by-law(s) and reserve funds. This statement must also be forwarded to the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing within 60 days of the statement being filed with Council.

O.Reg. 82/98 prescribes the information that must be included in the Treasurer's statement, as follows:

- opening balance;
- closing balance;
- description of each service and/or service category for which the reserve fund was established;
- transactions for the year (e.g. collections, draws);

- list of credits by service or service category (outstanding at beginning of the year, given in the year and outstanding at the end of the year by holder);
- amounts borrowed, purpose of the borrowing and interest accrued during previous year;
- amount and source of money used by the Town to repay municipal obligations to the fund;
- schedule identifying the value of credits recognized by the Town, the service to which it applies and the source of funding used to finance the credit; and
- for each draw, the amount spent on the project from the D.C. reserve fund and the amount and source of any other monies spent on the project.

Based upon the above, Figure D-1 sets out the format for which annual reporting to Council should be provided.

D.2 D.C. Reserve Fund Application

Section 35 of the D.C.A. states that:

"The money in a reserve fund established for a service may be spent only for capital costs determined under paragraphs 2 to 8 of subsection 5(1)."

This provision clearly establishes that reserve funds collected for a specific service are only to be used for that service.

Appendix D-1 SAMPLE DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUNDS STATEMENT TOWN OF MILTON FOR THE YEAR _____

					Town Wide						Urban Area	
Reserve Fund	Roads and Related	Public Works Operations	Fire Protection Services	Recreation	Parks Development	Library	Administration	Transit	Parking	Stormwater Management - Sherwood Survey	Stormwater Management - Boyne Survey	Stormwater Management - Derry Green
Balance as of January 1												
Plus:												
Development Charge Collections												
Accrued Interest												
Repayment of Monies Borrowed from Fund and Associated Interest												
SUB-TOTAL												
Less:												
Amount Transferred to Capital (or Other) Funds {1}												
Amounts Refunded												
Amounts Loaned to Other DC Service Category												
Credits {2}												
Monies Borrowed from Fund for Other Municipal Purposes												
SUB-TOTAL												
December 31 Closing Balance												

{1}See Attachment 1 for details{2}See Attachment 2 for details

Attachment 1

SAMPLE DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND STATEMENT TOWN OF MILTON FOR THE YEAR _____

DISCOUNTED SERVICES RESERVE FUND TRANSFERS									
Capital Project	DC Reserve Fund Draw	Operating Fund Draw	Other Reserves Fund Draw	Debt	Total				

Attachment 2

DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND STATEMENT TOWN OF MILTON FOR THE YEAR _____

LISTING OF CREDITS UNDER DCA, 1997, s.38 BY HOLDER								
Credit Holder	Applicable DC Reserve Fund	Credit Balance - Beginning of Year	Additional Credits Granted During Year	Credits Used by Holder During Year	Credit Balance - End of Year			

Pag	е	E-	1

Appendix E – Local Service Policy

Appendix E – Local Service Policy

This Appendix sets out the Town's General Policy Guidelines on Development Charges (DC) and local service funding for Services Related to a Highway, Stormwater Management, Transit Bus Stops and Amenities, and Parkland Development. The guidelines outline, in general terms, the size and nature of engineered infrastructure that is included in the study as a development charge project, versus infrastructure that is considered as a local service, to be emplaced separately by landowners, pursuant to a development agreement.

The following policy guidelines are general principles by which staff will be guided in considering development applications. However, each application will be considered, in the context of these policy guidelines as subsection 59(2) of the Development Charges Act, 1997, on its own merits having regard to, among other factors, the nature, type and location of the development and any existing and proposed development in the surrounding area, as well as the location and type of services required and their relationship to the proposed development and to existing and proposed development in the area.

A. SERVICES REATLED TO A HIGHWAY

A highway and services related to a highway are intended for the transportation of people and goods via many different modes including, but not limited to passenger automobiles, commercial vehicles, transit vehicles, bicycles and pedestrians. The highway shall consist of all land and associated infrastructure built to support (or service) this movement of people and goods regardless of the mode of transportation employed, thereby achieving a complete street. A complete street is the concept whereby a highway is planned, designed, operated and maintained to enable pedestrians, cyclists, public transit users and motorists to safely and comfortably be moved, thereby allowing for the efficient movement of persons and goods.

The associated infrastructure to achieve this concept shall include, but is not limited to: road pavement structure and curbs; grade separation/bridge structures (for any vehicles, railways and/or pedestrians); grading, drainage and retaining wall features; culvert structures; storm water drainage systems; utilities; traffic control systems; signage; gateway features; street furniture; active transportation facilities (e.g. sidewalks, bike lanes, multi-use trails which interconnect the transportation network, etc.); transit lanes & lay-bys; roadway illumination systems; boulevard and median surfaces (e.g. sod & topsoil, paving, etc.); street trees and landscaping; parking lanes & lay-bys; (excluding on-street parking in the downtown and in Campbellville) and driveway entrances; noise attenuation systems; railings and safety barriers.

1) Local and Collector Roads (including land)

- a) Collector Roads Internal to Development, inclusive of all land and associated infrastructure – direct developer responsibility under s.59 of the D.C.A. as a local service.
- b) Collector Roads External to Development, inclusive of all land and associated infrastructure – if needed to support a specific development or required to link with the area to which the plan relates, direct developer responsibility under s.59 of the D.C.A.; otherwise, included in D.C. calculation to the extent permitted under s.5(1) of the D.C.A. (dependent on local circumstances).
- c) All local roads are considered to be the developer's responsibility.

2) Arterial Roads

- a) New, widened, extended or upgraded arterial roads, inclusive of all associated infrastructure: Included as part of road costing funded through D.C.A., s.5(1).
- b) Land acquisition for arterial roads on existing rights-of-way to achieve a complete street: dedication under the Planning Act provisions (s. 41, 51 and s. 53) through development lands; in area with limited development: included in D.C.'s.
- c) Land acquisition for arterial roads on new rights-of-way to achieve a complete street: dedication, where possible, under the Planning Act provisions (s. 51 and s. 53) through development lands up to the ROW specified in the Official Plan.
- d) Land acquisition beyond normal dedication requirements to achieve transportation corridors as services related to highways including grade separation infrastructure for the movement of pedestrians, cyclists, public transit and/or railway vehicles: included in D.C.'s.

3) Traffic Control Systems, Signals and Intersection Improvements

- a) On new arterial roads and arterial road improvements unrelated to a specific development: included as part of road costing funded through D.C.'s.
- b) On non-arterial roads, or for any private site entrances or entrances to specific development: direct developer responsibility under s.59 of D.C.A. (as a local service).

- c) On arterial or collector road intersections with Regional roads: include in Region D.C.'s or in certain circumstances, may be a direct developer responsibility
- d) Intersection improvements, new or modified signalization, signal timing & optimization plans, area traffic studies for highways attributed to growth and unrelated to a specific development: included in D.C. calculation as permitted under s.5(1) of the D.C.A.

4) Streetlights

- a) Streetlights on new arterial roads and arterial road improvements: considered part of the complete street and included as part of the road costing funded through D.C.'s or in exceptional circumstances, may be direct developer responsibility through local service provisions (s.59 of D.C.A.).
- b) Streetlights on non-arterial roads internal to development: considered part of the complete street and included as a direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).
- c) Streetlights on non-arterial roads external to development, needed to support a specific development or required to link with the area to which the plan relates: considered part of the complete street and included as a direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).

5) Transportation Related Pedestrian and Cycling Facilities

- a) Sidewalks, multi-use trails, cycle tracks, and bike lanes, inclusive of all required infrastructure, located within arterial roads, Regional roads and provincial highway corridors: considered part of the complete street and included in D.C.'s, or, in exceptional circumstances, may be direct developer responsibility through local service provisions (s.59 of D.C.A.).
- b) Sidewalks, multi-use trails, cycle tracks, and bike lanes, inclusive of all required infrastructure, located within or linking to non-arterial road corridors internal to development: considered part of the complete street and included in D.C.'s.
- c) Other sidewalks, multi-use trails, cycle tracks, and bike lanes, inclusive of all required infrastructure, located within non-arterial road corridors external to development and needed to support a specific development or required to link with the area to which the plan relates: direct developer responsibility under s.59 of D.C.A. (as a local service).

d) Multi-use trails (not associated with a road), inclusive of all land and required infrastructure, that go beyond the function of a (parkland) recreational trail and form part of the town's active transportation network for cycling and/or walking: included in D.C.'s

6) Noise Abatement Measures

- a) Noise abatement measures external and internal to development where it is related to, or a requirement of a specific development: direct developer responsibility under s.59 of D.C.A. (as a local service).
- b) Noise abatement measures on new arterial roads and arterial road improvements abutting an existing community and unrelated to a specific development: included as part of road costing funded through D.C.'s.

7) Transit Lanes and Lay-bys

- a) Transit lanes and lay-bys located within town arterial and regional road corridors: considered part of the complete street and included in D.C.'s
- b) Transit lanes and lay-bys located within non-arterial road corridors internal to development: considered part of the complete street and direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).
- c) Transit lanes and lay-bys located within non-arterial road corridors external to development and needed to support a specific development or required to link with the area to which the plan relates: direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).

B. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

- a) Stormwater facilities for quality and/or quantity management, including downstream erosion works, inclusive of land and all associated infrastructure, such as landscaping and perimeter fencing: direct developer responsibility under s.59 of D.C.A. (as a local service).
- b) Over-sizing cost of stormwater drainage facilities capacity, excluding land, to accommodate runoff from new, widened, extended or upgraded town arterial roads that are funded as a development charges project: included as part of road costing funded through D.C.'s.
- c) Erosion works, inclusive of all restoration requirements, related to a development application: direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).

- d) Monitoring works: included in D.C.'s consistent with the D.C.A., s.5(1).
- e) Storm sewer systems and drainage works that are required for a specific development, either internal or external to the area to which the plan relates: direct developer responsibility under s. 59 of the D.C.A. (as a local service).

C. TRANSIT BUS STOPS AND AMENITIES

- a) Transit bus stops and amenities internal to development: direct developer responsibility under s.59 of D.C.A. (as a local service).
- b) Transit bus stops and amenities on arterial roads: included in Town's Transit D.C.'s consistent with D.C.A., s.5(1).

D. PARKLAND DEVLOPMENT

1. RECREATIONAL TRAILS

a) Recreational trails (Multi-use trails) that do not form part of the town's active transportation network, and their associated infrastructure (landscaping, bridges, trail surface, etc.), is included in area municipal parkland D.C.'s.

2. PARKLAND

- a) Parkland Development for Community Parks, District Parks, Neighbourhood Parks and Village Squares: direct developer responsibility to provide at base condition, as defined in the Town's Engineering and Parks Standards Manual, as a local service provision.
- b) Program facilities, amenities, and furniture, within parkland: included in D.C.'s.

3. LANDSCAPE BUFFER BLOCKS, FEATURES, CUL-DE-SAC ISLANDS, BERMS, GRADE TRANSITION AREAS, WALKWAY CONNECTIONS TO ADJACENT ARTERIAL ROADS, OPEN SPACE, ETC.

- a) The cost of developing all landscape buffer blocks, landscape features, cul-desac islands, berms, grade transition areas, walkway connections to adjacent arterial roads, open space and other remnant pieces of land conveyed to the town shall be a direct developer responsibility as a local service. Such costs include but are not limited to:
 - pre-grading, sodding or seeding, supply and installation of amended topsoil, (to the Town's required depth), landscape features, perimeter fencing and amenities and all planting.

 Perimeter fencing to the Town standard located on the public property side of the property line adjacent land uses (such as but limited to arterial roads) as directed by the Town.

4. NATURAL HERITAGE SYSTEM (N.H.S.)

N.H.S. includes engineered and in situ stream corridors, natural buffers for woodlots, wetland remnants, etc. as well as subwatersheds within the boundaries of the Town.

Direct developer responsibility as a local service provision including but not limited to the following:

- a) Riparian planting and landscaping requirements (as required by the Town, Conservation Authority or other authorities having jurisdiction) as a result of creation of, or construction within in the N.H.S. and associated buffers.
- b) Perimeter fencing of the N.H.S. to the Town standard located on the public property side of the property line adjacent land uses (residential, industrial, commercial) as required by the Town.
- c) All works to be in conformance with the Town's "Restoration Framework" for stream corridors, natural buffers and subwatersheds areas as directed by the approved studies and reports related to the Secondary Plan that development occurs in.

Infrastructure Assets Constructed by Developers

- a) All infrastructure assets constructed by Developers must be designed in accordance with the Town of Milton Engineering and Parks Standards Manual as revised
- All infrastructure assets shall be conveyed in accordance with the Town of Milton Engineering and Parks Standards Manual as revised
- c) Any Parks and Open Space infrastructure assets approved to be built by the developer on behalf of the Town shall be in accordance with the Town of Milton Park Development Methods Policy.

Appendix F – Proposed Development Charge By-law

The Corporation of the TOWN OF MILTON

By-Law Number ____ -2016

A BY-LAW TO ESTABLISH DEVELOPMENT CHARGES FOR THE TOWN OF MILTON AND TO REPEAL DEVELOPMENT CHARGES BY-LAW 087-2011

WHEREAS The Corporation of the Town of Milton has and will continue to experience growth through development;

AND WHEREAS development requires the provision of physical and other services by the Town;

AND WHEREAS Council desires to ensure that the capital cost of meeting growth related demands for, or the burden on, Town services does not place an undue financial burden on the Town or its taxpayers;

AND WHEREAS the *Development Charges Act, 1997* (the "Act") provides that the council of a municipality may by by-law impose development charges against land to pay for increased capital costs required because of increased needs for services;

AND WHEREAS a development charge background study has been completed in accordance with the Act;

AND WHEREAS Council has before it a report entitled "Town of Milton Development Charge Background Study" prepared by Watson and Associates Economists Ltd. dated December 8, 2015;

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the Town of Milton has given notice of and held a public meeting on the ____ day of _____, 2016 in accordance with the Act and the regulations thereto;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of The Corporation of the Town of Milton hereby enacts as follows

DEFINITIONS

1. In this By-law, including in this section:

"accessory" means, where used to describe a use or building, that the use or building is naturally and normally incidental, subordinate in purpose or floor area or both, and exclusively devoted to a principal use or building;

"accessory dwelling" means a self contained residential unit that is subordinate in purpose to another residential dwelling unit upon the same lot and includes a granny flat and a mobile home;

"Act" means the Development Charges Act, 1997, S.O. 1997, c.27;

"agricultural development" means a bona fide farming operation, including greenhouses used in connection with a bona fide farming operation which are not connected to Regional water services or wastewater services, sod farms and farms for the breeding and boarding of horses, and includes, but is not limited to, barns, silos and other ancillary buildings to such agricultural development, but excluding in all circumstances any residential or commercial or retail component thereof and excludes marijuana production facilities;

"air-supported structure" means a structure consisting of a pliable membrane that achieves and maintains its shape and support by internal air pressure;

"apartment unit dwelling" means any residential unit within a building containing more than four dwelling units where the units are connected by an interior corridor, but does not include a special care/special need dwelling unit;

"back-to-back townhouse dwelling" means a building containing four or more dwelling units separated vertically by a common wall, including a rear common wall, that do not have rear yards;

"bedroom" means a habitable room of at least seven (7) square metres, including a den, study, loft, or other similar area, but does not include a living room, dining room or kitchen;

"board of education" has the same meaning as set out in the *Education Act*, R.S.O. 1990, C. E.2;

"building" means a structure occupying an area greater than ten (10) square metres consisting of a wall, roof and floor or any of them or a structural system serving the function thereof, and includes, but is not limited to, an above-grade storage tank, an air-supported structure, a canopy and an industrial tent, but does not include a seasonal air-supported structure;

"Building Code Act" means the *Building Code Act*, 1992, S.O. 1992, c.23, and includes its regulations;

"canopy" includes, but is not limited to, a roof-like structure projecting more than three hundred millimetres (300 mm) from the exterior face of a building and a separate roof-like structure such as a roof-like structure for an automotive fuel station or a drive-through facility, used or designed or intended for use for a purpose other than an aesthetic purpose or the protection of pedestrians;

"capital cost" means costs incurred or proposed to be incurred by the municipality or a local board thereof directly or by others on behalf of and as authorized by the municipality or local board to:

- a) acquire land or an interest in land, including a leasehold interest;
- b) improve land;
- c) acquire, lease, construct or improve buildings;
- d) acquire (including leasing), construct or improve facilities including,
 - (i) furniture and equipment other than computer equipment, and
 - (ii) material acquired for circulation, reference or information purposes by a library board as defined in the *Public Libraries Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. P.44; and
 - (iii) rolling stock with an estimated useful life of seven years or more; and

e) undertake studies in connection with any matter under the Act and any of the matters in clauses (a) to (d) above, including the development charge background study required for the provision of services designated in this By-law within or outside the municipality, including interest on borrowing for those expenditures under clauses (a) to (e) above that are growth-related;

"central business district" means that area defined as and shown as the central business district in the Town's in-force Official Plan, as may be amended from time to time:

"charitable dwelling" means a residential building, a part of a residential building or the residential portion of a mixed-use building maintained and operated by a corporation approved under the *Charitable Institutions Act*, R.S.O 1990, c. C.9, for persons requiring residential, specialized or group care and charitable dwelling includes a children's residence under the *Child and Family Services Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.11, a home or a joint home under the *Homes for the Aged and Rest Homes Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. H.13, an institution under the *Mental Hospitals Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. M.8, a nursing home under the *Nursing Homes Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. N.7, and a home for special care under the *Homes for Special Care Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. H.12;

"commercial" means land, buildings or portions thereof used, designed or intended for use for the purpose of offering foods, wares, merchandise, substances, articles or things for sale directly or providing entertainment or entertainment facilities, recreation or recreation facilities to the public and includes the rental of wares, merchandise, substances, articles or things and includes offices and storage in connection with, related or ancillary to such uses;

"Condominium Act" means the Condominium Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, Chap. c.19;

"correctional group home" means a residential building or the residential portion of a mixed-use building containing a single housekeeping unit supervised on a 24-hour basis on site by agency staff on a shift rotation basis, and funded wholly or in part by any government or its agency, or by public subscription or donation, or by any combination thereof, and licensed, approved or supervised by the Province of Ontario as a detention

or correctional facility under any general or special act and amendments or replacements thereto. A correctional group home may contain an office provided that the office is used only for the operation of the correctional group home in which it is located. A correctional group home shall not include any detention facility operated or supervised by the Federal Government nor any correctional institution or secure custody and detention facility operated by the Province of Ontario;

"Council" means the Council of The Corporation of the Town of Milton;

"development" means the construction, erection or placing of one or more buildings on land or the making of an addition or alteration to a building that has the effect of increasing the size or usability thereof, and includes redevelopment;

"development charge" means a charge imposed pursuant to this By-law;

"dwelling unit" means either (1) a room or suite of rooms used, or designed or intended for use, by one person or persons living together, in which culinary and sanitary facilities are provided for the exclusive use of such person or persons, or (2) in the case of a special care/special need dwelling, a room or suite of rooms used, or designed or intended for use, by one person with or without exclusive sanitary and/or culinary facilities, or more than one person if sanitary facilities are directly connected and exclusively accessible to more than one room or suite of rooms;

"garden suite" means a building containing one (1) dwelling unit where the garden suite is detached from and ancillary to an existing single detached dwelling or semi-detached dwelling on the lands and such building is designed to be portable;

"grade" means the average level of finished ground adjoining a building at all exterior walls;

"gross floor area" means the total floor area, measured between the outside of exterior walls or between the outside of exterior walls and the centre line of party walls dividing the building from another building, of all floors above the average level of finished ground adjoining the building at its exterior walls and includes the area of a mezzanine and excludes those areas used exclusively for parking garages or structures;

"group home" means a residential building or the residential portion of a mixed-use building containing a single housekeeping unit which may or may not be supervised on a 24-hour basis on site by agency staff on a shift rotation basis, and funded wholly or in part by any government or its agency, or by public subscription or donation, or by any combination thereof and licensed, approved or supervised by the Province of Ontario for the accommodation of persons under any general or special act and amendments or replacements thereto. A group home may contain an office provided that the office is used only for the operation of the group home in which it is located;

"local board" has the same definition as defined in the Act;

"local services" means those services, facilities or things which are under the jurisdiction of the municipality and are related to a plan of subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates in respect of the lands under sections 41, 51 or 53 of the *Planning Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. P.13;

"**lot**" means a parcel of land capable of being conveyed lawfully without any approval under the *Planning Act* or successor thereto which meets the minimum lot area requirements under the Town's Zoning By-law;

"marijuana production facilities" means a building used, designed or intended for growing, producing, testing, destroying, storing or distribution, excluding retail sales, of medical marijuana or cannabis authorized by a license issued by the federal Minister of Health pursuant to section 25 of the Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations, SOR/2013-119, under the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, S.C. 1996*, c.19;

"mixed-use" means land or buildings used or designed or intended to be used for a combination of non-residential development and residential development;

"mobile home" means any dwelling that is designed to be made mobile, and constructed or manufactured to provide a permanent residence for one or more persons, but does not include a travel trailer or tent trailer;

"multiple dwellings" means all dwellings other than single detached dwellings, semidetached dwellings, apartment unit dwellings, garden suites and special care/special need dwellings and includes, but is not limited to, back-to-back townhouse dwellings and stacked townhouse dwellings; "municipality" means The Corporation of the Town of Milton;

"non-residential development" means land, buildings or portions thereof used, designed or intended for use for a non-residential purpose and "non-residential use" has the same meaning;

"non-residential purpose" means the use of land, buildings or portions thereof for any purpose other than for a residential purpose;

"non-retail development" means any non-residential development which is not a retail development;

"nursing home" means a residential building or the residential portion of a mixed-use building licensed as a nursing home by the Province of Ontario;

"owner" means the owner of land or a person who has made application for an approval for the development of land upon which a development charge is imposed;

"place of worship" means that part of a building that is exempt from taxation as a place of worship under the *Assessment Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. A.31;

"Planning Act" means the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.13;

"Prescribed Index" means the price index as prescribed in the Regulation;

"Public Hospital" means lands, buildings or structures used and occupied by a hospital that receives aid under the *Public Hospitals Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.40, but excludes (i) any portion of a building occupied by a tenant of the hospital, (ii) any lands, buildings or structures, or portions thereof, owned by a hospital or hospital board that are used for purposes other than a public hospital, and (iii) any residential component of such lands, buildings or structures, or portions thereof, that is not a public hospital;

"Redevelopment" means the construction, erection or placing of one or more buildings on land where all or part of a building on such land has been previously demolished, or changing the use of all or part of a building from a residential purpose to a non-residential purpose or from a non-residential purpose to a residential purpose, or changing all or part of a building from one form of residential development to another form of residential development or from one form of non-residential development to another form of non-residential development;

"Region" means The Regional Municipality of Halton;

"Regulation" means O. Reg. 82/98;

"residential development" means land, buildings or portions thereof used, designed or intended to be used as living accommodations for one or more individuals, and shall include a single detached dwelling, a semi-detached dwelling, a multiple dwelling, an apartment unit dwelling, a special care/special need dwelling, an accessory dwelling, and the residential portion of a mixed-use building and "residential use" has the same meaning;

"retail development" means land, buildings or portions thereof used, designed or intended for use for the purpose of offering foods, wares, merchandise, substances, articles or things for sale directly to the public or providing services or entertainment to the public. Retail development excludes freestanding bank kiosks and includes, but is not limited to:

- a) land, buildings or portions thereof used, designed or intended for use for the rental of wares, merchandise, substances, articles or things;
- b) offices and storage in connection with, related to or ancillary to retail use; and
- c) conventional restaurants; fast food restaurants; catering establishments, stores: bars and taverns: beer and wine-making halls/theatres/cinemas/movie houses/drive-in theatres; dinner theatres: casinos; amusement and theme parks; amusement arcades; bowling alleys; pet boarding kennels, pet boarding kennel services, pet obedience training centres, pet care, attendance and grooming services; fitness/recreation sport centres; hotels, motels/bed and breakfast facilities/rooming and boarding houses; gas stations and service stations; speciality automotive shops/auto repairs/collision services/car or truck washes; auto dealerships; shopping centres and plazas, including more than two attached stores under one ownership; department/discount stores; banks and similar financial institutions,

including credit unions; insurance brokerages; investment advisory services; and warehouse clubs and retail warehouses;

"retirement home or lodge" means a residential building or the residential portion of a mixed-use building which provides accommodation primarily for retired persons or couples where each private bedroom or living accommodation has a separate private bathroom and separate entrance from a common hall but where common facilities for the preparation and consumption of food are provided, and common lounges, recreation rooms and medical care facilities may also be provided;

"row dwelling" means a building containing three or more attached dwelling units in a single row, each of which dwelling unit has an independent entrance from the outside and is vertically separated from any abutting dwelling unit;

"seasonal air-supported structure" means an air-supported structure that is raised and/or erected for a maximum of six months in any given year to allow for the use of an outdoor sports field or portion thereof during the winter for sports-related activities and includes a seasonal sports bubble;

"seasonal structure" means a building placed or constructed on land and used, designed or intended for use for a non-residential purpose during a single season of the year where such building is designed to be easily demolished or removed from the land at the end of the single season and is erected immediately before the single season and is demolished or removed from the land immediately following the end of the single season;

"semi-detached dwelling" means a building divided vertically into two dwelling units each of which has a separate entrance and access to grade;

"service" means a service designated in Schedule A to this By-law, and "services" shall have a corresponding meaning;

"single detached dwelling unit" means a completely detached building containing only one dwelling unit and includes one mobile home on a lot which contains no other dwelling unit(s);

"special care/special need dwelling" means:

- a) a building containing two or more dwelling units, which units have a common entrance from street level:
 - (i) where the occupants have the right to use in common, halls, stairs, yards, common rooms and accessory buildings;
 - (ii) which may or may not have exclusive sanitary and/or culinary facilities;
 - (iii) that is designed to accommodate persons with specific needs, including, but not limited to, independent permanent living arrangements; and
 - (iv) where support services such as meal preparation, grocery shopping, laundry, housekeeping, nursing, respite care and attendant services are provided at various levels;

and includes, but is not limited to, retirement homes or lodges, nursing homes, charitable dwellings, group homes (including correctional group homes) and hospices;

b) a building that is a student residence;

"stacked townhouse dwelling" means a building containing two or more dwelling units where each dwelling unit is separated horizontally and/or vertically from another dwelling unit by a common wall;

"temporary venue" means a building that is placed or constructed on land and is used, designed or intended for use for a particular event where the event has a duration of one (1) week or less and the building is erected immediately before the beginning of the event and is demolished or removed from the land immediately following the end of the event;

"total floor area"

a) includes the sum total of the total areas of the floors in a building whether at, above or below grade, measured:

- (i) between the exterior faces of the exterior walls of the building;
- (ii) from the centre line of a common wall separating two uses; or
- (iii) from the outside edge of a floor where the outside edge of the floor does not meet an exterior or common wall; and
- b) includes the area of a mezzanine as defined in the Building Code Act;
- c) excludes those areas used exclusively for parking garages or structures;
- d) where a building or a portion thereof has only one wall or does not have any walls, shall be the sum of the total area of all floors in the building (1) directly beneath the roof or canopy of the building; or (2) between and/or beneath a structural system serving the function of walls, roof or canopy or any one or more of them;
- e) where the building is an above-grade storage tank, the calculation of the total floor area is determined by taking the cross-sectional area of the tank, which is πr^2 (the base area);
- f) and for the purposes of this definition, the non-residential portion of a mixed-use building is deemed to include half of any area common to the residential and non-residential portions of such mixed-use buildings;

"town" means the area within the geographic limits of The Corporation of the Town of Milton;

"Town" means The Corporation of the Town of Milton";

"Treasurer" means the person appointed as the Town's Director of Corporate Services and Treasurer or his or her designate.

DESIGNATION OF SERVICES

- 2. It is hereby declared by the Council of the Town that all development and redevelopment of land within the town will increase the need for services.
- 3. Once this By-law is in force, the development charge applicable to a development as determined under this By-law shall apply without regard to the services required or used by any individual development.
- 4. The categories of services for which development charges are imposed under this By-law are as follows:
 - a) Services Related to a Highway;
 - b) Public Works Operations;
 - c) Fire Protection;
 - d) Transit;
 - e) Library;
 - f) Recreation;
 - g) Parks Development;
 - h) Parking;
 - i) Administration (Studies);
 - j) Stormwater Management Monitoring Area Specific Sherwood Survey (see Schedule C);
 - k) Stormwater Management Monitoring Area Specific Boyne Survey (see Schedule C); and
 - Stormwater Management Monitoring Area Specific Derry Green Business Park (see Schedule C).
- The components of the services designated in section 4 are described in Schedule
 A.

APPLICATION OF BY-LAW RULES

- 6. Development charges shall be payable in the amounts set out in Schedule B to this By-law, where:
 - i) the lands are located in the area described in section 7; and
 - ii) the development of the lands requires any of the approvals set out in section 9.

AREA TO WHICH BY-LAW APPLIES

- 7. Subject to section 8, this By-law applies to all lands in the town.
- 8. This By-law shall not apply to lands that are owned by and used for the purposes of:
 - a) the Town or a local board thereof;
 - b) a board of education; or
 - c) the Region or a local board thereof.

APPROVALS FOR DEVELOPMENT

- 9. Development charges shall be imposed on all lands or buildings that are developed for residential or non-residential development if the development requires:
 - a) the passing of a zoning by-law or of an amendment to a zoning by-law under section 34 of the Planning Act;
 - b) the approval of a minor variance under section 45 of the Planning Act;
 - c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under subsection 50(7) of the Planning Act applies;
 - d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under section 51 of the Planning Act;
 - e) a consent under section 53 of the Planning Act;
 - f) the approval of a description under section 9 of the Condominium Act; or
 - g) the issuing of a permit under the Building Code Act in relation to a building.
- 10. No more than one development charge for each service designated in section 4 shall be imposed upon any lands or buildings to which this By-law applies even though two or more of the actions described in section 9 are required before the lands or buildings can be developed.

11. Despite section 10, if two or more of the actions described in section 9 occur at different times, additional development charges shall be imposed if the subsequent action has the effect of increasing the need for services.

EXEMPTIONS

- 12. Notwithstanding the provisions of this By-law, development charges shall not be imposed with respect to:
 - a) an enlargement to an existing dwelling unit;
 - b) one or two additional dwelling units in an existing single detached dwelling;
 or
 - c) one additional dwelling unit in any other existing residential building;
- 13. Notwithstanding section 12, development charges shall be imposed if the total gross floor area of the additional one or two units exceeds the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit.
- 14. Notwithstanding section 12, development charges shall be imposed if the additional unit has a gross floor area greater than:
 - a) in the case of a semi-detached or row dwelling, the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit; and
 - b) in the case of any other residential building, the gross floor area of the smallest dwelling unit contained in the residential building.

Exemption for Industrial Development:

- 15. For the purpose of sections 16 to 20 inclusive, the term "existing industrial building" shall have the same meaning as that term has in the Regulation.
- 16. Notwithstanding any other provision of this By-law, but subject to sections 19 and 20 below, no development charge is payable with respect to the enlargement of the total floor area of an existing industrial building where the total floor area is enlarged by 50 percent or less.
- 17. If the total floor area of an existing industrial building is enlarged by greater than 50 percent, the amount of the development charge payable in respect of the

enlargement is the amount of the development charge that would otherwise be payable multiplied by the fraction determined as follows:

- a) determine the amount by which the enlargement exceeds 50 percent of the total floor area before the enlargement;
- b) divide the amount determined under subsection 17 (a) by the amount of the enlargement.
- 18. For greater certainty in applying the exemption in this section, the total floor area of an existing industrial building is enlarged where there is a bona fide increase in the size of the existing industrial building, the enlarged area is attached to the existing industrial building, there is a direct means of ingress and egress from the existing industrial building to and from the enlarged area for persons, goods and equipment and the existing industrial building and the enlarged area are used for or in connection with an industrial purpose as set out in subsection 1(1) of the Regulation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the exemption in this section shall not apply where the enlarged area is attached to the existing industrial building by means only of a tunnel, bridge, canopy, corridor or other passageway, or through a shared below-grade connection such as a service tunnel, foundation, footing or parking facility.
- 19. The exemption for an existing industrial building provided by this section shall be applied up to a maximum of 50 percent of the total floor area before the first enlargement for which an exemption from the payment of development charges was granted pursuant to this By-law or any previous development charges by-law of the Town made pursuant to the Act or its predecessor legislation. Development charges shall be imposed in accordance with Schedule B with respect to the amount of floor area of an enlargement that results in the total floor area of the industrial building being increased by greater than 50 percent of the total floor area of the existing industrial building.
- 20. For the purposes of this section, despite any new sites created which result in an existing industrial building being on a site separate from its enlargement or enlargements for which an exemption was granted under this section, further

exemptions, if any, pertaining to the existing industrial building shall be calculated in accordance with section 19 on the basis of its site prior to any division.

Other Exemptions/Reductions:

- 21. Notwithstanding the provision of this By-law development charges shall not be imposed with respect to:
 - a) lands or buildings used or to be used for a place of worship or for the purposes of a cemetery or burial ground exempt from taxation under *Assessment Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chap. A.31;
 - b) development creating or adding an accessory use or accessory building not exceeding 10 square metres (107.64 square feet) of gross floor area;
 - development creating or adding an accessory use or accessory building to a residential use where the accessory use or accessory building is not used for any commercial use or purpose;
 - d) a Public Hospital;
 - e) buildings owned by and used for the purposes of a conservation authority unless such buildings are used primarily for or in connection with (i) recreational purposes for which the conservation authority charges admission and/or fees or (ii) any commercial purposes;
 - f) agricultural development;
 - g) seasonal structures; and
 - h) temporary venues.
- 22. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this By-law, a garden suite shall be exempt at the time a building permit is issued for the garden suite from the payment of development charges under this By-law provided that:
 - a) a by-law has been passed by the Town under sections 39 and 39.1 of the Planning Act authorizing the temporary use of the garden suite;
 - b) prior to the issuance of the building permit for the garden suite, the owner shall have entered into an agreement with the Town under section 27 of the Act in a form and having a content satisfactory to the Town's solicitor and having content satisfactory to the Treasurer, to be registered on title to the

lands, agreeing to pay the development charges otherwise payable under this By-law in respect of the garden suite if the garden suite is not removed from the lands within sixty (60) days of the expiry of the by-law, including any extensions thereof, described in subsection (a) or if, before that date, the lands on which the garden suite is situate are sold provided the development charges shall not be payable upon such sale if the purchaser has entered into an agreement with the Town under this subsection and the by-law, including any extensions thereof, described in subsection (a) has not expired;

- c) within ninety (90) days of the expiry of the by-law, including any extensions thereof, described in subsection (a), the owner shall provide to the Town evidence, to the satisfaction of the Treasurer, that the garden suite was removed from the lands within sixty (60) days of the expiry of the by-law, including any extensions thereof, described in subsection (a), whereupon the Town shall provide to the owner a release of the agreement described in subsection (b) and apply to the land registrar to delete from title to the lands any notice of the agreement registered against title to the lands;
- d) if the owner does not provide satisfactory evidence of the removal of the garden suite in accordance with subsection (c), the garden suite shall be deemed conclusively not to be a garden suite for the purposes of this Bylaw and the Town may, without prior notification to the owner, add the development charges payable under this By-law to the tax roll for the lands to be collected in the same manner as taxes;
- e) for the purpose of subsection (d), the development charges payable under this By-law shall be the development charges payable under this By-law for an accessory dwelling on the date the building permit was issued for the garden suite; and
- f) the timely provision of satisfactory evidence of the removal of the garden suite in accordance with subsection (c) shall be solely the owner's responsibility.

AMOUNT OF CHARGES

Residential

23. The development charges set out in Schedule B to this By-law shall be imposed on residential development of lands or buildings, including a dwelling unit accessory to a non-residential use and, in the case of a mixed-use building, on the residential uses in the mixed-use building, according to the type of residential unit, and calculated with respect to each of the services according to the type of residential use.

Non-Residential

24. The development charges described in Schedule B to this By-law shall be imposed on non-residential uses of lands or buildings, and, in the case of a mixed-use building, on the non-residential uses in the mixed-use building, and calculated with respect to each of the services according to the total floor area of the nonresidential use.

Redevelopment - Demolitions

- 25. In the case of a demolition of all or part of a building:
 - a) a credit shall be allowed against the development charges otherwise payable pursuant to this By-law, provided that where a demolition permit has been issued and has not been revoked, a building permit has been issued for the redevelopment within five (5) years from the date the demolition permit was issued;
 - b) the credit shall be calculated based on the portion of the building used for a residential purpose that has been demolished by multiplying the number and type of dwelling units demolished, or in the case of a building used for a non-residential purpose that has been demolished by multiplying the nonresidential total floor area demolished, by the relevant development charges under this By-law in effect on the date when the development charges are payable pursuant to this By-law with respect to the redevelopment;
 - c) no credit shall be allowed where the demolished building or part thereof would have been exempt pursuant to this By-law;

- d) where the amount of any credit pursuant to this section exceeds, in total, the amount of the development charges otherwise payable under this Bylaw with respect to the redevelopment, the excess credit shall be reduced to zero and shall not be carried forward unless the carrying forward of such excess credit is expressly permitted by a phasing plan for the redevelopment that is acceptable to the Treasurer; and
- e) despite subsection 25(a) above, where the building cannot be demolished until the new building has been erected, the owner shall notify the Town in writing and pay the applicable development charges for the new building in full and if the existing building is demolished not later than twelve (12) months from the date a building permit is issued for the new building, the Town shall provide a refund calculated in accordance with this section to the owner without interest. If more than twelve (12) months is required to demolish the existing building, the owner shall make a written request to the Town and the Treasurer may extend the time in which the existing building must be demolished in his or her sole and absolute discretion and upon such terms and conditions as he or she considers necessary or desirable and such decision shall be made prior to the issuance of the first building permit for the new building.
- 26. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this By-law with respect to the lands within the central business district, for any change of use from non-retail to retail by demolition and redevelopment, the retail development charges or the difference between the non-retail and retail development charges shall not apply, however, if there is a change of use plus expansion of non-retail use to retail use, the retail development charges would be imposed on the expansion.

Redevelopment - Conversions

- 27. In the case of a conversion of all or part of a building:
 - a) a credit shall be allowed against the development charges otherwise payable under this By-law;

- b) the credit shall be calculated based on the portion of the building that is being converted by multiplying the number and type of dwelling units being converted or the non-residential total floor area being converted by the relevant development charges under this By-law in effect on the date when the development charges are payable pursuant to this By-law with respect to the redevelopment;
- c) no credit shall be allowed where the building or part thereof prior to conversion would have been exempt pursuant to this By-law; and
- d) where the amount of any credit pursuant to this section exceeds, in total, the amount of the development charges otherwise payable under this Bylaw with respect to the redevelopment, the excess credit shall be reduced to zero and shall not be carried forward unless the carrying forward of such excess credit is expressly permitted by a phasing plan for the redevelopment that is acceptable to the Treasurer.
- 28. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this By-law with respect to the lands within the central business district, for any conversion within an existing building from a non-retail use to a retail use, the retail development charges or the difference between the non-retail and the retail development charges shall not apply, however, if there is a conversion plus expansion of a non-retail use to a retail use, the retail development charges would be imposed on the expansion.

Exemptions, Relief, Credits, Adjustments Not Cumulative

- 29. Only one of the applicable exemption(s), relief, credit(s) or adjustment(s) set out above in sections 12 to 22 inclusive, and in sections 25 to 28 inclusive, shall be applicable to a development or redevelopment. Where the circumstances of a development or redevelopment are such that more than one type of exemption, relief, credit or adjustment could apply, only one type of exemption, relief, credit or adjustment shall apply and it shall be the exemption, relief, credit or adjustment that results in the lowest development charges being payable under this By-law.
- 30. Where under this By-law an exemption of the development charge is granted or permitted, should the development or redevelopment result in a use other than a

use for which the exemption was granted, discovered through an inspection carried out by the Chief Building Official or his or her designate, pursuant to the Building Code Act, or otherwise, the Town will charge the development charges that would have been imposed at building permit issuance had the exemption not been granted, plus interest from such time to the time of the updated charge.

TIME OF PAYMENT OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

- 31. Development charges applicable to residential development and non-residential development shall be calculated, payable and collected as of the date a building permit under the Building Code Act is issued in respect of the building for the use to which the development charge applies, unless the development charge is to be paid at a different time pursuant to section 32 herein or to an agreement entered into between the Town and the owner under subsection 27(1) of the Act.
- 32. Notwithstanding section 31 herein, for residential development that requires approval of a plan of subdivision under section 51 of the Planning Act, a consent under section 53 of the Planning Act, site plan approval under section 41 of the Planning Act or a description under section 9 of the Condominium Act (collectively referred to as the "plan of subdivision") and for which a subdivision agreement, consent agreement, site plan agreement or condominium agreement (collectively referred to as the "subdivision agreement") is entered into, the portion of the development charge attributable to the Services Related to a Highway Service Component and/or the Area Specific Stormwater Management Charge as set out in Schedule B shall be calculated, payable and collected as at the date the subdivision agreement between the Town and the owner is registered (unless an agreement is entered into between the Town and owner under subsection 27(1) of the Act or section 39 herein), on the basis of the following:
 - a) the proposed number and type of dwelling units; and
 - b) with respect to blocks in the plan of subdivision intended for future development, the maximum number of dwelling units permitted under the then applicable zoning, whether or not there is a holding symbol in the zoning by-law as authorized by section 36 of the Planning Act.

- 33. If at the time of issuance of a building permit or permits related to a plan of subdivision for which payments have been made pursuant to section 32, the actual total number and type of dwelling units for which building permits have been and are being issued, is greater than that used for the calculation and payment referred to in section 32, an additional payment shall be required with respect to the amount of the Services Related to a Highway Service Component and/or the Area Specific Stormwater Management Charge, calculated by multiplying the applicable amount, adjusted to the date of payment by indexing as provided in section 47 herein, for the Services Related to a Highway Service Component and/or the Area Specific Stormwater Charge by the difference between the number and type of dwelling units for which building permits have been and are being issued and the number and type of dwelling units for which payments have been made pursuant to section 32 and this section.
- 34. If following the issuance of all building permits for all development within a plan of subdivision or for all development in a block within a plan of subdivision that had been intended for future development and for which payments have been made pursuant to section 32, the actual total number and type of dwelling units is less than that used for the calculation and payment referred to in section 32, a refund shall become payable by the Town to the person who originally made the payment referred to in section 32, which refund shall be calculated by multiplying the applicable amount for the Services Related to a Highway Service Component and/or the Area Specific Stormwater Management Charge in effect at the time such payments were made by the difference between the number and type of dwelling units for which payments were made pursuant to section 32 and the number and type of dwelling units for which building permits were issued.
- 35. Notwithstanding sections 32 through 34 inclusive, in the case of an apartment unit dwelling that is developed at a minimum density of one hundred dwelling units per net hectare pursuant to plans and drawings approved under section 41 of the Planning Act, the Services Related to a Highway Service Component and/or the Area Specific Stormwater Management Charge under this By-law shall be payable on the date a permit is issued under the Building Code Act in relation to the

- apartment unit dwelling on lands to which the development charges under this Bylaw apply.
- 36. Notwithstanding section 31, and for all development to which sections 32 through 34 inclusive do not apply, any development which requires more than one building permit or for which more than one building permit will be or has been issued, the development charge, for the Services Related to a Highway Service Component shall be calculated, payable and collected as of the date the first building permit is issued in respect of the building for the use to which the development charge applies and if the total floor area of such building is increased before final or completion building permit, the Services Related to a Highway Service Component shall be calculated, payable and collected on the additional area as of the date the final or completion building permit is issued. For all services other than Services Related to a Highway Service Component, the development charge shall be calculated, payable and collected as of the date the final or completion building permit is issued in respect of the building for the use to which the development charge applies, unless the development charge is to be paid at a different time pursuant to an agreement entered into between the Town and the owner under subsection 27(1) of the Act.
- 37. The Town may, at its sole option, collect the charge in phases, or permit the charge to be paid in phases, at the rate in effect at the issuance of each permit for a development but shall collect any difference between the charge so collected or paid and the charge in effect when the final or completion permit is issued.
- 38. In the case of model homes, development charges in respect thereof initially shall be calculated, payable and collected at the rate in effect at the time of issuance of a conditional building permit permitting the construction of model homes. Prior to the issuance of a final or completion building permit, the owner shall pay the difference between the amount of the charge paid at the time of the issuance of a conditional building permit and the amount of the charge in effect at the time of issuance of the final or completion building permit in respect of any individual model home.

ALTERNATIVE PAYMENT AGREEMENTS

- 39. Council may enter into an agreement under section 27 of the Act, in a form and having content satisfactory to the Town's solicitor and having content satisfactory to the Treasurer, with any person who is required to pay a development charge providing for all or any part of the development charge to be paid before or after it would otherwise be payable.
- 40 Council directs the Chief Building Official or his or her designate to withhold the issuance of a building permit in relation to a building on land to which the development charge applies unless the development charge has been paid.

PAYMENT BY MONEY OR SERVICES

- 41. Payment of development charges shall be by cash, debit, bank draft or certified cheque.
- 42. In the alternative to payment by the means provided in section 41 herein, the Town may, by a written agreement entered into with the owner, accept the provision of services in full or partial satisfaction of the development charges otherwise payable.
- 43. If the Town and the owner cannot agree as to the reasonable cost of doing the work under section 42, the dispute shall be referred to Council whose decision shall be final and binding.
- 44. Nothing in this By-law prevents Council from requiring, as a condition of any approval given under the Planning Act, that the owner, at the owner's expense, install such local services as Council may require or that local connections to storm drainage facilities be installed at the owner's expense.
- 45. Any refund or credit required to be given by the Town to an owner shall be in relation to a service as per subsection 39(1) of the Act. The Town may agree by agreement to provide a credit in relation to another service as per subsection 39(3) of the Act or may provide for another basis for recovery.

46. If development charges or any part thereof payable pursuant to this By-law remain unpaid after such charges are payable, the amount unpaid shall be added to the tax roll and shall be collected in the same manner as taxes.

INDEXING

47. Indexing of the development charges imposed pursuant to this By-law shall be implemented annually on April 1st each year commencing from by-law passage, in accordance with the Prescribed Index for the most recent year over year period. Council may determine not to implement indexing in any year in its sole and absolute discretion without amendment to the by-law.

SCHEDULES

48. The following schedules shall form part of this By-law:

Schedule A - Components of Services Designated in section 4

Schedule B - Residential and Non-Residential Development Charges

Schedule C - Map identifying Area Specific Stormwater Management

Charges for Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry

Green Survey

CONFLICTS

- 49. Where the Town and an owner or former owner have entered into an agreement with respect to land within the area to which this By-law applies, and a conflict exists between the provisions of this By-law and such agreement, the provisions of the agreement shall prevail to the extent of such conflict.
- 50. Notwithstanding section 49, where a development which is the subject of an agreement to which section 49 applies, is subsequently the subject of one or more of the actions described in section 9, an additional development charge in respect of the development permitted by the action shall be calculated, payable and collected in accordance with the provisions of this By-law if the development has the effect of increasing the need for services, unless such agreement provides otherwise.

SEVERABILITY

51. If, for any reason, any provision of this By-law is held to be invalid, it is hereby declared to be the intention of Council that all the remainder of this By-law shall continue in full force and effect until repealed, re-enacted, amended or modified, in whole or in part or dealt with in any other way.

REFERENCES TO LEGISLATION

52. References in this By-law to any legislation (including but not limited to regulations and by-laws) or any provision thereof include such legislation or provision thereof as amended, revised, re-enacted and/or consolidated from time to time and any successor legislation thereto.

DATE BY-LAW IN FORCE

- 53. This By-law shall come into effect on _____, 2016.
- 54. A certified copy of this By-law may be registered in the by-law register in the Land Registry Office against all lands in the town and may be registered against title to any land to which this By-law applies.

DATE BY-LAW EXPIRES

55. This By-law will expire at 12:01 AM on _____, 2021 unless it is repealed by Council at an earlier date.

EXISTING BY-LAW REPEALED

56. By-law Number 087-2011 is hereby repealed as of the date and time of this By-law coming into effect.

	1 490 1 2	٠
READ a FIRST, SECOND at, 2016.	nd THIRD TIME and FINALLY PASSED this day o	ρf
	Mayor	
	Gordon A. Krantz	
	Town Clerk	
	Troy McHarg	

SCHEDULE A

COMPONENTS OF SERVICES DESIGNATED IN SUBSECTION 4

100% Eligible Services

Stormwater Management Monitoring (Area Specific Charges)

Sherwood Survey

Boyne Survey

Derry Green Business Park

Services Related to a Highway

Roads, bridges, structures, sidewalks, streetlights and other associated

infrastructure

Public Works Operations

Operations Vehicles and Equipment

Operations Facilities

Fire Protection

Fire Facility

Fire Vehicles

Fire Equipment and Gear

90% Eligible Services

Library

Library Facility

Library Collection Materials

Transit

Transit Facilities, Vehicles & Equipment and Other transit infrastructure

Parking

Parking Facility and Spaces

Administration

Studies

Recreation

Recreation Facilities

Parks Development

Parkland Development, amenities and trails

SCHEDULE "B" BY-LAW NO. xxx-2016

SCHEDULE OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

		NON-RESIDENTIAL					
Service	Single and Semi- Detached Dwelling	Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	Other Multiples	Special Care/Special Dwelling Units	Retail (per ft ² of Gross Floor Area)	Non-Retail (per ft ² of Gross Floor Area)
Municipal Wide Services:							
Services Related to a Highway	6,036	3,241	2,178	4,321	1,886	4.70	2.15
Public Works Operations	1,004	539	362	719	314	0.33	0.15
Fire Protection Services	392	210	141	281	123	0.43	0.20
Recreation	4,664	2,504	1,683	3,339	1,458	0.29	0.13
Parks Development	4,161	2,234	1,501	2,979	1,300	0.26	0.12
Library	705	379	254	505	220	0.05	0.02
Administration	423	227	153	303	132	0.25	0.12
Transit	174	93	63	125	54	0.10	0.05
Parking	288	155	104	206	90	0.17	0.08
Total Municipal Wide Services	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.58	3.02
Area Specific Services							
Stormwater Management - Sherwood Survey	201	108	73	144	63	0.17	0.11
Stormwater Management - Boyne Survey	73	39	26	52	23	0.09	0.05
Stormwater Management - Derry Green	-	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.07
GRAND TOTAL MUNICIPAL SERVICES (Excluding Stormwater for Areas Noted Below)	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.58	3.02
GRAND TOTAL - SHERWOOD SURVEY	18,048	9,690	6,512	12,922	5,640	6.75	3.13
GRAND TOTAL - BOYNE SURVEY	17,920	9,621	6,465	12,830	5,600	6.67	3.07
GRAND TOTAL - DERRY GREEN	17,847	9,582	6,439	12,778	5,577	6.74	3.09

Schedule C
Area Specific Stormwater Management Charges
(Sherwood Survey, Boyne Survey and Derry Green Corporate Business Park)

